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REGD. NO. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

PRICE: ONE ANNA

REGD. NO. B. 1065

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VOL. XXIII NO. 85 BOMBAY THURSDAY, APRIL 11, 1935 TWELVE PAGES

Sind M. L. C. Protests Against Karachi Report

Long Holiday For E. I. C. Association?

RAID REVELATIONS

Cotton Market Indignant At Police Conduct

("Chronicle" Special)

The sensation caused by the police raid on the East India Cotton Association on Tuesday evening and the subsequent scuffle resulting in severe injuries to three Bhayyas has not in any way subsided.

Market Deserted

The market presented a deserted appearance on Wednesday when all business was suspended. Strong condemnation of the Police action was made by several speakers at meetings of the Cotton Brokers' Association, Board of Directors of the E. I. C. Association and the Cotton Brokers' Staff Union.

Action Deferred

The urgent meeting of the Board of Directors of the East India Cotton Association which met on Wednesday evening reviewed the whole situation and after nearly two hours' discussion came to the conclusion that legal action against the police should be deferred till the correspondence that is going on between the Association and the Commissioner of Police takes a deznite shape.

Holiday For E. I. C. A.?

There was a strong section amongst the Directors who urged immedate legal action against the police, but the majority view was that they should wait and see. There is a general concensus of opinion among the Directors that business of the Association should be suspended indefinitely as suggested by the Ring Committee.

At 2 p.m. on Wednesday the Ring Committee of the East India Cotton Association again met to discuss the situation arising out of the police raid on the premises of the Association on Tuesday. Mr. Begraj Gupta was in the chair. All the speakers condemned the action of the Police and a resolution requesting the Board of Directors of the E. I. C. A. to take immediate action against the police for trespass and assault of some of the members was unanimously passed. The resolution was forwarded to the Chairman of the Board of Directors.

STAFF APPEAL.

At 3-30 p.m. an urgent meeting of the Cotton Brokers' Staff Union was held to discuss the police action. They drafted a letter to the Chairman of the Board of Directors of the E. I. C. A. asking them to take immediate action against the police. They said that most of the staff members were inside the Association when the police entered and bore the brunt of the police attack.

CORRESPONDENCE WITH COMMISSIONER

At about 4-30 p.m. the Board of Directors met to consider the situation arising out of the police action and also to consider the various resolutions and letters regarding the police raid that had been forwarded to them. Some of the members urged that the action of the police was very high-handed and the Board should decide on taking immediate legal action against the Police. But some of the other members felt that, since the Association had entered into correspondence with the Commissioner of Police regarding the incident and since the correspondence was still in progress, the Board should defer its decision on the subject till the correspondence with the Commissioner of Police was over. The question would again be taken up for consideration on Thursday.

POLICE OFFICIAL VISITS MERCHANT.

It is understood that a high Police Official accompanied by a rich Marwari merchant went to the residence of Mr. Hemraj, a member of the E. I. C. A., who was one of the victims of the lathi charge on Tuesday evening and requested him not to take legal action against the police.

Most of the merchants who are members of the E. I. C. A. expressed surprise at the plea put forwarded on behalf of the police that the raid on the Association was due to some misunderstanding and are at a loss to understand how such a misunderstanding could have arisen. They point to the fact that Inspector Raje was already at the gate of the American Cotton Exchange which was the place to be raided.

AMAZING STATEMENT

Our representative's conversations with some of the cotton merchants brought forth the amazing statement that the news about the raid on the American Exchange was made known to some of those, who are stated to be big dealers in futures by some unknown persons sometime before the raid actually took place. These merchants, it is stated, were not inside the American Exchange when the police entered it.

Mr. C. B. Clee, I.C.S., (left), took charge from Mr. Taunton (right), Commissioner of the Bombay Corporation, on Wednesday. Mr. Taunton is going on leave to England. He will present the Corporation's Jubilee address to the King.

No More Subsidy For British Beet Sugar

Govt. Committee Says Industry Can Never Become Self-Supporting

(SPECIAL CABLE).

LONDON, April 10.

The report of the Committee of enquiry into the British beet sugar industry launched under the Government auspices in 1924 says that the Committee cannot recommend continuance of the financial assistance amounting to several millions annually to the industry which has no reasonable prospect of ever becoming self-supporting and to the production of sugar crop which, without the assistance of the present sugar prices, would be practically valueless.

Between 1924, when the subsidy started, and 1934, out of total receipts from sugar amounting to 67 millions, over 40 millions were provided by State assistance. However, in 1933 home-grown sugar amounted to 420,000 tons out of a total consumption of two millions. Nearly all the sugar used for household or manufacturing purposes was either produced in Britain or passed through the final process of manufacture here. Half the imports of the 15,00,000 tons of raw sugar annually come from Empire sources.

The beneficial effect on agricultural employment is emphasised, amounting in 1934 to 32,000 workers, while railways and road transport carried 30 million tons extra traffic. The Committee criticise the scheme on financial, economic and agricultural grounds and also emphasise the dangers to agriculture of continued maintenance of the sugar industry by artificial methods. The majority report is signed by two members. The minority report recommends reforms and continuance of the subsidy.

STOP PRESS

Hoare On Indo-Burma Relations

LONDON, April 10.

Speaking on the Burma clauses, Sir Samuel Hoare said that, since the Select Committee reported, discussions had been proceeding on India between the Governments of India and Burma with regard to the interim arrangement covering Indo-Burma trade emigration of Indian labour to Burma and an attempt was at first made to maintain the 'status quo' with certain latitude for low revenue duties imposed, if necessary, by either country against the other. But the two Governments decided firstly that the revenue from them was likely to be negligible and secondly they were likely to interfere with the regular flow of trade between Burma and India.

REVENUE DUTIES ABANDONED

The idea of revenue duties therefore was abandoned and negotiators had come to the view that it was possible to maintain complete "status quo" for the interim period, namely, that Burmese exports—particularly rice, timber and oil,—be treated by India as now and Indian imports be similarly treated. Negotiators had reached a provisional agreement on this basis. They suggested that the interim period should be five years from separation. Sir S. Hoare invited the views of the House regarding the period which he personally thought should not be overlong.

BRITISH TRADE.

Sir Samuel Hoare expressed the opinion that it would be a mistake from the viewpoint of British trade to attempt, during the interim period, to obtain conditions which the two Governments were unwilling of their own volition to offer. He said that it would prejudice British trade after the interim period; moreover Indian opinion would react and what we might gain, Burma, in the interim might have lost a greater scale permanently to India. Sir S. Hoare advised leaving the two Governments to make the best possible arrangements for India and Burma, provide British trade did not suffer from the present position.—Reuter.

MALAVIYA & ASSEMBLY ELECTION

BENARES, April 10

Enquiries made here go to show that Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya has not finally decided whether he is going to stand for the Assembly from the Benares Gorakhpur constituency.—A.P.

Mrs. Laxmipathi Congratulated

MADRAS, April 10

A public meeting was held this evening to congratulate Mrs. Lakshmipathi on her being elected to the Madras Council.

Mr. Rajagopalachariar made a fervent appeal in Tamil, asking the people to get themselves enrolled as Congress members.—A.P.

"Towerbridge" Needs No Immediate Help

(SPECIAL CABLE).

NEW YORK, April 10.

Steamer "Towerbridge" has wirelessed that she needs no immediate assistance.

'EN ROUTE' TO STRESA

Premier And Simon Fly To Paris

(SPECIAL CABLE).

LONDON, April 10.

Mr. MacDonald and Sir John Simon will leave London by air at 13/40 hours for Paris "en route" to Stresa. Officials of the British delegation as also the Italian Ambassador, Sgr. Grandi, left Victoria station this morning by the boat train.

ITALO-ABYSSINIA CLASHES AGAIN

Stresa Conference Will Discuss Situation

(Special Cable)

ROME, April 10.

Further Italo-Abyssinian incidents are reported from Asmara. Attacks on caravans from Eritrea have increased, a number of members of which have been killed and wounded as a result of raids between Setit and Gondar.

The Italo-Abyssinian affairs will probably be discussed at the Stresa Conference.

Resigns Seat In Council

ABDUL MAJID BLAMES OFFICIALDOM

Says Govt. Communique Is "One-Sided & Garbled Version"

KARACHI, April 10.

As a protest against the Bombay Government's refusal to institute a public enquiry into the Karachi firing, Shaikh Abdul Majid representing the Karachi District Muslim Constituency has resigned his membership of the Bombay Legislative Council.

In the course of a letter to the Government, Mr. Majid says that even Muslims' modest demand for the appointment of a non-Muslim enquiry committee has not been conceded.

He adds that the communique contains an entirely onesided and garbled version of the firing and when critically examined it gives away the official case and shows that neither were necessary preventive measures adopted, nor any milder steps tried to disperse the procession and that the firing was uncalled for, indiscriminate and callous.

He declares that enquiries made so far reveal that the local authorities were at fault and the loss of so many lives could have been avoided if the situation had been properly handled.—A.P.

EVEN NON-MUSLIM ENQUIRY DENIED

KARACHI, April 10.

In the course of his letter to the Governor of Bombay resigning his seat on the Bombay Council, Sheik Abdul Majid states:—

In my telegram in the capacity of Chairman of the "Karachi Tragedy League" despatched to Your Excellency and also to His Excellency the Governor-General at New Delhi on the eve of your talks I had shown readiness even to accept the appointment of a committee consisting entirely of non-Muslims.

DEMAND TURNED DOWN.

But this modest demand has also been ignored. Most of the points mentioned in my telegram have not been touched in the official communique issued by Your Excellency's Government last night while the reply to remaining points is most evasive and unsatisfactory. Though the communique contains an entirely one-sided and garbled version of the firing incident.

NO REGARD FOR INDIAN LIFE

Yet when critically examined it gives away the official case and shows that neither the necessary preventive measures were adopted nor any milder steps were tried to disperse the procession and that the firing was uncalled-for. Enquiries made so far reveal, as I have already pointed out in my telegram, that the local authorities were at fault and that the loss of so many lives could have been avoided if the situation had been properly handled; that the authorities in India can resort to firing on public and would refuse public enquiry even when nearly 50 lives have been lost and about 150 persons have been injured, shows the utter unresponsive character of Government.

NO ALTERNATIVE.

I have, therefore, no other alternative but to tender the resignation of my membership of the Bombay Legislative Council in order to express the deep resentment among the Muslim public in regard to the attitude of the Government in this matter."

'ELDERS' TALK OUT KARACHI MOTION

But Attack Bombay Govt. Communique

HALLET REPEATS TALE OF MOB FURY

Members Challenge Inquiry

NEW DELHI, April 10.

When the Council of State met this morning, after question time, the President informed the House that he has received a motion of adjournment from Raja Ghaznafar Ali to discuss a definite matter of public importance, namely the Government's refusal to appoint a public enquiry into the Karachi firing on March 19 The President added that the motion was in order and asked if anybody had any objection to raise

Kunwar Jagadish Prasad, Leader of the House said that the Government had no objection, whereupon the President fixed 4 p.m. to discuss the motion.

Raja Ghaznafarali moving his adjournment motion in the Council of State to-day to urge a public enquiry into the Karachi firing incident said that as a loyal subject he was most anxious that Government should infuse confidence among the public. While moving the adjournment motion he realised that under the Constitution of the Council it would be very difficult to carry any motion in the teeth of the Government majority, but at the same time he felt it his duty to afford members an opportunity to ventilate their views on the matter, which greatly agitated the minds of the Muslims.

TACTICAL MOVE

He considered it a tactical move on the part of the Government to have issued their statement just a day after the Assembly had adjourned 'sine die.' Referring to the issue before the House, Raja Ghaznafarali personally condemned the action of Abdul Qayum and appealed to the House to avoid introduction of communal considerations into the debate.

He pointed out that leading Muslims of Karachi were refused an opportunity of placing their viewpoint before the authorities and the statement issued after the visit of the Bombay Government Home Member to Karachi and thence to Delhi with the Governor was purely the Government version and would not satisfy public feeling. The casualties were 37 killed and 133 seriously injured, among them one woman and seven boys of whom five boys died.

WHY CHIRK ENQUIRY

If Government were convinced that they took necessary precautions and acted rightly, than why should they hesitate to face an enquiry? If Government pursued this defiant attitude, agitation among the people was bound to continue for a long time. Having been a minister in Alwar, he himself had handled such a situation and he knew how a huge crowd of 30 or 40 thousand armed with axes and spears were dispersed by a few shots. He thought such a course would have been sufficient in Karachi and he asked was it not the duty of the Government of India to see that Provincial Governments exercised their discretion properly. Concluding he appealed to all sections to vote for his motion.

Mr. Khaparde supporting the motion said he did so in the hope of being able to discover the third party which brought about these troubles and escaped. He wanted to punish this third party properly.

HALLET JUSTIFIES FIRING

Mr. Hallett, the Home Secretary, supplemented the information already given in the Bombay Government's communique and said that the main reason why the Government came to the conclusion that it was not necessary to have an enquiry, was that the facts in the case were comparatively simple. They had been fully ascertained by the Home Member to the Bombay Government, who arrived at Karachi on the 28th and left on the 30th March and as the events occurred within a limited area and time, the facts were easily obtained. On the other hand when the Government appointed an enquiry into riots like those at Cawnpore, the reason was that they had lasted long and had spread over the entire town. He had no reason to suppose that the Bombay Government was in any way concealing the facts. They had stated the casualties which occurred both in the Government hospital and outside and had not concealed the regretable fact that five small boys were killed probably accidentally. The local officials in view of the excited state of feelings, had righly decided on secrecy regarding the execution. As for the charge that the local leaders were not taken into confidence, the Home Secretary recalled how the District Magistrate had earlier consulted the local leaders and found himself unable to accept their suggestion. Secondly considering how a section of the mob at the cemetery had removed the body, it was certain that the local leaders would not have exercised control.

Referring to the location of the cemetery and the place of firing, he said, that unlike Delhi and Delhi and Lahore, Karachi does not possess a city wall and main gates and so many roads lead to the cemetry that it would have required two to three thousand police including mounted police, to block all the roads and prevent people from going to the cemetery.

DISTURBED CROWD.

As regards the suggestion that the crowd should have been dispersed at the cemetery, the Home Secretary said that there was no doubt such action would have led to very serious criticism. The crowd at that time was doing no harm and have dispersed after the burial. Unfortunately a violent section of the crowd took the body towards the town. The District Magistrate had British rgiment and an Indian regiment standing by but owing to the fact that the entire crowd was in a disturbed state and riot might have broken out in any part of the town, the District Magistrate could not weaken the strength of

(Continued on page 8.)

138161

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REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under : "Box No.— The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

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Young respectable Saraswat invites correspondence from widows seeking re-marriage. Apply with photos Box No. 4031, "Bombay Chronicle."

European young lady, Ph.D., good-looking, no fortune, wants educated Indian husband, good-looking, age 35-45, Box. No. 3972, "Bombay Chronicle."

5. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Government Diplomaed Architectural Draftsman (Experienced) Planning. Designing Buildings required Up-country. Salary Rs. 60. And Qualified Gujarati Accountant, Rs. 40/45. Apply personally Royal Service Agency, 369-71, 3rd floor, Hornby Road, Nanabhai Lane, Fort. (4033)

Wanted Underwriters to sell shares of a flourishing concern which has been steadily paying dividends. Apply to Box No. 4023, "Bombay Chronicle".

Applications are invited for (a) a temporary Lecturer in Mathematics on Rs. 120 p.m., for about one term commencing 17th June, and (b) a temporary Lecturer in English on Rs. 120 p.m. for one term commencing 15th June. Apply to the Principal, Baroda College Baroda. (9897).

Wanted—Experienced, Influential and capable organisers on liberal terms of salary or commission or both in the Life Department of the Free India General Insurance Company Limited with a strong Directorate and having attractive Policies to sell. Apply stating past insurance experience to N. K. Bhartiya & Sons, Managing Agents, P. B. 42, Cawnpore. (4026)

Wanted Thoroughly Experienced Salesmen and Agents by an old established Soap Factory in Calcutta, manufacturers of all kinds of soaps—toilet, household, washing, soft, bar, liquid, powder, etc; suitable for Bazar business, Mills, Railways and Govt. Dept. Fine position and opportunity for really first class men and firms. Only smart experienced and live-wire salesmen and firms need apply to Box No. 4024, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a very capable weaving master with experience of fine and fancy work for a mill with 700 looms. Apply stating lowest terms with copies of testimonials to Box No. 4016, "Bombay Chronicle."

10. SITUATIONS WANTED

Lady Stenographer well-educated seeks position in established firm, or as Secretary to business or literary man. Efficiency, accuracy and neat work assured. Box No. 4019, "Bombay Chronicle."

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Hotel India, Connaught Place, New Delhi.—Home Comforts. Excellent Food. Efficient Service. Indian and European Catering, Sanitary Bath Rooms, Phone 2061. (9527).

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Candidates desiring to sit for the competitive examination to be held in three centres: Calcutta, Madras and Bombay, for employment in Bengal Behar and United Provinces, must atonce apply for full particulars and the printed form for application, stating age and qualification and enclosing two-anna stamps therewith. Sudhir Kumar Das, Bally (Howrah). (4025)

Kalkadevi Shorthand Typewriting Institution. Established 1898 by Gopaldas Laldas. Expert individual training in Shorthand, Typewriting, Book-keeping and Accountancy. Princess Street Corner, Kalkadevi Road, Bombay. (3971.)

Local Self-Government Service— Next session of Training Classes for Officers of Local Self-Government Service, conducted under joint auspices of Government of Bombay and Local Self-Government Institute commences at Bombay, Poona and Ahmedabad from 15th April 1935. Apply for revised prospectus and admission to Superintendent, Local Self-Government Institute, 11, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay. (9810)

Why Despair?—Get Sound Training and befit yourself for a brilliant billet. Apply Technological Institute, Civil Engineering, Rajkot. (3923).

Wanted Candidates for Electrical Engineering Classes. Prospectus No. "E" free:—British India Technical College Sukkur (Sind). (3960).

73. AGENTS WANTED

WANTED INFLUENTIAL AGENTS to sell "Bombay Sentinel" Daily Edition particularly at the following places:—

Balsar	Broach	Baroda
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Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Sentinel," Red House, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort.

74. AGENCIES WANTED

Gentleman with 47 years' experience in tea business, expert in blending and enjoying best influence with the traders, offers his services. Please write Jamsetji Warden, Glass Bungalow, Chikalwadi, Bombay.

Wanted—A capable Life Agency Organiser for Bombay and Suburbs on pay or commission or both by a first-class Indian Insurance Co., established in Bombay. Gentlemen with previous experience only need apply to Box No. 9928, "Bombay Chronicle", stating details of experience and minimum terms expected.

87. ASTROLOGERS.

Wanted People to know their future. Apply with Horoscope, Date of birth and time. Life reading Rs. 3. Detail life reading Rs. 10. Five questions Rs. 3. Apply with time of letter writing with Horoscope. Lilavathi Jyothishyanilaya, 1143, Bajrama's Line, Chamarajapuram, Mysore.

154. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

A going and paying Concern is to be sold. Proprietor retiring owing to ill-health, for particulars write Box 4030, "Bombay Chronicle."

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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BRITISH CEYLON CORPORATION, LTD

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that this Corporation has declared Final Dividends of 4½ per cent and 6 per cent on the Preference and Ordinary Shares respectively for the year ended 31st October, 1934, making 7½ per cent and 10 per cent for the year.

Payment will be made on the Shareholders' personal application or written instructions to the Company.

By Order of the Board
S. W. RICHINGS.
Secretary.

Hultsdorf Mills,
P. O. Box 281,
Colombo, 5th April 1935. 9935.

NOTICE TO JURYMEN.

GENTLEMEN of the COMMON JURY, summoned for the current Criminal Sessions are required to attend at the High Court on THURSDAY the 11th April, 1935, at 10-45 a.m. (S.T.)

SHAPOORJI B. BILLIMORIA,
Sheriff of Bombay.
Bombay, 10th April, 1935. 9937

NOTICE

ZENITH LIFE ASSURANCE Co., Ltd., BOMBAY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held at its Registered Office at "Mubarak Manzil" Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, on THURSDAY, 25th April, 1935, at 4-30 p.m. (S T).

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 18th April, 1935 to 2nd May, 1935, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board.
BYRAMJEE HORMUSJEE,
General Manager.
Bombay, 9th April, 1935. 9933

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Certificates for 10 Second Preference Shares Nos. SP. 574464 to 574473 of the Tata Iron and Steel Company, Limited, standing in the joint names of our clients Messrs. Hatim Esoofally Shamsh, Abdul Tyeb Esmailji Maskati and Ebrahim Abdul Kayum Kajiji have been LOST or MISLAID and our said clients have applied to the Company to issue duplicate certificates for the said shares. Any person who has a claim in respect of the said shares should lodge such claim with the Company at its Registered Office, Bombay House, 24, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay, within one month from this date, else the Company will proceed to issue the duplicate share certificates.

Dated this 9th day of April, 1935.
DAMKEWALLA & CO.,
Attorneys for
Hatim Esoofally Shamsh, Abdul Tyeb Esmailji Maskati and Ebrahim Abdul Kayum Kajiji.
9936

Public Notices

LOST RS. 6,000 GOVT. CURRENCY NOTES.

The following series of Government Currency Notes of Rs. One Thousand each, bearing numbers: X|3 937874, X|3 948077, X|3 928598, X|3 958647, X|3 946630, X|3 958417, have been LOST in Fort, between the Bank of India Ltd and the Central Bank of India Head Office. All Banks, Mercantile and Shroff Associations, Merchants, individuals and public are warned from dealing or negotiating in these Notes. Anyone giving information for tracing these, or delivering same to us will be duly rewarded.

Dated 10-4-35.

SHAH KANTILAL MANILAL JETPURVALA,
Devkaran Mansion,
Vithaldas Road,
Princess Street, Bombay 2.
Tele. No. 24622.

Legal Notices

NOTICE OF SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Messrs CHANDULAL KISANLAL DAPHTARY and BALKISEN KISENLAL DAPHTARY, Trustees of the Indenture of Settlement, dated the 30th March, 1931, (and made between Kisanlal Ratanlal Daphtary of the one part and the said Messrs. Chandulal Kisanlal Daphtary and Balkisen Kisenlal Daphtary, of the other part) Messrs Dominic Joseph Ferreira, Joseph Thomas Ferreira and Mary Ferreira, Trustees of the Indenture of Settlement, dated the 16th day of March, 1932, (and made between the said Dominic Joseph Ferreira of the one part and the said Dominic Joseph Ferreira, Joseph Thomas Ferreira and Mary Ferreira of the other part) and Messrs Chandulal Vajubhai Divan, Gulab Chandulal Divan and Ramanlal Chandulal Divan, Trustees of the Indenture of Settlement, dated the 4th day of February 1931 (and made between the said Chandulal Vajubhai Divan of the one part and the said Chandulal Vajubhai Divan, Gulab Chandulal Divan and Ramanlal Chandulal Divan of the other part) all hereinafter referred to as the Vendors, have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

That any person having any claim, right, title and interest in or to the said property by way of sale, mortgage, charge, gift, lease, lien, trust, inheritance, possession, or otherwise howsoever shall make the same known to the undersigned in writing, at their Office at 36, Tamarind Lane, Tamarind House, Fort Bombay, and to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes, within 14 days from the date hereof and that otherwise the sale would be completed without regard to any such claim and the same, if any, would be considered as waived.

Description of the Property:

ALL that piece or parcel of Improvement Trust, leasehold land or ground (redeemed) known as plot No. 65 of the Supari Baug Estate of the Trustees for the City of Bombay Improvement Trust with the messuages, tenements, buildings and dwellings house formerly known as "Parel House" No. 1, standing thereon situate, lying and being on the new 40 feet Road at right angle to Soparibaug Road near Chamarbag Post Office in the City and Island and Sub-Registration District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement (595) square yards or thereabouts and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the North by plot No. 44 of the said Estate, on or towards the East Plot No. 64, on or towards the South by the Road, and on or towards the West by plot No. 66 of the said Estate and which forms a portion of premises bearing New Survey No. 2588 and Cadastral Survey No. 140|74 of Parel Sewri Division and is assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under F Ward No. 579 (1) and Street No. 109 and is now in the occupation of the said Kisanlal Ratanlal Daphtary, Dominic Joseph Ferreira and Chandulal Vajubhai Divan and their tenants.

Bombay dated this 10th day of April, 1935.

GHULAMALI NOORANI & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys
9938

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom, of Great Britain and Ireland King, Defender of the Faith Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament with a Codicil thereto of RATANBAI, widow of Rao Bahadur Curumsey Damji of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant resided at Andheri, outside Bombay .....Deceased.

LUXMIBAI, widow of Surji Virji of Andheri Hindu Inhabitant, residing at 70, Kurla Road, Andheri, outside Bombay, one of the executors named in the said Will of the said deceased .....Petitioner.

ALL persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness Sir JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, the 30th day of March in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirty-five and in the 25th year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

R. B. PATEL.
Prothonotary & Senior Master.

TAHIR ALI,

The 30th day of March, 1935.
Messrs. MULLA & MULLA,
Petitioners Attorneys.
(9934)

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.,

120, Apollo Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PEARL, RUBY, EMERALD AND GOLD ORNAMENTS.

Under instructions from the Court Receiver, Bombay, as Receiver appointed in suit No. 1600 of 1933, Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will (TO-DAY), THURSDAY, the 11th April, 1935, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), sell by Public Auction at their Rooms:—

Ornaments such as pearl bangles, bangles set with rubies, emerald and pearl nose-rings, emerald and ruby rings, pearl ear-rings, gold ornaments such as gold buttons, watch-chains, large and small bangles, coins, large and small necklaces, rings, armlets, silver box, etc.

The above is on view.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

BENNETT & Co.

GANDHI & Co.

Telephone No. 24927

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DRINK 'R' RUM DAILY FOR VIGOROUS HEALTH

Chowkidar Who Shot Man At Close Range Gets Life Sentence

The Long Arm Of Law: Absconder Arrested After 15 Years' Evasion And Convicted

Arrested after 15 years, Amtha Khoda was convicted of murder by Mr. Justice Broomfield and Mr. Justice Divatia at the High Court and sentenced to transportation for life.

The matter came up on a reference by the Sessions Judge of Ahmedabad.

The accused was a chowkidar employed to watch the fields in Vanpardi village in Viramgam taluka on March 17 1919, he found his mare missing and armed with a gun and sword went out in search of her.

He found the mare grazing among the cows of the deceased Lakhman, a shepherd. The accused in a fit of temper went up to him and after an exchange of words aimed his sword at Lakhman who, however, succeeded in snatching away the weapon.

The accused then fired a shot with his gun and the bullet passed through the latter's chest, mortally wounding him.

The accused evaded arrest for 15 years till he was caught in another case when his connection with the present case was traced.

At the sessions trial, the jury found the accused guilty of culpable homicide on the ground that he had received grave and sudden provocation. The Sessions Judge, differing, referred the case to the High Court recommending conviction for murder.

Their lordships, in their judgment, observed that the medical evidence showed that the accused must have fired the shot at close range, and the bullet had entered the chest, passing out of the back. From this it must be concluded that the accused had intended to kill the deceased.

The jury had held that the accused had received grave and sudden provocation. But their lordships did not agree with that view. No doubt the accused suspected the deceased of having stolen his mare, and that was provocation of some sort, but it was not grave and sudden provocation which would reduce the offence to culpable homicide.

Their lordships, therefore, convicted the accused of murder, but sentenced him to the lesser sentence of transportation for life in view of the fact that he had received some provocation.

LORRY WITH USELESS BRAKES

Coroner's Jury Blame Driver For Death Of Cyclist Knocked Down And Dragged 17 Feet

That the driver had driven his lorry Bom. 505 along DeLisle Road on Monday in a negligent manner and hence ought to be prosecuted under section 304 A of the I P C was the opinion of the City Coroner's Jury at the inquest on Dhondoo Tukia, a cyclist, who was knocked down with fatal result.

Sheikh Hassan Sheikh Alli, driver of the lorry, went, it was stated, to the wrongside of the road and knocked down the cyclist and dragged him about 17 feet. With great difficulty the cyclist was extricated and died on way to hospital.

Mr. Joseph Bernardo Robbit, Inspector of Police, Motor Vehicles Deptt, stated that on examination of the lorry after the accident he found both the handbrakes and the footbrakes were useless.

The Jury returned the verdict that death was due to internal haemorrhage and added the rider stated above.

DOGS GIVE ALARM OF BURGLAR

Intruder Found In Bedroom By Tenant In Readymoney Building

How a burglar was trapped and arrested was on Wednesday told before the Presidency Magistrate, Additional Court, Mazagaon.

Mr. Radhakrishna Tulsidas, a tenant of Readymoney building at Love Grove Road was awakened on Monday night by the barking of some dogs.

He then saw a burglar crouching in his room. He gave chase but the burglar ran out and hid himself in the latrine. The tenant however locked the burglar in the latrine and sent for the police who arrested him.

Chorna Birappa, the alleged burglar, was remanded in custody till April 18.

DEMENTED MAN'S FATAL FALL

Motiram Balabhai (51) fell from the second floor of a building at Bhangwadi, Kalbadevi. He was removed to the G T Hospital but died there later.

Chunilal Motiram, son of the deceased stated that his father had been demented since some time.

The Coroner recorded a verdict of death due to shock from multiple fractures and added that the fate might have been either suicidal or accidental.

LITTLE GIRL KILLED BY LORRY

A verdict of accidental death was returned by the City Coroner's Jury yesterday at the adjourned inquest on Savita Hargovind, aged 7 years.

The deceased was run over and killed on April 5 last by motor lorry X 1170 at Bhoiwada.

SUTTA CASE COLLAPSES

Magistrate Disbelieves Bogus Punter And Acquits Shop-keeper

Observing that the punter was an utterly unreliable man, having no honest means of livelihood, and that as a police-informant he was receiving rewards, the Presidency Magistrate at Dadar acquitted V. S. D. Acharya, a snuff shop-keeper, and Rajgopal, his cousin, of the charge of keeping a common gaming house on Lakhamsi Napoo Road, (Matunga).

The facts of the case are as follows:—

On 27th March 1935, one Mascharenhas, later identified as a professional punter, approached the snuff-shop and attempted to plant a marked coin therein but was driven away by Rajgopal.

Then he came again and placed the coin on a wooden box, but Rajgopal the second accused, threw it out, saying that he was not there to accept sutta-bets.

Immediately after the police came and raided the shop. The marked coin was found outside the shop. A sutta-chit, which the accused disclaimed, was also found near a box outside the shop, where a sergeant was standing.

At the time of the raid V. S. D. Acharya, the first accused was not in the shop; but when he came near the shop from the adjoining jeweller's shop, he was placed under arrest.

In his testimony, the sergeant admitted that he did not see the punter lay a bet with the accused. No instruments of gaming were found inside the shop, but it was the prosecution case that V. S. D. Acharya put a sutta-slip beneath the box near the entrance of the shop.

The punter also gave evidence, but was disbelieved by the court.

Mr. Chhelshanker Vyas defence counsel declined to cross-examine the witness as their testimony had revealed no incriminating evidence against the accused.

The accused stated that a false case had been set up against them and they were sought to be trapped by the punter because of former enmity. They pleaded complete innocence.

Mr. Vyas then told the court that the prosecution having produced no incriminating evidence against the accused, he would neither put defence-witnesses in the box nor address the court.

The Magistrate then pronounced judgment passing strictures against the unsatisfactory nature of the prosecution evidence and acquitting the accused.

RAID IN BHENDI BAZAAR

In connecton with a gambling raid carried out at Bhendi Bazar by the C.I.D. on Tuesday, Akbarali Rahimtoola and six others were put up before Mr. D N D Khandalawalla, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court, yesterday.

In applying for the extension of bail the police stated that several chits and cash amounting to Rs. 121/2/6 were seized.

Five of the accused were released on bail in the sum of Rs. 20 and the rest on Rs. 7.

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NEW SUTTA GULLY RAID

E. I. C. A. Committee's Protest Against Police Action

BUSINESS SUSPENDED INDEFINITELY

The raid on the East India Cotton Association that was carried out by the police on Tuesday by mistake has created a sensation amongst the merchants. The Ring Committee of the E. I. C. A. again met on Wednesday and suspended business indefinitely. Notices to that effect were put up.

The whole situation was considered by the Board of Directors, which met on Wednesday evening. It appears that the Association's Solicitors have been asked to give their advice as to what the Association should do in view of the Police action on Tuesday. Whether the Association will take legal action or not will depend on the advice given by the Solicitors.

COMMOTION IN POLICE-COURT

265 Arrested Persons Brought Before Magistrate And Remanded

There was a commotion in the Court of Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawalla, Esplanade Road, yesterday, when 265 persons arrested on Tuesday evening as a sequel to the sensational raid in the American Cotton Exchange Office and its adjunct Gangadar Hall, New Sutta Gulli, off Sheik Memon Street, were put up before the Magistrate.

Sub-Inspector Gawde of the Prevention of Crime Branch, C. I. D. in applying for the extension of bail of some, and remand in custody of others of the accused, stated that the volume of materials and the unusually large number of men arrested would require considerable time and labour to put up the case before the Court.

A portion of the open space before the building, the floor and the shop next to it below the stair-case, the three rooms on the first floor, office of the American Cotton Exchange on the third floor were subjected to police visitation.

The premises, said, the Sub-Inspector belonged to Mr. Dwarkdas Jaikisondas.

Several persons were also arrested on the ground floor of a building belonging to Narsidas Jaikison, on the north-side of the open space.

All the persons arrested in this connection were charged with gambling and assisting in the conduct of gambling in American Cotton Futures.

The Police stated that hundreds of books of account containing "teji-mandi" gambling transactions and many thousand rupees were seized by them in the course of the raid.

The Magistrate granted extension of bail to Srinivas Fatechand and 194 other persons.

The remaining 70 persons were ordered to be remanded into custody as they were unable to deposit a bail of Rs. 30 as demanded by the police.

The Court premises were crowded and many of the accused who were released on bail lingered in the court-yard, long after the application was granted.

Cotton Brokers' Resentment

It is understood that the Committee of the Bombay Cotton Brokers' Association have addressed a letter to the President and the Board of Directors of the E. I. C. A. Cotton Association regarding the most unfortunate happening of Tuesday when the premises of the E. I. Cotton Association at Marwari Bazar was raided by the Police by mistake. The letter, it is understood, draws attention to the fact that amongst the members of the Association considerable resentment prevails on account of high action taken by the Police and adds that sense of insecurity is running high. The Committee trust that the Board of the E. I. Cotton Association would take prompt steps by approaching the Government and also by starting judicial proceedings without any delay and that proper steps would be taken to secure the safety of the members.

AGED WOMAN'S LEAP TO DEATH

A verdict of suicide was recorded yesterday by the City Coroner at the inquest on Kashibai Hari, 60 years who jumped out of her room on the second floor of a D D Chawl on Tuesday.

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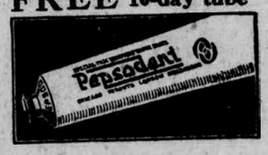

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SENTENCED FOR CHEATING

Ramzan Abdulla who was charged with cheating a motor-driver was sentenced by Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawalla, Presidency Magistrate, to two months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 30, in default to undergo two months' further rigorous imprisonment.

Mr. S. G. Warty's Candidature For University

It is learnt that Mr S. G. Warty, M.A. is standing as a candidate for election to the Bombay University Senate from the Graduates' Constituency. The elections are to be held sometime in July next.

Sports Jottings From Here And There

Mohan Bagan's Magnificent Victory

(BY J. C. MAITRA)

Hockey:

SUCCESS OF MOHAN BAGAN'S CREATIVE EFFORT

The "Mohan Bagan" has been a name to conjure with in the football world for nearly a quarter of a century since they won the Blue Riband of Indian football, the I F A Sheild in 1910. Not only for their brilliant displays in barefooted soccer but also for their high sporting traditions that they have been held in great admiration and esteem all over the country. It is for this reason more than anything else that their recent triumph in the Calcutta Hockey League has been acclaimed in all sporting circles not only in their home town but everywhere.

STRENGTH LIES IN TEAM-WORK

Of course the Indian population of Calcutta have been riotously jubilant over the success of the Mohan Bagan. They have every reason to be proud of their success. They are comparatively young in the hockey field, in the sense that they took up the game seriously only lately. They have few players in their ranks who may be placed in the highest pedestal in the country. It was their splendid team-work, their wonderful spirit of co-ordination, that won them the Championship They did not lose a single match. They drew with the Calcutta Customs and the Rangers, who have practically monopolised the honour between themselves for the last decade or so.

AN UNNECESSARY DIFFERENCE

Unlike the latter teams which are composed of Indians and Anglo-Indians, the Mohan Bagan is a purely Indian combination, without any distinction of caste or creed. Such a team won the League Spurs only twice before in the history of the tournament. It fell to the lot of the Greer Sporting Club to reach the top rung of the ladder as far back as 1919 and 1923. Because of this seeming difference between these two classes of teams, the Indian section of the population is more enthusiastic over the victory of the Mohan Bagan. I do not, however, make such a distinction.

CONGRATULATIONS TO MOHAN BAGAN

I am anxiuos to see all sections of the Indian people harmonised into a solid bloc as a nation The sporting field offers the best opportunity for such a consummation. I, therefore, welcome the mingling of Indians and Anglo-Indians under one colour, whether club or national. Of course it should be spontaneous and through force of circumstance. Nonetheless, I am immensely pleased with the success of the Mohan Bagan and wish them greater victories in the future

TENNIS CRUSADE BEARS FRUIT

I am glad that the crusade carried on in these columns against the appointment of non-Indians in official positions has made some impressions on the Powers-that-be. Edward Rose who has been Secretary of the Bombay Branch of the All-India Lawn Tennis Association for several years, has just gone to England on leave. In his place J. Charanjiva, the Indian Davis Cup player, has been elected to act. I suppose he will also represent Bombay in the A I L T A. While congratulating Charanjiva on his appointment, I hope he will bring to bear nationalist view point on all his actions and decisions. Although it is now practically off season for tennis, he will have plenty of work to do by way of construction and consolidation I wish him all success in the new sphere of his activity.

WOMEN ORGANISE THEIR OWN TOURNAMENT

Women of Bombay not satisfied with the tournaments run by the Men's Clubs organised a tournament of their own under the auspices of the P Y M Gymkhana Although it cannot be called a success from the spectators' point of view, it was certainly so from that of the junior players. In the absence of Miss Leela Row and Miss L. Woodbridge who are in a class apart from them and who sportingly stayed away from the Singles—in fact, Leela did not play in Doubles either, the juniors had a fair chance of winning the trophies. As it happened, Mrs. N M Levien won the Singles at the expense of Mrs. G Johnstone in the final. And in the doubles Miss L Woodbridge and Mrs. J M Brand surprisingly went down to the combination of Mrs. Johnstone and Mrs. A R Acott in the ultimate round.

BANDRA'S SUCCESSFUL TOURNEY

The All-Bandra Championships conducted by the Bandra Club attracted excellent entries some of the entrants having all-India reputations. Some of the matches undoubtedly produced first class tennis and there were several thrilling contests. But owing to the feast of tennis, people had already enjoyed, they did not create sufficient enthusiasm among fans. Besides those who had to go from Bombay and other places, had to do some tedious journey by train and bus. Consequently, the matches could not be played punctually and the stands were sparsely populated most of the days.

WINS FOR AZIM AND LEELA

In the Men's Singles, A G Gupte met S A Azim in the final, the former having secured a walk-over from L Brooke Edwards in the penultimate round, and the latter accounting for Ranbir Singh in a three-set-battle. Azim won by 6—2, 4—6, 7—5.

The Women's Singles saw Miss Leela Row maintaining her leading position in Western India by eliminating Miss L Woodbridge, the Bangalore champion, with the utmost ease in two straight sets.

BROOKE EDWARDS' DOUBLE

L Brooke Edwards' supremacy, in Doubles play was further proved by his successes in both the Doubles events in which he participated. In partnership with Gupte, he brought down the combination of Charanjiva and Ranbir Singh in Men's Doubles by 6—2, 6—2. And in Mixed Double, assisted by Miss Olive Stebbing, he overwhelmed the partnership of Andrew Pereira and Mrs. A R Acott.

In the Women's Doubles, Mrs. Acott and Mrs. Johnstone came across Miss Woodbridge and Mrs. Brand for the second time and defeated them. But I cannot make out from the printed draw how they could meet in the final as both the parties appear to be in the same half.

CASE AGAINST THANA ASSISTANT SANITARY INSPECTOR

Further Hearing Postponed To April 13.

(From Our Correspondent)

THANA, April 10.

Mr. B. H. Shringarpure, President of the Thana Municipality was further cross-examined by Mr. W. A. Rege, defence pleader, before Mr. M. B. Kunte, City Magistrate of Thana, yesterday when the hearing was resumed of the case, in which Balkrishna Govind Chawan, Assistant Sanitary Inspector of the Thana Municipality, stands charged with having outraged the modesty of a fisher girl, Hiru Janu, aged 14, in the morning of January 9 last, in a public place at Thana.

Mr. N. B. Yeravdekar, Police Prosecutor, conducts the prosecution, and Mr. W. A. Rege defends the accused.

THANA PRESIDENT CROSS-EXAMINED.

Mr. Shringarpure, cross-examined by the defence pleader, stated that he did not remember whether the complainant girl told witness that she raised an alarm when the accused caught her hand. She did not give out to witness that her bangles were broken and the names of witnesses or that the accused was dragging her, as witness stopped her from telling further details.

In the course of the re-examination witness stated that at the time of reading out the statement to witness, he had corrected himself by stating that he had already stated to the Court, in answer to a question in the cross-examination, about his omission to make a statement to the police officer in giving out further details, and that the statement made by him that he told the complainant girl's father that the matter was delicate and that he should consider over it was indicative of the fact that he stopped the complainant girl from disclosing further details.

Babu Babaji, a kinsman of the complainant girl, giving evidence, stated that his wife had no quarrel either with the market inspector or the market contractor about four months ago. Witness had no friendship with Bhaushet (Mr. Lombar) witness did not canvass votes for Bhaushet at the time of the Municipal election.

The hearing stands adjourned to April 13, when the investigating police officer will be examined and the case for the prosecution will be over.

Indian & Ceylonese Students Abroad

Fourth Convention Of Federation Reject Select Committee Report On India As 'Impracticable'

(From A Correspondent)

ROME, (By Mail).

The Fourth Convention of the Federation of Indian and Ceylonese Students abroad which was held in Rome on the 30th and 31st December, 1934 was a great success considering the amount of important work that was done. Two very important changes took place at this Convention: The Ceylonese students joined the Federation of their own accord and consequently the name of the Federation was changed into the Federation of Indian and Ceylonese Students Abroad. The other important change was transfer of the headquarters of the Federation for the current year from Vienna to Rome where the Secretariats of the Confederation of Oriental Students and the Hindusthan Association of Italy are located.

The importance of the Federation can be well judged from the record of useful work that it has been able to do during the first few years of its pioneering career which augurs well for its eventful future.

OBJECTS OF FEDERATION

The Federation seeks to foster increasing co-operation and friendly contact among the various organisations of Indian students abroad, and to strengthen the spirit of unity and solidarity amongst them for the advancement of their common interests. It will also safeguard the legitimate interests of all Indian and Ceylonese stpdents in the different educational centres of Europe and America and agitate for the removal of their grievances. It is a matter of great satisfaction that within the very short time since its inception the Federation has been able to achieve something of lasting importance inspite of its limited resources, and has placed the institution on a solid foundation entirely by the support of the Indian student community in Europe.

UNDER BOSE'S PRESIDENTSHIP

It might be remembered that at the third Convention which was held in Rome in December 1933 under the presidentship of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, the ex-Mayor of Calcutta, it was decided to hold the Fourth Convention in Vienna. As sufficient facilities could not be received from the Austrian authorities, and in view of the fact that the Second Congress of Oriental Students in Europe was being organised in Rome, the General Council of the Federation in one of its meetings in Vienna decided to accept the joint invitation of the Permanent Bureau of the Confederation and the Hindusthan Association of Italy to hold the Convention in Rome.

More than sixty delegates representing all the principal Indian students' organisations of London, Oxford, Cambridge, Manchester, Paris, Berlin, Dresden, Munich, Vienna and Rome, attended the Convention.

According to the usual custom, the session of the Convention was opened with the singing in chorus of the national anthem. The opening session was fairly attended by the elite of Rome and a considerable number of Chinese, Arab, Egyptian, Siamese, Indo-Chinese and Persian students also were present.

PROF CHAKRAVARTY'S ADDRESS.

Proposed by Mr. D. N. Dubash of Rome and supported by Mr. M. L. Gauba of Berlin, Prof. Amiya Chandra Chakravarty of Oxford took the chair and delivered his presidential address. The main theme of the presidential address was the responsibility of the Indian students abroad. According to the President the Indian students in the European and American Universities have a two-fold responsibility. They should not only be the true interpreters of India's great and ancient culture, but should also assimilate while abroad the good that is in the Western culture and should interpret that to their countrymen when they go back to their own country. The address was much appreciated and enthusiastically applauded. After the Presidential Address several leaders of the various national delegations to the Second Congress of Oriental Students made speeches expressing their great admiration for India and her great culture, and sympathy for the Indian national movement.

MUSICAL PROGRAMME

After the speeches and formal proceedings were finished the members gathered together to listen to an Indian musical programme. Mr. A. Mukherji of London charmed both the oriental and occidental listeners with his skill on Sarad and Mr. Ajit Sen of Munich made us forget for a while the too realistic nature of debates and speeches with his Indian songs.

A small subjects committee met and drafted out the following resolutions which unanimously carried at the closing session of the Convention:

Resolved:

That the Federation of Indian and Ceylonese Students Abroad expresses its heartfelt sorrow at the demise of Sjt. Janakinath Bose, father of Subhas Chandra Bose, the Honorary Vice-President of the Federation.

That the F.I.C.S.A. expresses its thanks for the generous hospitality and co-operation accorded to it by the Confederation of Oriental Students, the University Fascist Group of Rome, and the various Italian authorities and organisations and particularly to the Ministry of Italian Railways for the facilities granted.

That in view of the fact that the Ceylonese students have joined the Federation the name of the Federation be changed into the Federation of Indian and Ceylonese Students Abroad.

IMPRACTICABLE "REFORMS"

That the F.I.C.S.A. rejects 'in toto' the Select Committee Report on India as it is completely impracticable and unacceptable.

(a) That the F.I.C.S.A. while appreciating the answer of the German Government regarding the Status of Indians in Germany and thanking them for the assurances given, does not associate itself with the views expressed in their letter about the inter-racial marriage.

(b) That the General Council be authorised to give a reply to the letter of the German Government in the terms of the preceding resolution and, copies of the German Government's letter, the reply of the Federation, and the resolution, be sent to the press in India and Germany.

NEW OFFICE-BEARERS

That the election of the following office-bearers for the year 1935 be ratified:

(a) Prof. Amiya C. Chakravarty: (Oxford) President.
(b) Mr. M. L. Gauba: (Berlin) Vice-President.
(c) Mr. D. N. Dubash: (Rome) Secretary.
(d) Mrs. Nalini Raha: (Rome) Treasurer.
(e) Mr. I. P. Singh: (London) Joint-Secretary.

That the F.I.C.S.A. delegates to the Second Congress of Oriental Students shall vote for re-election and support Miss Liao for the Presidentship.

That the seat of the Federation for the year 1935 be at 1. Via del Conservatorio, Rome.

That Mr. M. L. Gauba's proposal to hold another Convention of the Federation in Berlin in July 1935 be accepted and its arrangements should be left in the hands of Mr. Gauba of Berlin, who on his part should inform the Secretary, Mr. Dubash, regarding the facilities available from the German Government.

With a hearty vote of thanks to the Chair, the Convenors and Secretaries the Fourth Convention concluded its deliberations with much good spirit and enthusiasm, and all those who were present looked forward to meet again if possible in Berlin amidst equally cheerful surroundings.

'Aga Khan Hockey Tournament

Lusitanians "B" Beat Young Sports By 3 Goals To 2

In the second round of the Tournament proper of the Aga Khan Hockey Tournament, the Young Sports, Dadar and the second string of the Lusitanians met before a fairly large crowd, to measure their strength. The contest produced fast and attractive hockey in which both sides had a fair share of the exchanges. The Custodians at each end had many an anxious moment when their fortress went through severe bombardments from all angles.

The Lusitanians set the game at a rattling pace and attacked the Dadar goal vigorously. The Young Sports defence soon drove away the invaders. But midway through the first moiety the Lusitanians secured a lead of two goals. Two pieces of brilliant combined moves resulted in A. Lobo, their inside left, finding the net on both occasions. Spurred by this unexpected reverses, the Young Sports forwards strained every nerve to get even with their opponents. Their efforts soon paid, D'Cunha and Murzello, their inside forwards, bringing down the Lusitanian citadel before half-time was called.

The second moiety found each side making strenuous efforts to gain an advantage over the other. Chances galore were missed at both ends through over anxiety on the part of the attacking lines. The defenders also saved the situation on several occasions.

As no decision was arrived at during the allotted time, extra time was allowed. Soon after bully-off the Lusitanians collared the winning goal through S. Pinto their inside right. Despite all efforts on the part of the Young Sports, the game ended in a victory for the Lusitanians by the odd goal in fine.

THE RESULT.

Lusitanians 'B' ..... 3 goals.
Young Sports, Dadar 2 goals.

THE TEAMS.

YOUNG SPORTS: N B Fernandez; F D'Souza and Westerling; J Pinto, J Franklin and V Fernandez; M Pereira, J D'Cunha, W Gaitely, C Murzello and McGill.

LUSITANIANS "B": G Lobo; L D'Souza and M Dias; A D'Costa, J Ferrao and O Fereira; J B Paes, S Pinto, A Braganca, A Lobo and N Rodrigues.

UMPIRES: Dique and Essai.

Signor Arnaldo Cippla, a veteran Italian journalist, who has reached Bannu, after completing a record trip from Italy, via Austria, Czechoslovakia, Poland, Russia and Afghanistan. He claims this to be a record trip ever attempted by a European.

How To Use Cocogem.

Cocogem being purely a vegetable fat is admirable for cooking purposes and more wholesome and digestible than animal fats. The following table taken from the "Digestibility of Fats" by C. F. Langworthy, Office of Home Economics, States Relation Service, Washington, D.C., shows that all the vegetable oils except corn oil are digestible to the extent of 97.5 per cent whereas animal fat oils are considerably less:

RELATIVE PERCENTAGE DIGESTIBILITY OF VARIOUS FATS:

Oil or Fat	No. of Tests made	Per cent digestible. per cent
Peanut Oil	5	98.3
Sesame Oil	5	98.0
Cocoanut Oil	12	97.9
Olive Oil	10	97.8
Cottonseed Oil	12	97.6
Soya Bean Oil	7	97.5
Corn Oil	7	96.9
Butter Fat (Ghee)	8	97.0
Chicken Fat	8	96.7
Beef Fat (Soft)	10	93.0
Mutton Suet	7	88.0
Beef Fat (Hard)	3	80.1

No oil or fats be it vegetable or animal can, however, be digestible to the extent shown above unless it is cooked at a sufficiently high temperature for cooking. Underheated fats and oils make foods greasy and soggy and thoroughly unpalatable and therefore indigestible. Cocogem can stand a temperature of 450 degrees unlike animal fats which have a tendency to smoke at low temperatures, and it can, therefore, if properly heated avoid both these faults.

Cocogem is economical and can be used over and over again without the flavour of one food being carried to the next food fried in it. The oil used for cooking onions and fish does not, if reused, spoil the flavour of potatoes or fritters. Most cooks recognize a good frying fat by its being odourless and flavourless and capable of standing a very high temperature, which is necessary for producing crisp and tasty food. Cocogem has all these qualities and can be thoroughly recommended as a perfect frying fat.

As cooks are not provided with thermometers, to test the high temperature of Cocogem the following simple method may be tried to find out whether Cocogem has reached the required temperature or not:—

Drop a small square of bread and if it rises to the surface immediately, then Cocogem is ready for frying.

As a shortening Cocogem is an excellent medium for cakes, pastries, etc. If it is required to be used in a solid form, a few minutes in the ice chest will freeze Cocogem into a hard solid.

Then again, it has Vitamin 'D' added to it which is so essential to a correct daily diet.

INDIA'S CHANCES IN NEW ZEALAND

Dhyan Chand Says Opposition Must Not Be Underrated

Dhyan Chand, the hockey "wizard" who left Allahabad for Madras with Rup Singh, said in an interview that he was not optimistic about the success of the Indian team in New Zealand and Australia, especially in view of the fact that there is constant rain there and Indians are least suited to such conditions.

The last military team with which Dhyan Chand went, played almost every match in rain.

Dhyan Chand has a high opinion of the standard of New Zealand hockey as, he says, the military team which visited New Zealand in 1926 was by no means a weak combination and yet out of three tests, India lost one and drew in another.

POOR GROUNDS.

He thinks that New Zealanders are particularly strong at corner scoring.

Though New Zealand possesses poor grounds, as compared to Australia, the New Zealanders' standard of hockey in 1926 was much better than that of the Australians.

If the standard of these places had improved it would mean a still greater task for the visitors to put up a good show and win matches.—"Madras Mail."

Protest Against Co-op. Management

(From A Correspondent)

A large number of workers gathered on the maidan opposite the Matunga Railway station, on Monday evening, to protest against the manner in which the Co-operative Credit Society of the G. I. P. Railway Employees is managed under the present Committee.

"The Society belongs to the workers" said Mr. Khedgikar, President of the Union, in tracing the history of the co-operative society. He narrated how the administration came forward with the proposal of forming a co-operative society as a palliative to the workers after the strike of 1914. The Society was formed with the object of giving loans to the employees at low rates of interest in order to rescue them from the harrassment of Marwari and Pathan money-lenders. The workers had responded to this move and contributed large amounts, which have now accumulated into lakhs of rupees.

Concluding Mr. Khedgikar exhorted the workers to make a united demand for setting the matters right.

Smti. Amrit Kaur Receives Addresses

GAUHATI, (Assam), April 10.

Gauhati citizens presented Sreemati Amrit Kaur with six addresses in appreciation of her services in Assam flood relief.

Sjt. Bardolai, Chairman of the Gauhati Municipality, first presented the address of the Gauhati publi. Then followed the ad-Sevashram, the Charitable Club, Flood Committee, the Assam dresses of the youngmen of the the Kamrup Mahila Samity, and the Assam Mahila Samity. At night the Guhati Sikhs presented Sreemati Kaur with robes of honour.

She is visiting the flood areas and will tour Assam for a fortnight.—United Press.

The 18th session of the Bihar Provincial Yadava Mahasabha will take place at Supaul B. and N. W. Railway on the 20th to 22nd instant. The secretaries of the District Sabhas are requested to elect delegates and send their names to this office by the 15th of April, 1935.

SWADESHI EXHIBITIONS

U. P. Congress Council Debate On Their Utility

CAWNPORE, April 9.

A meeting of the Council of the U. P. Provincial Congress Committee was held here under the presidency of Mr. Sri Prakash.

There was a heated discussion for hours together on the question as to whether anybody had a right to get Congress membership forms printed for enrolling members, without taking the books supplied by the Congress Committee.

Another important question reported to have been decided is the appointment of a Committee to report as to whether Swadeshi Exhibitions had now outlived their utility or whether there was still some use of them.

RAJEN BABU'S TOUR PROGRAMME

The Council also considered the tour programme of Babu Rajendra Prasad in the United Provinces, and it was decided to talk over with him about the time when he would be able to tour the province.

It was further decided to hold the next U. P. Political Conference at Unao, in November or December next.—United Press.

KAPURTHALA HARIJANS' GRIEVANCES

Restoration Of Original Grant Of Rs. 5,000 Urged

KAPURTHALA, April 9.

Lt.-Col. G. T. Fisher received a deputation representative of the Harijans of the State.

The deputationists urged the Chief Minister to redress the various grievances of the Depressed Classes of the State and stressed the imperative necessity of the annual grant of Rs. 3,750 to the original scale of Rs. 5,000 for the betterment of the moral and material condition of the Harijans of the State.

The Chief Minister gave a sympathetic hearing, and promised to do all he could in this respect.—United Press.

WHAT WOMAN LIKES A THIN, BONY MAN?

And What Man likes a Scraggy Woman?

Here's news for everyone who could do with a few more pounds of firm, healthy flesh to hide ugly, scraggy bones and fill out thin legs! Now you can take all the flesh-forming Vitamins of Halibut Liver Oil, the finest body-building oil in the world, in the form of tiny, sugar-coated tablets which are absolutely tasteless.

Clotabs, as these little tablets are called, will help you put on 3 lbs. of fine, firm, healthy flesh in 30 days, if you are underweight. Hollow cheeks fill out, thin, bony arms and legs get plump—the chest develops and the whole figure gets rounded, well-modelled and beautifully proportioned. They are good too, for all those people also who have become emaciated and debilitated through fever and other illness. Clotabs re-build the body and restore vigour and vitality.

And more than that, Clotabs bring new youthful strength and vitality—restore all the joys of life to men and women grown old too soon. Begin now to take these strengthening, energising tablets. Just two after each meal are all you need to make you strong, vigorous and happy again. Sold by all Chemists and Stores. If you have any difficulty in obtaining Clotabs, write direct to J. L. Morison, Son & Jones (India) Ltd., P.O. Box 258, Bombay.

City And Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Chaitra Shud 8, 1991
Muslim: Moharrum 7, 1353
Parsi: Avan 7 1304
Sunrise: 6h 25m
Sunset: 6h 55m
High Tide: 5-29 19-03
Low Tide: 0-30 7-0
S. S. Rawalpindi with English mails of March 28 due at 2 p.m.
Municipal Corporation 3-40 p.m.
Senior and Junior Boxing Tournaments, Cooperage 9-30 p.m.

FRIDAY, April 12.

Ram Navami: Public Holiday.
Banks closed.
Senior and Junior Boxing Tournaments, Cooperage 9-30 p.m.

SATURDAY, April 13

S. S. Strathaird with English mails sails at 1 p.m.
Municipal Standing Committee, 12-40 p.m.
Bombay Corps of St. John Ambulance Brigade, overseas, Inspection by Governor, Elphinstone School compound, 5 p.m.
Silver Jubilee Ball, Taj Mahal Hotel, Governor and Lady Brabourne attending.

MONDAY, April 15.

Municipal Corporation, Special Meeting 4-40 p.m.

TUESDAY, April 16.

Improvements Committee, 4-10 p.m.

NOTICE TO JURYMEN

Common Jurors' attention is drawn to the notice appearing in the Public Notifications Column.

STEAMER MOVEMENT

Steamer Clan Monroe arrived Suez morning of Tuesday April 9.

The O S K steamer 'Ibukisan Maru' left Singapore on April 9 and is due to arrive in Bombay on April 21 via Penang and Colombo.

ST. ANNES CHURCH, MAZAGAON.

A mission will be preached by Rev. Fr. G. Hostalet, S. J. from to-day (Thursday) to Wednesday (the 17th April) at 7 a.m. Mass with Instruction Evening at 6-45 p.m. Mission Sermon and Benediction.

GIRGAON D. C. C.

Under the auspices of the Girgaum District Congress Committee,a a public meeting will be held at 9 p.m. to-day (Thursday) at Chikhalwadi. Sjt. S. K. Patil will preside and Sjt. D. S. Babrekar, P. R. Lele, M. R. Masani, Yusuf Meherally, S. V. Sovani and others will address.

JUNAGARH'S DONATION OF RS. 50,000

The Registrar of the Aligarh Muslim University writes to say:

Through good offices of Sir Ross Masood, Junagarh Darbar has generously donated Rs. 50,000 for Technical Department, in Muslim University.

TENDERS FOR STERLING

On Wednesday, the 10th April 1935, all tenders for sterling were rejected. £1,000,000 will be offered for tender on Wednesday, the 17th April 1935. Successful tenderers will have to take delivery of their allotments on Thursday the 18th April 1935.

DAILY AMUSEMENTS

REGAL—"Sequoia" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Tropical Express" Daily at 6 and 9-30 p.m.
PATHE—"Happiness Ahead" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Chhatrapati Sambhajee" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Amrit Manthan" Daily at 6-15, and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"Yasmin" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
EMPIRE—"Music In The Air" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Rang Bhoomi" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Vengeance is Mine" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
GLOBE—"Sansar Leela" Daily at 5.15, 8 and 10-45 p.m
WEST END—"Barrister's Wife" Time as usual.
WELLINGTON—"Great Gabbo" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CARLTON—"Cuckoos" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m
EXCELSIOR—"Red Ensign". Time as usual.
PALACE—"The Little Giant." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m. Friday 12th Morning at 10-30 a.m.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

10-30 a.m. Time signal. Indian Programme. Ramnavmi. Light and Classical music. By Lovji Lavangia. 12-0 noon. European programme. 1-30 p.m. Close down.

6 p.m. Indian Programme. Sitar Solo. 6-30 p.m. Talk on "Shri Rama Janana (In English) 6-40 p.m. Light Classical Concert. 8 p.m. Persian songs. European programme. 8-30 p.m. Empire relay. 9 p.m. Time signal. Indian programme. News in Hindi. 9-20 p.m. European programme. Weather Report and News Bulletin. 9-30 p.m. Empire relay. 10 p.m. The Dance Band of the 2nd Bn. The Durham Light Infantry. 11 p.m. Close down.

Empire Broadcasting

7-15 p.m. Big Ben. The Western Studio Orchestra. Leader, Frank Thomas. 8 p.m. "The Bear." A jest in one act by Anton Tchekov. (From the Russian by Constance Garnett). Produced by William MacLurg. 8-30 Evensong, relayed from Westminster Abbey, London. 9-15 p.m. Sports Talk. 9-30 p.m. Michael North and Richard Spenser present the Radio Follies, a Midland concert party, in a programme of sense and nonsense. 10-15 p.m. The News. 10-30 p.m An Organ Recital by Alan Stephenson, relayed from Coventry Cathedral. 10-45 p.m. Dance music. 11-15 p.m. Close down.

SOCIETY FOR THE PROMOTION OF SHIPPING KNOWLEDGE

Under the auspices of the above Society Commander R. C. G. McClement, Nautical Surveyor to Government of India, will deliver a lecture on "Navigation" at 6-15 p.m. (S.T.) to-day (Thursday) at Sudama House, Ballard Estate.

Mr. V. N. Chandavarkar will preside

POSTAL NOTICE

Mails for Seychelles, Lamu, Mombasa, Ibo, Chindi, Dar-es-Salaam, Zanzibar, Tanga, Quilimane, Mozambique, Beira and L. Marquis per s.s. 'Karanja' will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 12 noon on Wednesday, the 17th April 1935.

Correspondence for Mauritius, Reunion, Madagascar Ports, Natal, Cape Colony and other places in South Africa will also be forwarded by this steamer.

VIRULENCE OF SMALL-POX UNABATED

109 Attacks And 61 Deaths In City Last Week

The health returns of Bombay during the 14th week of 1935 week ended 6th instant were as under:—

The total mortality 634 was 35 less than in the last week; the death rate registered was 28.4 on the Census population of 1931. The mortality for the 14th week of 1934 was 511 and death rate 22.9. The average mortality for the corresponding weeks during the preceding quinquennium 1930-1934 was 518 and death rate 22.6.

Out of the total deaths, 196 were among infants under one year of age. During the week, Smallpox caused 109 attacks (including 5 imported cases as follows:—2 from Bandra and one each from Goa, Sawantwadi and Poona District), and 61 deaths. Cholera and Plague were absent during the week. The number of deaths from Typhoid was 1.

The number of live births registered during the week was 635 which compares favourably with that for the 14th week of 1934, viz., 509 and also with the quinquennial average for the corresponding weeks in the five years (1930-1934), viz. 484.

WATER POLO AND SWIMMING

At 6 p.m. to-day (Thursday) and to-morrow (Friday) there will be a water polo tournament and Exhibition swimming at the Victoria Swimming Bath, in aid of the Silver Jubilee Fund. His Excellency the Governor and Lady Brabourne will attend on Friday.

ARYA SAMAJ, VILE PARLE

Under the auspices of the above Samaj Ramnavmi festival will be celebrated to-morrow (Friday) at 7-30 a.m. (S.T.) in Mr. Sharma Contractor's Bungalow, Mahant Road (East) Vile Parle.

LADIES HOCKEY MATCH

The return match between the Bombay Gymkhana and the Rest of Bombay takes place at 5-45 p.m. to-day (Thursday) on the Aga Khan Hockey ground. The proceeds will be given to the Silver Jubilee Fund and His Excellency the Governor and Lady Brabourne will be present.

The band of the Durham Light Infantry will play from 5-45 p.m.

Admission to the Grand Stand is Rs. 2 and seats can be booked at the Bombay Gymkhana.

PUBLIC MEETING AT KHAREK BAZAR

Under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee and the Mandvi District Congress Committee, there will be a public meeting on Saturday, April 13 at 9 p.m. (S.T.) at Kharek Bazar (Mandvi), at which Sjt. K. F. Nariman, the President of the B. P. C. C. and the Mayor of Bombay, will preside and prominent leaders will address

This meeting will conclude the programme of the National Week.

VILE-PARLE CITIZENS' LEAGUE

Under the auspices of the above League, a 'Childrens' Fair' will be held at 5 p.m. to-morrow (Friday) the Ram Navmi day, at the Playground (Vile-Parle East). Childrens' sports, drill, music, short speeches, kirtan, distribution of 'Prasad' etc. will be the features of the Fair. Prizes will be awarded to successful competitors and healthiest children. Special arrangement for ladies. Mr. Jaisukhlal K. Mehta will preside.

PUBLIC MEETING AT TAMBA KANTA

Under the auspices of the Bhuleshwar District Congress Committee, a public meeting will be held to-day (Thursday) at 9 p.m. (S. T.) at Tamba Kanta (Fountain) to celebrate the 'National Week' under the presidentship of Sjt. K. F. Nariman. Shrimati Lilavati Munshi, Messrs. Nagindas T. Master, Meherally, Patil, Manibhai Desai, Jamnadas Dwarkadas, Bhagwandas Kapadia and others will speak.

BOMBAY ROVER SCOUT HONOURED

INTERVIEWED BY LORD MAYOR OF SYDNEY

News has been received that Rover Scout J. R. Mody, who is on a world tour, on push bike, to study the movement of Scouting in various countries of the world, reached Sydney lately, where he was cordially received by the Lord Mayor of Sydney, who, in appreciation of the task that lay before him, gave an open letter of recommendation and his autograph.

PROTEST AGAINST POLICE RAID

The following resolution was passed by the Board of the Sri Mahajan Association Ltd. at a meeting held on Wednesday:

"The meeting of the Board of Shri Mahajan Association Ltd., resolved to close their bazar to-day from 2-30 p.m. (B.T.) in sympathy with the Committee, Trading Ring of the East India Cotton Association Ltd., which resolved to close their bazar (Trading Ring) indefinitely as a mark of protest against the unwelcome incident occurred in the Trading Ring yesterday."

PAREL RAMAYANAM SERIES

Sriman Vadiraja Bhagavathar from Kumbakaonam who has been performing a series of "Harikathas" on Ramayanam will conclude the same tomorrow (Friday) with a Harikatha on "Sri Rama Pattabhishekam." His performances were well attended and appreciated. The Bhagavathar is one of the disciples of the late Panchapikesa Sastri who made a name in South India for Harikathas. Thus he enjoys a rich legacy of songs and compositions from his late master which he uses with telling effect. Moreover his vast studies in Valmiki and Kambar enable him to give original and authoritative interpretations on knotty points.

Mr. SANKALCHAND G. SHAH

Mr. Sankalchand G. Shah, B.A., LL.B., Bombay's well-known businessman dealing in yarn and sugar is sailing to-day for a tour in Far Eastern countries, such as China, Japan, Java and others, to study business conditions obtaining there. Mr. Shah is the Secretary of Yarn Merchants' Association, and the Vice-President of the Sugar Merchants' Association.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST SPORTS CLUB ARRANGES

A Musical Concert

The Bombay Port Trust Sports Club has arranged a musical concert in aid of Their Majesties' Silver Jubilee Fund which will be held on Monday 29th April 1935 at 6 p.m. (S.T.) at the Club Hall, Thackersey House, Ballard Estate. Many distinguished artistes will take part. G. E. Bennett, Esqr., M.Sc., M.Inst.C.E.M., Inst.M.E., Chairman, Bombay Port Trust has kindly consented to preside. Tickets will be Rs. 2 reserved and Re. 1 unreserved and can be obtained from S. C. Pastakia, Hon. Secretary, Entertainment Committee.

RAILWAY TIMINGS

AT VICTORIA TREMINUS

Trains.	Arrivals. H.M.
Madras Mail	6 00
Peshawar and Lucknow Express	6 15
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	7 30
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	8 15
Madras Express	10 15
Deccan Queen	10 25
Punjab Mail	10 45
Poona Mail	11 40
Nagpur Express	13 55
Poona Fast Passenger	15 25
Poona Express	19 25
Allahabad Express	20 10
	Departures.
Allahabad Express	7 00
Poona Express	8 15
Poona Fast Passenger	11 50
Madras Express	13 55
Poona Mail	15 30
Deccan Queen	17 15
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	17 50
Punjab Mail	18 50
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	21 45
Madras Mail	22 00
Nagpur Express	22 10
Peshawar and Lucknow Express	23 00

AT BOMBAY CENTRAL

	Arrivals H. M.
No 8 Up Passenger	5 35
No. 20 Up Delhi Express	6 00
No. 2 Up Gujarat Mail	7 00
No. 10 Up Kathiawar Mail	7 40
*No. 4 Up Frontier Mail	8 30
No. 4 Up Frontier Mail (on Saturdays)	8 35
No. 12 Up Passenger	14 20
No. 16 Up Kathiawar Express	19 05
No. 6 Up Passenger	20 55
Departures from Bombay Central	
No. 15 Down Kathiawar Express	8 45
No. 9Down Passenger	8 55
No. 11 Down Passenger	13 25
No. 1 Down Gujarat Mail	20 25
No. 3 Down Frontier Mail	21 30
No. 5 Down Kathiawar Mail	21 45
No. 19 Down Delhi Express	22 00
No 7 Down Passenger	22 15

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER

	H. M.
*On Saturday only Passengers going to Europe	8 50

VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT NEXT SUNDAY IN AID OF FUND

The Bhagini Samaj was started two years back by some of the public-spirited ladies of Dadar in order to promote the welfare of their sisters.

During the short career since its birth the Samaj has undertaken the cultural and physical development of its members. It runs a physical culture class for ladies and girls, arranges excursions of educative value, holds debates and arranges lectures on the topics of the day and runs sewing, embroidery, freight work and music classes. It has a circulating library which provides books and periodicals, holds First-aid classes also.

Appreciating the utility and the unique character of the Samaj, the Bombay Municipality has agreed to lease out a big plot in a central position where the Samaj may build up a centre of its activities.

A programme of variety entertainments has been arranged in aid of the Samaj so that it may stand on its own legs. It will be held on Sunday (April 14) at the Opera House at 4 p.m. The programme includes vocal music by Miss Hirabai Barodekar and Bai Sunderabai, dance by Miss Azuri, and orchestra and instrumental solos by Prof. Devdhar's School of Indian music.

In And Around Bombay

(From Our Staff Correspondents)

Governor And Nariman

Many would be surprised to hear that Mr. K. F. Nariman, the head is of the Bombay's Congress organisation, saw Lord Brabourne, the Governor of Bombay yesterday. They were closetted for about half an hour. It was a meeting between the Mayor of Bombay and the Governor of Bombay. The ex-Mayor had carried on some discussions with the Governor regarding the financial adjustments between the Corporation and the Government. The Government House wanted to know if the new Mayor would continue the talk with the Governor. The new Mayor, interested as he is in the stability of the Corporation finances, agreed to meet the Governor and continue the talks, as he wanted to arrive at some favourable settlement to the advantage of the Corporation. Though the discussions have not been concluded, it is believed that a good lot of ground was covered and very soon the representatives of the Government and the Corporation will meet in a Conference to arrive at some amicable decision, favourable to both.

Our Tramways

Is the present tramway service adequate? While the public are clamouring for better service due to the inconvenience they experience while going to office in the morning and returning home in the evening, the management of the B. E. S. T. Company aver that the present tramway service is adequate. They ask the public to co-operate with them and point out specific instances wherein inconvenience and delay were caused to them. On broad general statements, they consider it impossible for them to take action. The public will do well, therefore, to point out specific instances to the General Manager of the B. E. S. and T. Company in regard to any hardship they have to undergo owing to the over crowding of cars or congestion of traffic so that he may investigate into the same and put it right. A few weeks hence monsoon will set in and it will be better if the B. E. S. and T. Company arrange to provide more tram cars to facilitate the traffic and minimise the hardship of the public.

SCHOOL FOR HARIJANS AT DHARAVI

Will Be Opened To-morrow

Under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, the opening ceremony of the Congress Harijan School at Dharavi will be performed by Smt. Zaveri Ben Jamnadas at 9 a.m. to-morrow (Friday) and a meeting will be held on the open ground before the school building called "Bagicha Building" which will be addressed by Sjts. Nagindas Master, Vice-President, B. P. C. C., S. K. Patil, General Secretary, Jamnadas Dwarkadas, Yusuf Meher Ali, P. R. Lele, Dr. P. G. Solunke, Sjt. Keroba Chougule and others.

After this meeting, leaders will go round to inspect the Harijan quarters and record their grievances.

'F' WARD CONGRESS COMMITTEE

National Week Programme

To-day (Thursday), public meeting at Kamgar Maidan, Parel 5-30 p.m.

To-morrow (Friday), public meeting at Lalbaugh Maidan, 5-30 p.m.

Saturday, April 13: (1) Public meeting near Bazar, Sion 6-30 p.m.

(2) Public meeting at Nappoo Hall Maidan, Matunga, (G.I.P. Rly), 9 p.m.

BOMBAY MUST LEAD IN KHADI PURCHASE

Patronise It & Show Your Solidarity, Appeals Satyamurti

Mr. Purshotam Kanji, Secretary, All-India Spinners' Association, Bombay Branch, Bombay, has received the following letter from Sjt. S. Satyamurti, M.L.A., New Delhi.

"I respond with great pleasure to your request for a message to you in connection with the ensuing "National Week." It is right and proper that the "National Week" should be celebrated year after year "lest we forget." It is also right and proper that during that week, our patriotic action, should be energised into action. There can be no better action during that week than to patronise Khaddar and show our National solidarity, and concern for the poor. I earnestly appeal to patriotic citizens of Bombay to take advantage of your offer to reduce prices, and help you to clear the stock of Khaddar. Bombay must lead in the matter. I trust it will.

VISIT KHADI BHANDAR

Mr. Purshottam Kanji, Secretary, A.I.S.A. Bombay, Branch, Bombay, writes:—

To facilitate selections and to be able to cope up with the growing demand, eleven departments, viz: (1) Coating, (2) Shirting, (3) Sarees, (4) Chintz, (5) Dhotees, (6) Towels-Kerchiefs (1) Shawls and Chaddars, (8) Ready-made, (9) Babies' Wear, (10) Woollen department and Silken department have been arranged with resourcefulness and attraction under expert salesmen and arrangements have also been made to replenish the stock from a big godown nearby.

Therefore we request Khadi lovers and sympathisers to visit the Bhandar and buy more than what they need.

WILL REMAIN OPEN TO-MORROW

With a view to provide facility to the people to purchase Khadar during the National Week, the Secretary, A.I.S.A., Bombay Branch, Bombay, informs the public that the A.I.S.A. Khadi Bhandar, 396, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay, will remain open on Ramnavami to-morrow (Friday).

Dr. CURSETJI ELECTED

Municipal Schools Committee Chairmanship

Election of Chairman for the coming year was proceeded with at the meeting of the Schools' Committee on Tuesday evening, with Mrs. Tyabji in the chair.

The candidates contesting the election were Dr. Khurshed J. J. Cursetji, Mr. R. A. Gole and Mr. M. N. Talpade.

The results of the ballot showed that Dr. Khurshed J. J. Cursetji polled 7 votes, Mr. Gole 5 and Mr. Talpade 4, so that Mr. Talpade got eliminated in the first round.

The second round showed that Dr. Cursetji got 11 votes and Mr. Gole 4. Dr. Cursetji was declared elected Chairman.

Dr. Cursetji, occupying the chair, said in a brief speech that a stupendous responsibility rested on their shoulders as nearly 32½ lacks of rupees were annually spent for the cause of primary education in the city. There were 350 Municipal and branch classes where 68,000 pupils were given education, and 180 private schools with 19,000 children.

The chairman hoped that all the members would co-operate in the discharge of such important duties as were entrusted to the Schools Committee.

The meeting was adjourned after some of the items in the agenda were dispensed with.

HOW TO CELEBRATE RAM NAVMI

The Secretary Khaddar Printing and Dying Works, Girgaon, writes:—

You can celebrate the Ram Navmi festival which falls to-morrow by:

(1) Purchasing more khaddar;
(2) By giving a piece of bread more to the Indian 'Daridra Narayan" through the purchase of khadi;
(3) By taking the oath to wear khadi;
(4) By fulfilling Mahatmaji's expectation of your love for khadi.

Nimbkar Reveals Cause Of G. K. Union Split

A largely attended meeting of the Textile workers was held at Lalbaug on Tuesday when Mr. R. S. Nimbkar General Secretary of Bombay Girni Kamgar Union presided.

Mr. Nimbkar in his speech gave a short report of the activities of the Union which he pointed out was passing through a great crisis since the failure of the strike. Referring to the splits in the union he said they were really on principle

Mr. Nimbkar was followed by Messrs. Kondvikar, Wamanrao, Kulkarni, Jayram Devang and others. They all appealed to the workers to organise themselves and make their union a strong and powerful organisation.

THE CAPITOL
2nd Demand Week!
DAILY 2 PERFORMANCES
At 6 and 9-30 p.m.
NOW AT POPULAR PRICES:—
Rs. 3-6, 2-4, 1-2 and As. 9.
(including tax.)
Special Accommodation for Rs. 5|12|- seats

Prof. W. DOORLAY'S
TROPICAL EXPRESS
NON-STOP REVUE
45 ARTISTS!
101 DIFFERENT TURNS!
20 BEAUTIFUL GIRLS!
Plans open at the Theatre.
Free List Suspended.

THE REGAL
TO-DAY and TO-MORROW at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
SEQUOIA

Also
LAUREL-HARDY
latest scream.
NEXT SATURDAY
"BIOGRAPHY OF A "BACHELOR GIRL"
With
ROBERT MONTGOMERY
and
ANN HARDINGE

PATHE 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
WARNER BROS.' INTIMATE MUSICAL SUCCESSOR TO "DAMES"

Happiness Ahead
DICK POWELL
JOSEPHINE HUTCHINSON
IN 7-STAR CAST
HEAR Dick singing "POP GOES YOUR HEART" and 4 other big hits to his new sweetheart
A First National Picture

Also
GRAND NATIONAL, 1935

1935
COMPOSITIONS
NEW DANCE CREATIONS
UDAY SHANKAR
And His Company of Dancers & Musicians
Coming to
THE EXCELSIOR
From April 20.

KRISHNA
Talkies, Dubash Theatre
Daily 2 Shows: 6-15 and 10 p.m.
SMASHED ALL RECORDS
(From A to Z!)
Prabhat's 'Amrit Manthan' is now running into the 26th Week, thus smashing all records from A to Z in the Hindi Cine-World. Z is the 26th alphabet and means Zenith. This week of "Amrit Manthan" is also the 26th and denotes, of course, the
ZENITH OF POPULARITY
PRABHAT'S EPIC JEWEL
AMRIT MANTHAN
Now running Continuously for
The 26th Week
REMEMBER: 'Amrit Manthan' is the best Entertainment for the Family.
Direction:—
WESTERN INDIA THEATRES, Ltd.

MINERVA
TALKIES. Lamington Rd., Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
LAST DAY
The Beauty Idol of Cine-Fans
RATANBAI
in Eastern Arts
Yasmin
or BAWAFA ASHIK
TO-MORROW
GALA OPENING
"CHANDRASENA"
A PRABHAT-PICTURE

Help Kidneys
If Kidney Trouble or Bladder Weakness makes you suffer from Getting Up Nights, Nervousness, Dizziness, Rheumatism, Stiffness, Burning, Smarting, Itching or Acidity try the new Discovery Cystex (Siss-tex). Guaranteed to end your troubles in 8 days or money back. At all chemists or Muller Mackay, Bombay.

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The Bombay Chronicle

Bad House, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort.

BOMBAY: THURSDAY, APRIL 11, 1935

UNAVAILING VICTORIES

The Assembly session which ended on Tuesday is a notable one in the history of the Montford Reforms and may long be remembered as an important landmark in the constitutional development of the country. It possesses many remarkable record-breaking features but most of them are traceable to the entry into it of the direct representatives of the Congress. And Government themselves will be the first to admit this fact. It is the longest session on record, and the most arduous one, with the largest number of Government defeats to their credit or, rather, their discredit. This by itself must have been a sore experience to Government, accustomed for several years past to an easy time in the House, with but a nominal Opposition, if there was any at all. It explains to some extent the bad temper often exhibited by the Finance Member and even the Indian Law Member. The session was in short a series of straight contests between Congress and Government. And Congress has won to a much larger extent than Government would care to acknowledge.

Tribute To Congress Lead

According to the estimate of our Special Correspondent at Delhi, not fewer than 38 divisions were held during the session, exclusive of the dozen occasions when the Opposition carried their point without a division. Of these 38 divisions, the Opposition won 28 and Government 10. The total number of votes cast in favour of Government in all divisions were, according to the correspondent, 2,010 and those against Government were 2,441. Thus the average strength of Government Party was only 50 and that of the Opposition 64, which means that during the session as a whole the Congress Party has been able to secure a fairly safe majority, of course, through the co-operation of other parties. That co-operation is indeed a tribute to Congress lead, on which the Congress Party and its leader, Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, may well congratulate themselves. If it is borne in mind that Government's voting strength includes about 40 more or less safe votes of official and nominated members, it should be clear that Government have almost entirely lost popular support to their policy. If they are yet able to enforce that policy, it is only because they are constitutionally irresponsible to the Legislature.

Public Opinion Defied

It is, indeed, sad to think to what extent Government flout public opinion, reflected constitutionally in the Assembly. As our Delhi correspondent points out in his review of the Assembly session, despite the adjournment motion censuring the indefinite detention of Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, he still remains a State prisoner. Similarly Mr. Gauba's adjournment motions demanding the termination of the Indo-British Trade Treaty and an enquiry into the Karachi firing have been disregarded. Mr. B. Das's resolution asking for the removal of the ban on the Khudai Khidmatgars still remains unheeded. Despite Mr. Jinnah's resolution on the J. P. C. Report, the India Bill is progressing merrily in the House of Commons. The Railway Board's demand has been restored despite Mr. Bhulabhai Desai's successful cut motion. Pandit Vallabh Pant's motion censuring the restoration of the salary cut is a dead letter. This list of utterly unheeded demands can be easily lengthened, but we shall conclude it by mentioning the final act of defiance of public opinion, the Viceroy's certifying the Finance Bill despite a number of amendments to it adopted by the Assembly by huge majorities. There is little hope of the Government being really more responsible to the Legislature even under the new constitution. In the course of the debate in the Commons in Committee on a clause in the India Bill conferring certain nominal powers on the Central Legislature during the transitional period, Sir Henry Pagecroft demanded some additional safeguard against the "dangerous" Congress majority in the Assembly. But Sir Samuel Hoare, who knew better the reality of those powers assured all critics that "the Central Legislature would not, during the transitional period, attain greater powers than at present." Indeed the position will continue to be substantially the same even under the Federation. Such a position should lead every Indian, particularly Congressmen, to realise that mere debating victories in the Legislature, though they have their value in forming and reflecting public opinion, avail but little in obtaining redress for the country's wrongs and less in carrying the country to its goal of complete independence. Government themselves have demonstrated the futility of mere parliamentary victories in the struggle for freedom.

Difficult Situation

The European situation has grown more complicated on the eve of Stresa. Every one seems to be pulling in a different direction, as it were. Sir John Simon's speech regarding conversations with Herr Hitler shows that this gentleman refuses to join the Eastern Pact and demands not only actual equality in arms but also Germany's lost Colonies. Italy having fully utilised the opportunity to advance her own militarism is now devoting attention to the problems of arms for her satellites. France and Russia, inspired evidently by fear of Germany, have concluded a military agreement which they call a "convention", and would like the League of Nations to become a party to it. All this can only lead to a division of Europe into, first, three camps and then war. The situation thus is, indeed, difficult and it is quite true that the key to it lies with Great Britain.

This being the case the speech of Mr. Baldwin, Britain's virtual Prime Minister, is significant. Speaking at Llandrendon Wells the other day, he said:—

> I would say this, this country does not want war and does not mean to have war, and if war can only be stopped by letting the aggressor know that war will not be permitted in Europe, this country will play her part, I am convinced, with the rest of Europe to see that no aggression shall take place.

From that Mr. Baldwin naturally came to the subject of collective security and the League of Nations. Britain is evidently opposed to the "balance of power" which is welcome. But the question is how to enforce Mr. Baldwin's hint to Germany and achieve the ideal of collective security. It is, of course, difficult, but British delegates can achieve it at Stresa provided they are not moved by preferences and prejudices.

RUSSIAN WRITERS

Maxim Gorky's Plain-Speaking

(By Aziz Azad)

MOSCOW, March 21.

Despite his poor health, Maxim Gorky, the famous Russian writer, does considerable writing, carries on many social activities, and takes a most active part in the educational and literary life of the USSR. The famous writer is the editor of many journals and reviews, and has charge of issuing a number of book series, like "History of the Factories and Plants of the USSR", etc., and in addition, is the chairman of the Soviet Writers' Union. It was through his initiative that the first Congress of Soviet Writers was held in Moscow last year.

Recently Maxim Gorky made a magnificent speech at the Second All-Union Plenum of the Managing Board of the Soviet Writers' Union. In his speech, Gorky described the swift change that has taken place among the backward Russian peasantry, who differed but little from their 17th century predecessors, turning them into the Socialist Builders of the 20th century.

This change, fantastically huge in scope and rapid in speed, has found out a weak response in Soviet literature, Mr. Gorky claimed. He also pointed out that not sufficient attention is being given to the precise and realistic depiction of 'kulaks' and other 'class-enemies' in literature. He stated that the class-enemy, losing ground in his fight against the Socialist order, has been forced, in his last stand, to resort to very subtle methods of counter-revolutionary work. "This 'evolution'", he said, "has escaped being shown in our literature, yet it signifies the collapse of the strength of the enemy, his utter defeat."

Co-operation Between Writers And Critics

Mr. Gorky took the critics to task when he pointed out that they directed greater attention to finding flaws in published literature than in aiding in the production of better literature. It has given abundant evidences of weaknesses in the past, and it should learn a few things. It keeps abreast of letters, but if we lapse behind actually, we find that criticism lapses behind us. In the main, it guides us into the proper ideological channel, which is as it should be, but here again often insufficient vigilance is manifested". He urged closer co-operation between writers and critics.

Labour Rule As Cultural Force

Greater attention should be given to pre-historical role of labour as a cultural force, Gorky stated. He urged writers to explore the eras of Russia's past history, and assured them that they would find an abundance of novel and interesting themes there to write about.

Mr. Gorky criticized the poets for their failure to create an important stream of Soviet poetry. "The poems often attain a kilometer-length", said Mr. Gorky, "but their social value is negligible." And though he seldom attends the theatre, yet he has read many of the recent plays and come to the conclusion that the playwrights are far from being masters of their craft. He found the characters thinly sketched, unclear and not typical of their genre.

In conclusion, Maxim Gorky urged the writers to continue their efforts to improve Soviet literature, which is already most influential, but has still to attain the highest standards of craftsmanship. He urged writers and critics to make a thorough study of the past and present. "Only in understanding the reality of the past and present can we arrive at that understanding of the future that is demanded by socialist realism."

Meteorite Exhibition

An interesting meteorite exhibition, containing every type of meteorite, and many of them coming from the remotest parts of the Union, is to be found in the Lomonosov Institute of the Academy of Sciences in Leningrad. The institute does not depend on chance descoveries to add to its collection, but under the guidance of L. Akulik, an authority on the subject, organises expeditions to search for the meteorites. In 1934, the institute was informed of a "fire ball" that had fallen somewhere in Ivanovo Province at the end of 1933. By determining the exact day of the fall, the direction of the meteorites flight and the use of a system of triangulation, Mr. Akulik was able to discover the approxi-

(Continued on page 3.)

CONGRESS & ASSEMBLY

Dr. Ansari Should Continue To Be President Of C. P. Board, Though He May Be Relieved Of A Number Of Responsibilities

By K. F. NARIMAN.

I.

Now that the first session of Legislative Assembly is over, it would not be out of place to take a general survey of the situation from various points of view. When the Parliamentary experiment was first conceived and suggested as the only possible alternative to end the deadly paralysis that had, as it were, seized the nation, as a result of great reaction after the terrible and long-drawn-out national upheavals, there were many 'doubting Thomases' mostly from the orthodox no-changers' camp, who seriously questioned the advisability of this step, and considered it as a suicidal measure that would lead to further disaster, instead of retrieving the situation. Even amongst those who believed in Parliamentary methods, there were many who were not only lukewarm, but even definitely opposed to this course, as they apprehended in that supposed depressed state, when the Congress influence and power was, according to their calculation or rather miscalculation, on the decline, the Election results would be disappointing. They did not expect the total strength of the Congress Party to go beyond thirty. With such pessimistic views, they naturally argued that such a miserable show at the polls would further expose the weak position of the Congress and thus give an additional handle to its enemies to run it down or descredit it in this country as well as abroad.

Dr. Ansari's Help

The first stroke of good luck that led to the ultimate success of this hazardous experiment, was the conversion of that staunch No-changer and at one time bitter opponent of Council-entry, Dr. Ansari, whose courageous, persistent, and sincere advocacy of the new cause that he had espoused, enabled that group to surmount many difficulties and overcome many obstacles. But for his persistent adherence, these obstacles and difficulties at the start might have been fatal and wrecked this scheme at an early stage. It was he alone that could perform the great and wonderful political miracle. That was to persuade Mahatma Gandhi, hitherto the unchangeable uncompromising author and father of Non-co-opreation, into a silent blesser of Parliamentary methods.

His Impassioned Plea

Those who had listened to Dr. Ansari's fervent appeal at the Delhi Conference, will never forget these piercing and ringing words: 'For God's sake, end this deadly political paralysis that is slowly creeping on the nation, and has resulted in a political lethargy and blankness, that may ultimately lead to disaster. 'Believe me,' he assured his hearers, 'that I am still as staunch a No-changer as before, and I have been compelled to adopt this course as the only possible alternative, to end the present dead-lock." More than the appealing words, the sincerity and depth of feeling, that lay behind this momentous utterance, on that critical occasion, silenced many opponents, and those who had come to scoff remained to praise and bless. There is no doubt that Mahatmaji's assent and blessing, that came as a great and agreeable surprise to the country, was due to this silent advocacy of such transparent sincerity and honesty; if Dr. Ansari had not plunged himself wholeheartedly and enthusiastically into this new scheme, the Parliamentary Board might perhaps not have been born, or might have died shortly after birth an inglorious and premature death.

Regrettable Loss

It is therefore all the more to be deplored, that before the termination of the first session of the Assembly, his failing health has compelled him to sever con-

(Continued on page 9).

Frankly Speaking

DETERMINED COMPLAISANCE.

Government's obstinacy as regards the Hindustani Seva Dal is one of the worst illustrations of bureaucratic complaisance born of a sense of safe irresponsibility. Asked in the Assembly as to when Government were informed of the "revolutionary activities" of the Dal the Home Member could only refer to action by the Punjab Government in January 1932. And when challenged further whether the ban was not lifted as a result of the Gandhi-Irwin Pact, Sir Henry Craik had to keep silent. The denial on the part of responsible Seva Dal officials and the Congress President, of violent revolutionary activities has been public and categorical and Government have been openly invited, time and again, to prove their case. There is no response. If the Seva Dal was a revolutionary organisation in certain provinces it stands to reason that responsible officials of the Dal should have been proceeded against in those Provinces. But the Home Member knows nothing about it. And what is more, he does not think it would be "profitable" to make any inquiries. If this is not a calculated insult to logic, reason, fair-play and public opinion, we should like to know what it is.

AN INEXCUSABLE BLUNDER

The Bombay Police may be congratulated on their new-born zeal in combating gambling in the city. But as a raid, coupled with a lathi charge, is a pretty serious affair, only those police officers may be entrusted with one who know something of the place they are about to raid. A blunder like the one they made on Tuesday, when they mistook the premises of the East India Cotton Association for those of the American Cotton Exchange, is as amazing as it is regrettable and not calculated to enhance their reputation for competency. The E. I. Cotton Association is an old recognised business institution which every responsible police official ought to know. At any rate those who are entrusted with a raid in any locality ought to be such as know the locality well enough. The present blunder is all the more regrettable because the raiding party did not see its error till after it had inflicted somewhat severe injuries on the Bhaiyas who were posted at the gate of the Association and who resisted its entry. We must also warn the police against the tendency to make a lathi charge a regular feature of a raid. In the meanwhile, we trust the Commissioner of Police will see that stern disciplinary action is taken against those responsible for the grave blunder of raiding the E. I. Cotton Association premises.

MADRAS ANSWERS JUSTICITES

As we anticipated yesterday, Mr. C. R. Reddi's success at the Chittoor bye-election has been followed by that of Mrs. Lakshmipathi who has won the Madras City seat for the Congress. She polled 7,397 votes as against 1,643 secured by her opponent, the Justice Party candidate, thus beating him by a magnificent majority of over 5,700 votes. We must congratulate heartily the Madras Congress organisation and its candidate on this success, specially because the Justice Party had concentrated all its forces and resources on this bye-election. The verdict of the electorate is its decisive answer to the Raja of Bobbili, Mr. Ramaswami Mudaliar and the rest of the Justicites and to their pretentious election campaign which was "inaugurated" with the beating of begged, borrowed, lent and stolen drums about a fortnight ago.

THE RIGHT REMEDY

In the course of the discussion on Clause 272 of the India Bill regarding the boundaries of provinces and the creation of new provinces, the Duchess of Atholl having demanded that any such changes should ensure the stability of the Communal Award, Sir Samuel Hoare gave a general assurance which seems to be Government's considered reply to the controversy in India about the Award. He stated that there was no intention of upsetting the Award and that "the Government of India or the British Government would be the last people to attempt to make changes that might reopen the whole of that controversy." Such a statement was only to be expected from Sir Samuel. The Award is not in the best interests of the country. And even those who have acquiesced in it have done so regarding it as a temporary device to be replaced by an agreed solution of the whole communal problem. But as no Government can fail to accept such a solution, on that objective must be concentrated the best efforts of the communities concerned.

WISE DECISION.

We are glad to learn that the Police Commissioner of Calcutta had thought the better of his earlier impulse. For, according to a statement issued by the Publicity Officer of the 14th Session of the All-India Trades Union Congress, the Police Commissioner has at last granted permission for the Congress to be held according to plan. This is a wise and sensible decision on the part of the Police Commissioner although we cannot but note that the required permission was given after the protest which was sought to be raised in the Assembly and which, we believe, is mainly responsible for this acession of commonsense.

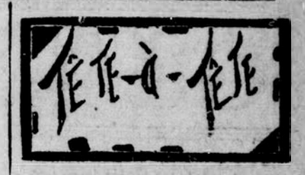
—PRESS VIEWS—

The Climax

Nearly twenty times have the Government been defeated in this session, and the climax of retaliation comes in the complete rejection of the Assembly's views on the grant of supplies. In the voting, European non-officials observed neutrality a fact that is sufficient condemnation of the Government and a warning that taxation by 'Zabberdasti' is a pernicious principle of administration. We are not discouraged by the defiance of the Executive when censure overtakes them, because thoughtful people cannot escape the significance of the lesson. Officials affect scorn of the Opposition and the jejune political interpretations put by the Finance Member on the protests of his critics are not useful for the secure conduct of affairs in the country. Nor is his professed hope of "responsible Government" coming through the Constitution Bill, any answer to the charge that he has missed an opportunity of showing that the Government could adjust their proposals to some extent of goodwill, without jeopardizing the Empire. The Finance Member has the means to be accommodating, but he lacked the will to give the Assembly the credit that is its due. —"Hindustan Times."

An Unfortunate Decision?

If the "Associated Press" message is correct, it is a matter for regret that the Government of Bombay have decided not to hold an inquiry into the firing at Karachi, following the exhumation of the bdy of Abdul Quayum by a Muslim mob with the intention of carrying it in procession through the town. It was the subject of important debates in the Assembly, the Council of State and the Bombay Legislative Council, and it was stated in a subsequent message from Delhi that the Government of India were not opposed to an enquiry. We ourselves pointed out at the time that an enquiry far from reflecting adversely on the local officials would probably result in their vindication. The refusal to hold an enquiry can only result in increasing public suspicion. We hope that the announcement is premature and that as a result of the communications between the Government of India and the local Government a "communique" will be issued announcing Government's intention to institute an inquiry.—"Pioneer."



Madras City Bye-Election Result:—

Mrs. Lakshmipathi (Congress candidate) 7,397 votes.

Mr. S. G. Rangaramanujam (Justice Party) 1,643 votes.

We sincerely congratulate the Raja of Bobbili and the Justice Party on the success of their candidate in escaping forfeiture of the deposit money.

* * * *

"The Viceroy and Lady Willingdon played golf with the Hon'ble Sir James and Lady Grigg at the Lodi Golf Club on Tuesday."

—Viceregal Court News.

A very apt and symbolical conclusion to the Budget Session of the Assembly.

* * * *

Peculiar isn't it. The Government, speaking through the mouth of Kunwar Jagadish Prasad, have no objection to the official communique on the Karachi firing being discussed publicly in the Council of State. But they have every objection to the subject matter being thrashed out publicly by an Inquiry Committee. Peculiar isn't it? Or, perhaps, it isn't.

* * * *

BRITAIN HOLDS KEY TO EUROPEAN SITUATION

We hope she applies it with as great an enthusiasm and as firm a determination as for instance when she applied the oxo-acetylene lamp to open an infractious safe of Arcos.

* * * *

"Sir Samuel Hoare, opposing, said the Central Legislature would not, during the transitional period, attain greater powers than at present, and the Executive centre would remain with the Governor-General in Council."—Reuter.

Long live Sir Samuel!

❖ ❖ ❖ ❖

Transitional period? Oh, it can mean a lot of things.

(1) Sir Chimanlal would explain it as a term of punishment—the length of which he is not concerned with—for the Congress crime of demanding freedom for this country.

(2) The Princes, assembled in Narendra Mahal after a preliminary examination and report by ministers, might define it as—but, of course, neither their Highnesses nor their Ministers have met yet.

(3) In terms of Communist ideology it would not incorrectly connote the period until the State withers away.

(4) But used by Sir Samuel Hoare, it is intended primarily to constitute the reconciling link between the British Conscience and the political fiction known as "Solemn Pledges."

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PRINCE PLEADS FOR JOBS.

Big Silver Jubilee Drive

—Headlines.

In Great Britain.

* * * *

Sir Samuel Hoare has, perhaps quite unwittingly, done a timely service by declaring that the British Government were determined to stand by the Communal Award. But we should not be surprised if the anti-Award Deputation enthusiasts regarded it as a clear proof that the British Government were badly in need of being persuaded and pleaded with.

* * * *

It is impossible, says Bori Bunder Minor, to read the report issued by the Government of Bombay on the Karachi tragedy without being convinced that the action taken by the authorities was necessary, no more than necessary and fully justified.

That goes without saying really. It is impossible for Bori Bundar Minor to be capable of anything else.

* * * *

Doctor: "And what are you suffering from?"

Patient: "Head to foot."

German Proposals Unacceptable To France?

"Dangerous View" Of Congress Majority

Page-Croft's Move For Omission Of Clause 294 Defeated In Commons

When the Committee Stage of the India Bill was resumed on Tuesday, Sir Henry Page-Croft proposed the omission of Clause 294 which he described as "a dangerous view" of the Congress majority in the Assembly.

Sir Samuel Hoare, opposing, said the Central Legislature would not, during the transitional period, attain greater powers than at present, and the Executive centre would remain with the Governor-General in-Council.

LONDON, April 9.

In the House of Commons, after the adoption of drafting amendment by Sir Samuel Hoare, agreed to Clause 264, as also to Clauses 265 and 266. The remainder, Part Eleven, was then agreed to with a few Government drafting amendments. Then the House proceeded to deal with the Part Twelve. Mr. Donner moved an amendment to Clause 270 providing for a Order-in-Council, separating Aden from British India should be issued not later than 1st January, 1936. Sir Samuel Hoare replied that Government intended to make the separation as soon as possible. Mr. Donner withdrew his amendment and Clause 170 was agreed to.

After adopting Clauses 271 and 272 the Chairman intimated that a detailed discussion on Clause 273 should occur on the new schedule which Government would move when the schedules were reached.

Sir Samuel Hoare suggested that they would leave the Clause as it stood, and discuss the communal issue on the schedule.

Clause 273 was agreed to.

After the adoption of Clauses 274 and 275 the Duchess of Atholl inquired how the Clause 276 affected the Bangalore civil station. She said she did not wish to say anything against Mysore, which she understood was one of the best administered states, but its inhabitants, British, Anglo-Indian and Moslem, did not desire the transfer.

The Chairman said the transfer was a matter for the paramountcy which did not come under the Bill.

Clauses 276 to 278 were agreed to with the drafting amendments.

"SERIOUS OMISSIONS."

Mr George Lansbury moved an amendment to Clause 279 with the object of ensuring that sex should not be a bar to women from trades and professions. The amendment negatived.

Col J. Wedgwood moved the omission of sub-section 2 (Clause 279.) This was also negatived, and Clause 279 was adopted.

Mr. A. H. Molson (Con.) proposed a series of amendments to Clause 280, which were designed to remedy what he described as a number of serious omissions. Eventually they were withdrawn, and Mr. V. George MacDonald's motion for the omission of sub-section 3 was negatived by 189 votes to 32.

Clause 280 was carried by 197 votes to 31.

"DANGEROUS" VIEW.

Clauses 281 to 284 were agreed to.

Sir H. Pagecroft proposed that a motion for legislature under Clause 285 should require a majority of at least two-third of the members.

Sir Samuel Hoare deprecated making further restrictions. The amendment was opposed by the labourites and rejected by 196 votes to 26. Clauses 285 and 286 adopted.

Clauses 287 and 288 negatived.

Sir Samuel Hoare explained that he was submitting an alternative.

Clauses 289 to 293 agreed to.

Sir H. Pagecroft proposed the omission of Clause 294 which he described as a dangerous view of the Congress majority in the Assembly.

Sir Samuel Hoare opposing said the Central Legislature would not, during the transitional period, attain greater powers than at present, and the executive at the centre would remain with the Governor-General in-Council.

Mr J. Gretton was speaking when the debate was adjourned. —Reuter.

Under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Board of the Harijan Sevak Sangh, a meeting of the Gujarati Harijans, was held at Kasarvadi, Dadar under the presidentship of H. L. Javeri.

Britain Holds Key To European Situation

Simon's Statement Awaited With Interest By Statesmen

LONDON, April 9.

Sir John Simon's statement in the House of Commons is awaited with intense interest by the statesmen of Europe. The French Cabinet met at 3-30 p.m. to examine the questions to be submitted at Stresa and the League Council, and remained in session for three hours until it received the considered report of Sir John Simon's speech.

Sir John Simon's disclosures in regard to Germany's attitude were welcomed by a high authority in Paris as corroborating the press reports.

There was no official expression of opinion, but undoubtedly Germany's proposals are unacceptable to France. The question of Colonies will not arise at present, while its stipulation as a condition of Germany's return to the League, is regarded as unworthy of consideration.

Official circles in Berlin decline to make any statement until they read the full text of Sir John Simon's speech, but far as can be ascertained the general feeling is one of great satisfaction that there would be no commitment by Great Britain at Stresa. All sides agree that Britain holds the key to the situation.—Reuter.

WHITEAWAYS DUPED

Alleged Cheating By Personating Army Officer

LAHORE, April 10.

Messrs. Whiteaway Laidlaw and Company was cleverly duped by an imposter who played his ruse by a novel method.

It is reported that a well-dressed man posing as Lieutnant Afzal of the Fifth Battalion, Sixth Rajputana Regiment, came to the manager of the company and on the strength of a letter took sports goods valued at Rs. 105.

A bill was sent to Lieutenant Afzal, which was not only returned, but the real Lieutenant Afzal called at the office and expressed surprise; it was then that the manager of the firm came to know that he was duped by an imposter.—United Press.

GOERING WEDS BLONE ACTRESS

Most Spectacular Event Since War

(SPECIAL CABLE).

BERLIN, April 10.

Gen. Goering's marriage with the blonde actress, Emmy Sonnemann, provided Germany to-day with the most spectacular event of its kind since the war. The nuptials began shortly afternoon when Gen. Goering, in the resplendant uniform of the General of the German Air Force and the bride wearing a grey tailormade costume drove to the Town Hall for the civil ceremony which was performed by Doctor Sahm, the Lord Mayor of Berlin. Herr Hitler was among the guests at the Town Hall. As cars drove slowly through the streets, great crowds cheered vociferously. The wedding occasioned a great traffic jam while Overhead droned the Richtofen Fighters, Germany's crack squadron.

SYMBOL OF NEW GERMAN UNITY

Golden spotlights from different parts of the Cathedral converged on the altar before which the Goering-Sonnemann wedding was solemnised.

Herr Hitler with all his ministers was seated in the front row.

The huge congregation gave famous persons, the Hitler Salute interspersed, with cries "heil" as they entered the Church.

Gen. Goering was in the Air Force uniform and the bride carried a bouquet. Reichs Bishop Mueller officiated to read first Corinthian's verses one to eight and thirteen. Bishop Mueller in the sermon said, this marriage was a symbol of the new German national unity.

The pair drove off in an open car decorated with pink carnations.

DISAPPOINTED IN LOVE?

Why German Women Committed Suicide

(SPECIAL CABLE).

LONDON April 10.

At the Coroner's inquest on German women a verdict of suicide while of unsound mind was returned.

Both cases of death are due to narcotic poisoning. Evidence showed that Fabian was disappointed in love.

STRENGTHEN CONGRESS AND DEEPEN STRUGGLE

Significance Of National Week Explained

In celebration of the National Week a public meeting was held under the auspices of the "F" Ward D. C. C. on the Maidan adjoining the B. D. D. Chawls at Naigaum. Mr. D. D Wadia, President of the Committee, presided.

Mr. Wadia explained the significance of the National Week and the struggle for freedom led by the Indian National Congress. He explained the present programme of the Congress and exhorted the people to stand by the great National organisation by enrolling themselves as members of the Congress, supporting Khadi Village Industries and other Swadeshi articles. He said that the Congress creed was non-violence and repudiated all allegations of violence made against Congress organisations.

REMEMBER DETENUS

Mr. L. V. Kondaye in a vehement speech drew a graphic picture of the Punjab martial law regime and the Jallianwala Bagh massacre and he pointed to the hundreds of young men and women of Bengal who had been shut up in prisons without trial and referred to the Detenu Day that was observed all over the country to declare the national solidarity and sympathy with them and to demand their immediate release.

SIGNIFICANCE OF THE WEEK.

Mr. C. K. Narayanswami in his speech explained in vivid terms all that was associated with the terrible martial law regime in the Punjab. The National Week was on the one hand a reminder to every Indian of the National humiliation and on the other an incentive for the struggle to end the conditions under which such humiliations were possible. Those martyrs of the Punjab did not belong to any particular community. They belonged to all communities.

COMMUNAL QUESTION.

The Hindu-Muslim question was nothing but a bogey. But the fundamental unity was already there, as there was not one Indian—be he Muslim, Hindu, Parsi, Sikh, Christian or Jew—who did not want Independence for the country. When the struggle is developed on proper mass lines, the bogey of Hindu-Muslim disunity would disappear.

DEEPEN POLITICAL STRUGGLE

He exhorted the people to strengthen the Congress organisation and develop the organisational strength of the masses in their own definite organisations. Thus alone could the struggle for complete Independence be deepened. And thus alone could they march forward and win freedom.

After the President's concluding remarks, the meeting terminated.

"START RIFLE CLASSES"

Mandlik's Suggestion To Pen Education Society Students

(From A Correspondent).

PEN, April 10.

On the second day of the Silver Jubilee of the Pen Education Society and Private High School, prizes were distributed to students for proficiency in sports.

In the afternoon about 1,000 women of all castes assembled for "Haladi Kunkum." Miss Sulochanabhai Shete addressed them on the importance of female education.

At night, the past student successfully staged Varerkar's "Sattecha Gulam" in aid of the school funds.

START RIFLE CLASS.

On the last day of the celebrations, Tuesday, a sumptuous "At Home" to all students and guests was given and demonstration of gymnastic feats by boys of Vyayamprasarak Mandal of Panvel were held. Mr. R. N. Mandlik who presided commended their example to students and promised them monetary support. He suggested the starting of a "rifle shooting class."

Mr. Phanase, Pleader, donated Rs. 10 to the Mandal and the school contributed Rs. 25 for expenses.

SENSATION IN LAHORE COURT

Prisoner Escapes From Police Custody

LAHORE, April 10.

There was a mild sensation in the Lahore District Court, when a prisoner escaped from police custody. It is stated that the prisoner, Makhansingh, was taken to the latrine, from where he made good his escape and still remains at large.

Makhansingh was arrested from village Panduke for non-payment of land revenue and brought to Lahore for trial before the Court of District Magistrate.—United Press.

INDIA BILL AND SERVICES

Bengal Committee Denies Report

CALCUTTA, April 10.

With reference to the message appearing in the "Morning Post" stating that accredited representatives of the Bengal I.C.S. will explain to the Houses of Parliament the views of the Services on the India Bill, the Committee of the Bengal I.C.S. Association have issued the following statement:—

"The Committee wish it to be known that representatives of their Association have no instructions to explain the views of the Civil Servants of Bengal on the Government of India Bill."—A.P.

FRANCO-RUSSIAN CONVENTION DRAFT

Agreement Reached Between Laval And Potemkin

PARIS, April 9.

The draft of the Franco-Russian Convention was agreed to between M. Laval and M. Potemkin. The details will be filled in by M. Laval and M. Litvinoff at Geneva next week and the document signed during M. Laval's visit to Moscow.

Designed To Replace Eastern Pact.

The Franco-Russian Convention, which was virtually agreed upon to-day, is designed to replace the projected Eastern Pact if Germany and Poland continue to refuse to participate in it as seems inevitable.

According to the newspapers the Convention will ultimately take the form of a military agreement grafted into the revision of the League of Nations mechanism and will devote all the French proposals to Stresa, namely the revision of the League Covenant so as to emphasise the defensive co-operation aspects and controlled limitation of armaments accompanied by military agreements of mutual assistance open to all.

The meeting of M. Laval and M. Potemkin of which the agreement was the outcome lasted two hours. Thereafter the exchange of views continued at a private luncheon which the diplomatic representatives of Rumania, Czechoslovakia, Jugoslavia, Greece and Turkey attended.—Reuter's Special Service.

RUSSO-GERMAN TRADE AGREEMENT

BERLIN, April 9.

The Russo-German trade agreement has been concluded. It ordains that Russia place additional orders in Germany of 200,000,000 marks on credit at 2 per cent above the Reichsbank rate. The agreement contemplates that Russian exports to Germany will exceed 150,000,000 marks this year. —Reuter.

WANTED IN CALCUTTA

Shamsul-Huda Arrested In Delhi For Speech To Dock Workers

WILL BE TRANSFERRED UNDER ESCORT

NEW DELHI, April 10.

Early this morning police raided and searched the office and residence of Mr. Chiranjilal Paliwal, Pleader and Congress Socialist, and arrested Shamsul-Huda (who was an accused in the Meerut conspiracy case) who was staying with him for some time, under Section 124A I.P.C. It is understood that Shamsul-Huda who is wanted at Calcutta in some case will be sent there.

REASON FOR ARREST

Shamsu Huda has been arrested, it is understood under a warrant issued by the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Calcutta, in connection with a speech delivered during the Dock workers strike at Calcutta in November, 1934. He was produced by the police before Mr. F. B. Pool, Additional District Magistrate, Delhi. The police applied for Huda's transfer to Calcutta.

On behalf of the accused an application was moved that he be released on bail, there being no reasonable grounds for presuming that the prisoner had committed an offence punishable with death or transportation. It was submitted that the accused was highly educated and belonged to a respectable family.

NEVER CONCEALED HIMSELF

The court asked the accused why he was concealing himself all the time in Delhi under the assumed name of Pyarelal, to which the accused replied he was known by this name in business circles. The accused was not concealing himself but was freely moving without any fear or knowledge of impending arrest. The accused added he believed in no religion and found no harm in allowing himself to be named as a Hindu.

The court passed orders allowing the accused to be released on furnishing a cash security of Rs. 5,000 to ensure his presence before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Calcutta on 17th April. The accused could not furnish the security and will therefore be transferred to Calcutta under a police escort.

BENGAL CIVILIAN ON INDIA BILL

French Addresses Members Of Lords And Commons "In Camera"

(Special Cable).

LONDON, April 10.

There was a large attendance of members of both the Houses of Parliament in the Committee-room of the Commons at the meeting summoned by Lord Salisbury and Sir Robert Horne to hear the address by the ex-Bengal civilian Mr. J. C. French. The audience included the Duke of Atholl and Lords Ampthill, Howe, Peel, Lamington, Linlithgow, Selborne, Stanley Wolmer, and Mr. Annesley Somerville, Lt.-Col. Applin, Mr. J. C. C. Davidson, Mr. A. Duff Cooper, Capt. Euan Wallace, Mr. Raikes, Mr. Wardlaw Milne, Mr. Edward Cadogan and Captain Cazalet.

The proceedings were private.

ELECTORAL ROLLS FOR COUNCIL OF STATE

MADRAS, April 10.

The Government has directed the preparation of fresh electoral rolls for the Council of State constituencies in the Madras Presidency, the present rolls having expired in February.—A.P.

ALL'S WELL THAT ENDS WELL

Passage-At-Arms Between Press Representatives And Defence Counsel

(From Our Correspondent)

NAGPUR, April 10.

The Court of Mr. Dande, First Class Magistrate, Nagpur, was the scene of a sharp passage-at-arms between the press representatives and Mr. R. P. Karandiker, defence counsel for the accused Prabhaker in the sensational rape case going on in Nagpur. The court-room was crowded to the utmost capacity.

A point arose when it was alleged that one of the defence counsel had attended to win over a prosecution witness by payment of Rs. 50. The court expressed the desire that allegations should not be published in the press. The representatives enquired of the court whether this was a definite order of the court or only a suggestion.

While discussion on this point was going on Mr. Karandiker of Satara intervened and asked how the press was concerned in this.

The press representatives pointed out to the court that as the question had gone on record it was public property and nothing could prevent the press from giving publicity to it. Mr. Karandiker thereupon said that if the press representatives published anything in this connection they would not be allowed to enter the court. The press representatives thereupon protested and objected to Mr. Karandiker assuming to himself powers of the presiding Magistrate and prohibit the press from publishing anything on record. The court promised to give hearing to the press on the point after the recess hour.

On reassembling the other defence counsel appearing with Karandiker informed the court that the matter was settled amicably outside the court between the press representatives and the defence counsel. Mr. R P Karandiker thereupon said in the court "All is well that ends Well".

BISHOPS ON PILGRIMAGE

His Lordship the Right Rev. James Kalacherry, Ph. D. D. D., Bishop of Changancherry, Travancore, accompanied by Rev. Mathew Purakal, M.A., Principal of the St. Berchman's College, Changanacherry arrived in Bombay recently. They will be sailing for Europe on pilgrimage by s.s. "Tuscania" to-day (Thursday).

EQUITY MANAGING AGENT'S DEATH

The Bombay Branch Office of the Equity Insurance Co., Ltd., was closed yesterday as a mark of respect to the memory of the late Mr. D. C. H. Dinshaw, Managing Agent and Ex-Officio Director of the Company, who died of heart failure at Lucknow on the evening of Sunday last.

NETHERLANDS BANK INCREASES DISCOUNT RATE

Weekly Balance Sheet Discloses Loss In Gold Stocks

THE HAGUE, April 9.

The Bank of Netherlands has increased the discount rate of 3-1|2 per cent to 4-1|2. The weekly balance sheet shows a loss in gold stocks of 105,000,000 guilders making a total of 138,000,000 in a fortnight.—Reutet.

OLDHAM DRAWS WITH HUDDERSFIELD

(SPECIAL CABLE).

LONDON April 10.

In the match under Rugby Northern Union rules Oldham drew with Huddersfield with 11 points each, yesterday.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL

The Office of the

Netherlands Trading Society

will be REMOVED to

ROYAL INSURANCE BUILDINGS,

14, Churchgate Street,

On the 15th April 1935.

Baroda State Order About Caste Dinners

NOT MORE THAN 50 PERSONS TO BE INVITED

Our Readers' Views

To The Editor of 'The Chronicle."

Sir,—As a relief measure against frost distress, some of the Subas of the Baroda State have issued circulars prohibiting giving of dinner-parties to more than a fifty persons. The question is whether such a measure is likely to do good to the agriculturists who have been directly affected by frost and for whose benefit the measure has been taken. Even the rich people owning motor cars, bungalows and other large property are all alike prohibited by the measure. The result is that practically dinner parties have ceased, and as a consequence the prices of ghee, one of the chief articles of consumption have not gone up as they usually do in marriage season. In any case, it is clear that the prohibition or restriction will reduce the consumption of ghee and prices, the consequence of which will be that less money will go into the pockets of the agriculturists, at a time when they are badly in need of it. One getting an income of, say, Rs. 15 per month out of ghee can earn Rs. 20 if prices improve. Why should the richer people be enabled to save money by the circular? Why cannot the circular exempt from its operation people paying income-tax, say, above Rs. 24 or so, and people paying land revenue, say, above Rs. 200 or so? Why should the money of the rich be prevented from going into the pockets of the poor agriculturists? Also why not allow the poorer to enjoy dinners at the cost of the rich who are minded to give them? As a fact one Suba is granting permissions individually to some, so that the principle is accepted that the rich need not be restricted. Then why not exempt the rich generally above a particular standard? The circular probably does harm to those for whose benefit it purports to have been issued. Let the circular protect only those who are poor but who ruin themselves by reason of a false sense of prestige in their caste.

Will the Subas, the Sar Suba and the Dewan Saheb consider the question and do the needful in the matter?—Yours, etc.,

OPEN MIND.

Reserve Bank Shares

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—May I crave the hospitality of your columns in the interest of the applicants of the Reserve Bank shares? In the prospectus issued by the Central Board, it is mentioned that refunds of subscriptions or portions of subscriptions in respect of which no shares have been issued, will be made as soon as possible after allotment. It is also mentioned that no interest will be paid on the amount so refunded.

When thousands of rupees have been taken from the public in advance with an understanding that no interest will be given on the money refunded, it was the primary duty of the Central Board of the Reserve Bank to issue allotment letters immediately the business was commenced and refund money to those who were not successful in getting the shares. In the prospectus no definite date or approximate period is given as to when the allotment letters will be issued. This means that taking money in advance, the Bank has secured its position, and the public even in spite of paying the full value of the shares are left in the dark whether they will get the shares or not. When an agreement or contract is made or legal formality of of some kind of terms are made, such terms give equal rights to both parties who enter into such a contrast or terms. The law does not say one party advantage over the weakness or helplessness of the other. When the Bank authorities took full value in advance, it was their duty to accept all applications or refund money in cases of non-acceptance before commencing the usual business. If this procedure is not followed, the public are entitled to get the refund of their money with interest in case their applications are not accepted. In my opinion the terms of the prospectus are defective, and I am afraid if the Bank authorities do not expedite the matter or explain the delay in issuing allotment letters, any applicant may lose patience, and after finding the legal flaw in the prospectus, may make a test case for the refund of money with interest if the shares are not allotted to him.—Yours, etc.,

APPLICANT.

Intermediate Examination

To The Editor of The "Chronicle."

Sir,—Recent criticisms in the press on the appointments of examiners of the Bombay University brought about a radical change in their appointment this year. Paper-setters and examiners are clearly distinguished. The man who sets questions does not now examine them as he used to do. Obviously, this radical change called for a change in the nature of the question papers. The Mathematics papers of the Intermediate examination, held during the last week, furnish a good example. The Trigonometry and Calculus papers were a clear departure from the usual nature of the questions. Questions from the First Year Syllabus, which though included in the Intermediate Syllabus and not put hereto in an examination paper were remarkable by their presence, thus violating the convention. Knowledge for them taken for granted, the students are generally asked to solve more important problems. On the contrary, questions from Properties of Triangles on which not less than two questions are set, are conspicuous by their absence. Trigonometry without Properties of Triangles means Hamlet with the Prince of Denmark left out. I am at a loss to think of the criterion the examiners would use in grudging the answers from Calculus, where questions not included in the Intermediate Syllabus, but included in the B.A. (Matha). Syllabus are scrupulously asked. Most of the students must have given blank books, for they must have encountered the difficulty of not understanding even the terms for reference! I wonder whether the examiners want to exhibit their knowledge rather than test the students on their knowledge of the subject. Will the University authorities take note?—Yours, etc.

G. S. D.

RUSSIAN WRITERS

(Continued from page 6).

mate place of its fall, and upon the search, to bring the remains to light.

Shearing Sheeps' Wool By Artificial Methods

Professor Ilyin, head of the All-Union Wool Institute, has concluded his experiments and now applied on a wide scale his method for the artificial shedding of sheeps' wool. By injecting of mixing with food a special preparation developed by Professor Ilyin, from 8 to 10 days after the treatment, the wool can be easily pooled out in handfuls in a period of time approximately 10 minutes in duration. All of the wool is shed, whereas when sheep are shorn by means of shears some 400 grams generally remains on the animal.

By varying the proportions of the chemical dose, partial shedding can be obtained, which results in the softer and more valuable hair coming out, while the coarse hair remains. Thus the laborious process of sorting the wool is eliminated. The method is also being successfully applied to rabbits, camels, reindeer and other fur-bearing animals. In experiments on rabbits it was discovered that rabbits can be made to shed four or five times a year, whereas under natural conditions they shed but twice a year.

Children's Cinema Theatres In Moscow.

Moscow to-day has six cinema theatres specially devoted to its school children, that are more than mere places of momentary amusement for the thousands of children who daily crowd into them. They are centres for the artistic education of the children, for not only do they see the films that is being shown that particular day, but they also have an opportunity to read children's books, play in mass games set to music, see exhibits, and listen to commentaries on the film being shown.

Most important of all, they may participate in the activities of the theatre. First however, the child must earn the right. This he can do by bringing a note from school attesting to his good conduct and success in studies, and contains the signatures of two "activists" who recommend him. He is then put through tests, and if he shows talent in any line, is accepted.

The "activities" as they are called, are divided into groups: elocution, rhythmics, chorus and mass dancing. They also have social duties. Those on duty not only give out books and games, but also see to it that the children keep themselves clean and tidy.

Saltykov-Shchedrin Public Library, Leningrad

The old-book room of the Saltykov-Shchedrin Public Library, in Leningrad, contains 2,000 early painted books, the newest of which is 435 years old. The collection is quite varied and among other books, contains: the first printed volume of Plato's works, a copy of the first edition of Petrarch's sonnets and one of the oldest manuscripts of Firdousi's 'Shahname'. There are two ancient Egyptian papyri, parts of the "Book of the Dead" 3,000 years old. The collection also includes: Mary Stuart's Prayer Book, the originals of edicts signed by Robespiere, letters written by Lincoln and Washington, and manuscripts of Schiller, Byron, Heine, Goethe, Hegel, Fichte, Danton and Diderot. Also Pushkin, Gogol, and a copy of Tolstoi's "Anna Karenina" filled with the annotations and corrections made by the author for the proof-readers.

M. L. A.'s LEAVE DELHI

NEW DELHI, April 10.

Most members of the Assembly left for their respective places this morning, and are leaving in the course of the day.

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai left for Bombay by the Frontier Mail and a large number of prominent Congressmen and Assembly members were present at the station.

Begum Shah Nawaz also left by the same train for Bombay "en route" to Geneva, where she will attend the Women's International Conference.—United Press.

SWADESHI, OUR OWN CONCERN

Bhulabhai's Impassioned Appeal At Nauchandi Fair

MEERUT, April 9.

"I am particularly glad to note that inspite of the fact that lakhs of people visit the fair every year, you have succeeded in reserving the main market for Swadeshi goods only.

It is a matter of shame to us that most of the foreign goods we purchase, are the products of the raw material exported by us," declared Mr. Bhulabhai Desai in the course of his address to the audience, while presiding over the prize-giving ceremony of the Nauchandi Fair.

"Swadeshi is not the concern of Government," continued Mr. Desai, "It is entirely a matter of spirit, a matter of self, and Mr. Stanley Baldwin, ex-Prime Minister of England admitted before the Lancashire Millowners that no Government, howsoever powerful, can force people to buy foreign cloth against their will"

Mr. Desai appealed for swadeshi and hoped that when any leader came to preside over the next year celebration he would be told that the Fair was entirely swadeshi.

COMMON FAIR.

The second thing that delighted Mr. Desai was that it is a common fair. He made an impassioned appeal for Hindu-Muslim unity and said that such common fairs as Nauchandi, where both the communities come to worship their deities, provide an excellent meeting place and are a noble attempt in that direction.—United Press.

PLAGUE & SMALL-POX PERSIST IN BARODA

(From Our Correspondent.)

BARODA, April 10.

During the week-ending April 6 plague is responsible for 7 attacks and 3 deaths in Petlad Taluka and Smallpox responsible for 139 attacks and 30 deaths, of which Baroda City recorded 20 attacks and 11 deaths Patan Taluka, 25 and 4, Padra Taluka 14 and 3, Kodinar Taluka 53 and 3, Navsari District 8 and 3.

HALF HEARTED & INADEQUATE

Council Of State Passes Wheat And Rice Duty Bill

NEW DELHI, April 10.

Mr. Stewart moved that the Bill amending the Indian Tariff Act (Wheat and Rice Duty Bill) as passed by the Assembly be taken into consideration. He repeated what Sir Joseph Bhore had stated in the Assembly on the position of Indian wheat. He said vis-a-vis Australian wheat, price of Indian wheat to-day was fifteen annas per cwt. better than the price of 1931.

Therefore a reduction of 8 annas in the duty would still give Indian wheat advantage over Australian wheat If the duty on Australian wheat was kept at a very high level there was danger of speculation and there would be no healthy competition from abroad. As regards rice he said duty had been imposed on broken rice which had been found to be a real danger against Indian rice. He assured the Council that if after some time it was found that the duties required to be raised in the interests of India they would be raised by the Governor-General by notification.

"HALF-HEARTED AND INADEQUATE"

Mr. Chari, welcoming the Bill, expressed the opinion that protection was half-hearted and inadequate. He urged Government to increase duty on rice if dumping of foreign rice was persisted in. He suspected that in imposing a small duty the Government of India had exhibited solicitude for susceptibilities of France, for Indo-China rice competed with Indian rice to a great extent.

Lala Ramsarandas agreed that the duty of Rs. 1-8 proposed in the Bill was sufficient but duty on flour was small and requested Government to come to the rescue of Indian flour mills in case of dumping of foreign flour in India.

Mr. Padshah said the duty was very small and would not protect rice producers. He urged raising of duty and its extension to unbroken rice.

Mr. Ghosh Maulick opposed all protective measures as they raised the prices of foodstuffs in Bengal to the detriment of the consumer.

Mr. Yamin Khan thought the reduction of duty on wheat was in pursuance of the policy of Government to encourage foreign interests.

Mr. Akbar Khan also thought that Government had no justification in reducing the wheat import duty by eight annas.

Mr. Suhrawardy while supporting the Bill expressed the opinion that the scheme of protection for rice would not at all help the Bengal cultivator.

Sardar Buta Singh also complained that the present measure was inadequate.

Sir David Devadoss urged the Government carefully to watch the situation and raise the duty at least to one rupee on rice.

GOVT. REASONS CHALLENGED

Mr. Hussain Imam challenged Government's reasons for reducing the wheat import duty which would not conduce to the increase of the purchasing power of the masses. As for the duty on broken rice, he affirmed that Government's action was entirely contrary to the recommendations of their own experts who had suggested a duty of twenty annas and it should be imposed not only on broken rice but also on full rice and paddy. He suspected that the idea of imposing duty only on broken rice was dictated by the Secretary of State from behind to safeguard the future separation of Burma by keeping the Indian market intact for Burma rice.

Mr. Jagdish Prasad supported the Bill and after Mr. Stewart's reply the motion for consideration was adopted.

UNCALLED FOR REDUCTION

At the concluding stage of the Bill Mr. Mehrotra, Lala Ramsarandas and Raja Ghaznafar Ali stressed the necessity for keeping the wheat import duty at the original level of two rupees.

The Bill was passed.

TEA CESS ACT.

Mr. Stewart moved that the Bill amending the Indian Tea Cess Act as passed by the Assembly be taken into consideration.

Mr. Suhrawrady supporting the Bill urged more representation of Indians on the Tea Cess Committee.

statement that tea contained poison.

Mr. Barua also joined Mr. Suhrawardy in the demand that there should be more Indian representation on the Tea Cess

(Continued in col. 3.)

(Continued from column 4).

Committee and trusted that the Tea Association would employ more and more Indian staff.

Sir David Devadoss asked how much money it was intended to collect by the proposed increase in the cess.

Mr. Stewart replied that the sum was fourteen lakhs of rupees.

The motion for consideration was passed as also the Bill in the shape in which it emerged from the Assembly.—A.P.

HALLET PRAISES KARACHI OFFICIALDOM

(Continued from page 1).

of the various police stations nor could he know where a disturbance might occur and post troops accordingly.

PAYS TRIBUTE TO OFFICIALS.

However when it was found that a mob of 30,000 was advancing towards the city, policemen armed with lathis and a British regiment were posted to interrupt their progress. The policemen were driven back. Then a platoon of British soldiers advanced with fixed bayonets. It was an extremely good example of discipline, of very high discipline, to be used in difficult circumstances. They drove the crowd back a short distance and returned to their original position and fired only one shot at first. If the crowd had been peaceful they would have dispersed, but the way in which they attacked a police sergeant and the Honorary Magistrates and advanced, showed that they were not peaceful. It was only when the platoon stood in danger of being overwhelmed that firing was ordered and by doing so the authorities saved the town of Karachi from a far greater disaster than the loss of lives caused by firing. Mr. Hallet ended by saying: We should pay a great tribute to those troops for their discipline and steadiness in the face of a very difficult situation and to the officers, both civil and military, who were in command of the situation! (Applause).

BELL SAW NOTHING

Mr. Sapru condemned the habit of extolling the murderer were he a religious fanatic or a patriot. He felt that Government would have been in a stronger position of they had agreed to an enquiry. By this if he was not suggesting that the firing was not justified. At the same time it was no use saying that the Home Member of the Bombay Government paid a visit to Karachi and held an investigation. The Home Member could not have seen all the interests affected by this unfortunate occurrence. (Raja Ghaznafarali Khan: He did not see any).

Continuing Mr. Sapru said that it was too much to expect the Council to accept the findihg of the Home Member. Therefore he was not justified in opposing the motion. Concluding he said he could not understand why the crowd was allowed to collect at all and why the police force was withdrawn after the burial. (Mr. Akbarkhan: They had collected to perform the funeral rights).

The Speaker: I would condemn a crowd which collected to honour a murderer.

WILL GOVT. GIVE REASONS?

Mr. Mehrotra said that at present communal feeling in Karachi was very high and it was not advisable to hold an enquiry now and rake up the embers and possibly have another communal riot. He wanted Government to give reasons for the police leaving a crowd of two or three thousand at the graveyard.

Mr. Kalika said he could not support the motion as after reading the communique he had come to the conclusion that the Karachi authorities took proper action at a time when communal feeling ran high.

SITUATION MISHANDLED

Mr. Hosain Imam said that the question before the House was the mishandling of the situation and not a communal issue and he still believed that if the Government had adopted preventive measures the situation could have been averted. The people merely wanted to say their prayers ordinarily due to the dead and if the authorities had suspected the intentions of the crowd, with three hundred soldiers besides the police, they should have formed a cordon around them and controlled the mob from going out of hand.

Mr Hallett: The crowd was over 20,000.

Mr. Imam: Three hundred troops can most certainly manage even bigger crowds.

Continuing, Mr. Hosain Imam, charged the Government with being guilty of criminal negligence when it was perfectly within their power, knowing that feelings ran high, to prevent such a calamity. In his opinion the crowd was not militant at all

NOT SATISFACTORY

Mr. Syed Padshah said that in view of the conflicting versions it was perfectly clear that the explanations contained in the statement were not satisfactory. Even responsible public men who had every regard for the maintenance of law and order, felt that the firing was excessive and that they were not questioning the legitimacy of the Government in taking adequate or even forcible preventive measures in a difficult situation but they genuinely felt that the precautions taken at Karachi were insufficient and required to be thoroughly enquired into. In his opinion the Government did not stand to lose anything by appointing a committee of enquiry but on the other hand they had everything to gain.

CRAIK RECALLS "OLD STORY."

Sir Henry Craik gave reasons why Government decided not to hold an enquiry. He said that Mr. Hussain Imam's speech provided one argument against an enquiry, namely, that Mr. Hussain Imam had already made up his mind that Government had first fomented trouble and then fired on a defenceless mob to establish another Jallianwala Bagh. Answering Mr. Malhotra's points the Home Member said that the nature of the area round the graveyard proved it was perfectly useless for the police to attempt to disperse the mob. Secondly, the fact that only two rounds were fired by each soldier at a time when the mob was practically on top of them showed that minimum firing was resorted to. Sir Henry Craik recalled the story of the Delhi riot of 1927 (Raja Ghaznafarali: An old story) Sir Henry Craik: It may be an old story but happens to be peculiarly important.

QUOTES LAHORE EXPERIENCE.

Sir Henry also instanced his personal experience in Alimdin's case in Lahore, when the crowd was not allowed to go anywhere near the city and another case in Lahore, where the Muslim victims of a communal clash were buried, but when the mourners returned to the city they indulged in a riot. As regards the suggestion for an impartial enquiry the Home Member said it was difficult to secure an impartial committee, especially if it was to include some local people. For instance, Sheikh Abdul Majid, a Muslim member of the Bombay Council, had already made up his mind that the local officials deserved censure and the same attitude was taken by some speakers in the House. As against that, he had received dozens of representations thanking the local authorities for the steps they took and holding that an enquiry was undesirable. The Home Member recalled that the Peshawar enquiry into the situation which arose after the arrest of Congress leaders was conducted by two High Court Judges; yet the Congress instituted its own enquiry under Mr. Patel. Moreover, the Government must keep in view the effect of any such enquiry on officials who might in future be faced with similar circumstances, circumstances. It was an established principle of law enshrined in the Penal Code that nothing is an offence done by persons who are bound by law to do so. Thus the soldiers fired under command. However, the higher military officials always held a searching enquiry into the circumstances of the case. As regards the Civil officers, it was easy for them sitting here and with the full circumstances of the case before them to say: "Well that was a wrong decision." Who was the Judge? (Hussain Imam: Public Opinion).

WHO CAN JUDGE?

Sir Henry Craik: There are 50 public opinions on a matter of this kind, which tribunal is competent to censure and punish an officer who in circumstances of such difficulty tried to do his best in carrying out his duty if, subsequently, some other persons acting on a different set of information may decide to imagine that the officer was wrong? The only way that officers can act in an emergency of this kind, is that they have the confidence of the public and of their superiors. In this case a most careful enquiry has shown that no mistake was made in handling this most deplorable and unfortunate incident."

Moreover Government were convinced that it would be impossible within a reasonable space of time to establish an atmosphere of impartiality and communal cordiality in which alone such an enquiry could successfully function.

When Mr. Yamin Khan rose to speak, two or three members requested the President that "the question be now put." The President called upon Mr. Yamin Khan who was already standing to speak.

Raja Ghaznafar Ali: It is very unfair.

The President: I must warn the Honourable Member to be careful as to the expressions he uses. I can call upon any Member to speak if he catches my eye.

Mr. Yamin Khan said that that it was a most sorrowful incident and advised the Government to go thoroughly into the matter of firing on the crowd by officers of the Government whenever such a case occurred.....

While Mr. Yamin Khan was speaking, the clock struck six and the President said: Order, order.

Thus the debate was talked out and the House adjourned till to-morrow.—A.P.

YOUTH AND WORLD PEACE

International Congress In August 1936

BOMBAY, April 10.

The International Federation of League of Nations Societies which held its Spring Meetings recently at the headquarters of the Federation, Campagne Rigot, Geneva, arrived at some interesting decisions regarding the Education of Youth and the Protection of Minorities.

The Federation decided to hold a World Youth Congress in August 1936 to determine the Role of Youth in the development of the organisation of peace, the programme to last ten days—five preliminary days of informal contact and exchange of ideas and five official days when discussion will centre on general subjects realising the great publicity value like :- The League of Nations and Organisation of Peace, 2. The Social Situation of Youth, 3. Nationalism and Peace, 4. Youth as an Element in International Understanding, 5. The International Duty of Youg People.—A. P.

"Goodwill Day" Broad Cast

BOMBAY, April 10.

A goodwill message, advocating comradeship throughout the world and remembering with gratitude those who have brought health and happiness to mankind, will be broadcast all over the world for the fourteenth year in succession on May 18, Goodwill Day, from the B. B. C. Station West Regional at 5-15 p.m., by the children of Wales.—A. P.

● The germs that cause colds, coughs, and sore throat are almost always present in the mouth. Usually they cause no harm. But when wet chilling weather brings lowered vitality, it's time to take sensible precautions.

Listerine kills these germs, as quickly and easily as it kills other types of dangerous germs. Be safe, keep healthy, gargle with Listerine, full strength, twice a day.

B-83

LISTERINE ANTISEPTIC

KILLS 200,000,000 GERMS IN 15 SECONDS

HOUSE-BREAKERS SENTENCED

Magistrate Commends Investigation Work Of Sergeant And Sub-Inspector

John Antony (Karwari) and Camilla Dias were sentenced yesterday by Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum, on charges of house-breaking and theft.

The first accused was sentenced on the first charge to 18 months' R I and a fine of Rs. 200 or in default three months' further R I and on the second charge to one year's R I, the sentences to run consecutively. The second accused was sentenced to 18 months' R I and a fine of Rs. 200 or in default three months' further R I.

The prosecution stated that on Jan. 31 last the residence of Mr. M G Koppikar, Asst: Accountant in the Bank of India, living on the Second Floor, Block No. 10, Pannalal Terrace, Grant Road, was broken into, the cupboard ransacked and property worth Rs. 2,341 stolen.

The Lamington Road Police were informed and Sub-Inspector Patel took charge of the investigations. A finger print expert was called, who took a photograph of the thumb impression on a mirror belonging to Mr. Koppikar. Later the second accused was arrested by Sergt. Race, of the Agripada Police station. The first accused was subsequently arrested and part of the stolen property recovered.

As the first accused had five previous convictions and the second accused three, the Magistrate sentenced them as above. The Magistrate said that the credit for the prompt arrest of the second accused and the subsequent investigations and the tracing of property was due to Sergt. Race and Sub-Inspector Savant.

The first accused is further sentenced for a period of nine months' R. I. in another case of house-breaking and theft at Bhoiwada on February 5 last. This judgment was delivered to-day.

CONGRESS AND ASSEMBLY

(Continued from page 6).

nection with an institution, that owes its existence greatly to him. Now that the excitement of election campaign is over, and the Parliamentarians have seriously settled down to business, the President of the Board might be relieved of all onerous duties and responsibilities, so that his name at least may continue to be associated, as the head of this institution. Even that arrangement would be helpful and conducive to the future development and growth of this newly formed Parliamentary Board. Particularly at a time when the Board is also inflicted with an irreparable and irreplaceable loss by the sad death of the late Mr. Sherwani, severance of another staunch Nationalist Muslim leader who is the head, would, at this juncture, cause further detriment to its future interests. We are certain Dr. Ansari is anxious to see this political child, mostly of his creation, grow into a healthy, powerful, resourceful and full-fledged youth and would be prepared to undergo some inconvenience and trouble to achieve that object.

Stay On A While

It is necessary to retain the cosmopolitan and national character of the Board. It has gone a great way to satisfy the minority sentiment and thus secure their valuable co-operation and association, even at the cost and risk of incurring displeasure and losing support of other equally valued colleagues and associates. And I am certain that considering the present weak state of Dr. Ansari's health, the Board will endeavour its utmost to accommodate its President in a manner, so as to impose on him the least burden and cause him minimum inconvenience; a Deputy President may be appointed to attend to and discharge all the important functions of his office, the President being consulted and his advice sought for only on rare and important occasions. As it is in spite of his failing health, Dr. Ansari has agreed, to tender, on such occasions, his advice and guidance to the Board. Instead of giving them informally, as a friend, he may continue to do so as its head and President and all the normal day-to-day routine work should be carried on by the Deputy President and the office-bearers, without even referring to him.

(To be Continued.)

SERVANT'S CHARGE AGAINST MISTRESS

Magistrate Rejects Story Of Assault With Knife & Dismisses Case

Mrs. Maisee Mathews was charged with voluntarily causing hurt to one Eknath Laxuman with a bread knife, before Mr. Oscar Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon.

The prosecution story was that the complainant was the table boy of the accused. On the 22nd of February the complainant had used dirty linen, whilst preparing his master's tiffin. The accused reprimanded the complainant and picking up the bread knife made two slashes at the servant who would have received them on his head had he not warded them off with his left hand which had two incised wounds certified to be so by the Police Surgeon.

The defence totally denied these charges and stoutly maintained that the injuries were self-inflicted, the object of the complainant being to extort money from the accused.

The learned Magistrate in his judgment said that there were many discrepancies in the prosecution story and that a lady should twice attack a servant merely because he had used dirty linen was a punishment out of all proportion to the alleged offence. Moreover, the injuries were slight and being on the left side lent colour to the theory of the injuries being self-inflicted. Consequently he gave the accused the benefit of the doubt and acquitted her.

Mr. R. D. Kothare, B.A., LL.B., the Police Prosecutor, conducted the prosecution, whilst Mr. E. Biem Advocate appeared for the defence.

Principal A B Dhruva, who has retired from the principalship of the Hindu University, has been appointed as the Director of Sanskrit studies in the Hindu University. He will guide research in Sanskrit and will continue to Act as the pro-vice-Chancellor of the University.

MORTALITY IN C. P. INCREASES

Epidemics Play Havoc With Population

NAGPUR, April 8. (By Mail).

The total mortality from epidemic diseases in the C. P. reported for the week ended March 30, was 219 against 127 in the preceding week. Cholera was responsible for 208 attacks and 92 deaths. It showed an increase in the districts of Jubbulpore, Saugor and Hoshangabad.

There were 273 attacks and 16 deaths from plague, which showed an increase in the districts of Chindwara and Hoshangabad and decrease in Nagpur.

There were 924 attacks and 95 deaths from small-pox, which showed an increase in the districts of Wardha, Jubbulpore, Hoshangabad, Nimar Rampur and several other parts.

A mild type of influenza also appeared in many parts of the C. P. Active measures are being taken in all the infected districts. —A. P.

GOVERNMENT & CORPORATION

Nariman Sees Governor

Mr. Khurshed F. Nariman, the Mayor of Bombay, saw Lord Brabourne, the Governor of Bombay, on Wednesday. The interview between the two lasted for about half an hour.

It appears that it is customary for the newly-elected Mayor to see the Governor of Bombay and discuss with him about the working of Municipal Corporation. Mr. Husseinally Rahimtoola, the ex-Mayor, had some discussion with the Governor regarding some financial adjustment between the Government and the Corporation. The Mayor was asked if he wished to continue the discussions and he agreed informally to meet the Governor. It is understood that in the near future a Conference of the representatives of the Corporation and the Bombay Government will be held to arrive at some amicable settlement about the financial adjustment between the two administrations.

QUARREL OVER LOAN OF 6 ANNAS

Altercation Between Friends Ends In Assault With Knife

A loan of six annas was responsible for an altercation between two friends and stabbing of one of them on Tuesday night.

Karim Dadabhai, accused in the case, it was stated, had given to a friend a loan of six annas. On Monday morning, when he met his friend, he is stated to have demanded back the sum. An altercation took place in which the accused is alleged to have drawn out a knife and stabbed the complainant, who had to be detained in the hospital.

Karim was bailed out in the sum of Rs. 100 yesterday at the Mazagaon Court.

The proceedings of the Kapurthala State Depressed Classes Conference have commenced. A huge procession of about 2,000 Harijans hailing from different parts of the State went round the main bazars of the city yesterday.

AN ANNOUNCEMENT EXTRAORDINARY!

SWASTIKA'S PROUD PRESENTATION!

Dard-e-Ulfat

OR

PANGS OF LOVE

Directed by: One of the India's ablest Directors DHIRUBHAI DESAI

Produced under the personal supervision of Mr. C. R. GVALANI

One complete year to produce—one and a half lakh rupees required to make the picture gorgeous and splendid

Await to see the Mighty Spectacle of all the times!

AWAIT FOR THE GALA OPENING. Swastik Talkies *Late Carlton—at* LAMINGTON RD. Famous for Supreme Sound & Supreme Shows.

From To-morrow

Do You Know

that

THE BEST TECHNICAL EQUIPMENT
THE GREATEST STUDIO,
THE CLEVEREST ARTISTES,
&
THE BEST CRAFTSMANSHIP TRADITIONS
have combined to MAKE

CHANDRASENA

It's a "PRABHAT" SUPER

GORGEOUS SETTINGS

Presenting the huge structures from No-Man's Land—

Designed by: S. FATEHLAL

Directed by: V. SHANTARAM who gave you Amrit Manthan

Picturized by: DHYBER

Audiographed by: V. DAMLE

NOVEL BACKGROUND MUSIC

Composed by: K. BHOLEY PRABHAT'S WIZARD MUSICIAN

2 NOVEL FEATURES

1. NEW TECHNIQUE in Background Orchestral Music—The invention of PRABHAT'S Music Wizard—K. BHOLEY
2. GORGEOUS SETTINGS

Behold these Jewels in the Cast
NALINI
GULAB
SURESHBABU
KELKAR
MANE
BUASAHEB

Presenting a dreamland as Prabhat alone can!!

PRABHAT'S FIRST MUSICAL EXTRAVAGANZA

FROM TO-MORROW The auspicious RAMNAVMI DAY

AT

MINERVA TALKIES

LAMINGTON ROAD.

TO-MORROW SPECIAL SHOW at 12 Noon
Other Shows at 3, 5-30, 8, and 10-30 p.m.

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON DOWN BY 3 POINTS

Crossrates Quiet After Initial Firmness

GOLD WEAK BUT SILVER AND METALS STRONG

Wheat Better And Jute Steady

BOMBAY, April 10

On Wednesday, cross rates moved upward at first but thereafter ruled quiet.

RESTRICTED BUSINESS IN NEW YORK COTTON

New York cotton was firm but business was restricted constructive news from Washington created bullish sentiment in the market.

GOLD WEAK AND SILVER FIRM

London gold was weak but silver was firm.

WHEAT BETTER AND METAL STEADY

Wheat was better. Metals were steady.

GILTEDGED SECURITIES NOT IN MUCH DEMAND

The London Stock Exchange showed signs of weakness due to the lack of interest. Giltedged securities were not much in demand.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

(July 1935.)

New York, April 10

Previous closing	11.32
To-day's opening	11.34
Difference	+02
To-day's closing	11.29
Difference	—.03

LIVERPOOL COTTON

(July 1935.)

Liverpool, April 10

Previous closing	6.19
To-day's opening	6.24
Difference	+05
To-day's closing	6.23
Difference	+04

BROACH EXPECTATION

July-August ..... Rs. 225-8

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

New York, April 10

Cotton continued to display improved sentiment on further support from local and foreign interests influenced by constructive developments in Washington but in the absence of any definite pronouncements operators are not disposed to enter the market aggressively.

Meanwhile interest is focussed on the question of the removal of the processing tax and the continuance of Government loans while measures proposed in the work relief bill are also attracting attention.

Operators started trading in July at 11.34 i.e. 2 points higher than the previous closing. Prices advanced on fairly good buying and higher Liverpool advices while constructive news from the capital caused a certain amount of covering and trade buying which caused July to rise to 11.38 but the absence of follow-through confined movements to a narrow margin.

The New York cotton market finally closed at 11.29 with a decline of 3 points.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, April 10

The following were the opening ranges.

May (11.13/11.13) 11.29/11.28
July (11.20/11.19) 11.35/11.34
October (10.87/10.86) 10.99/10.98

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, April 10

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.

American March (6.27) 6.30
American July (6.28) 6.24
Egyptian March (8.11) 8.05
Egyptian July (8.10) 8.04

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, April 10
10-45 p.m.

There was no business at night.

PUNJAB WHEAT MARKETS
(Special to 'Chronicle')

Messrs. Arroramal Durgadas wire:—

Okara, April 10.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Spot Dara per maund	1	15	6
Spot Dara good quality	2	0	6
Ashadh delivery	2	0	0
Aso delivery	2	3	9

Weather clear, market ruled easy.

Toria ready	4	8	0
Toria Ashadh delivery	4	10	0

The tone of the market is easy. Punjab wheat report shows 29 lakhs bags more than last year.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.

Bombay, April 10.

	cwts.
Wheat	13,915
Linseed	44,661
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	402
Gingellyseed	77
Poppyseed	490
Groundnuts	1,975
Castorseed	1,429
Rice	7,893
Myrabollams	4,811
Cottonseed	11,870
Gram	1,508
Jowar	1,065
Bajree	336
	tons.
Coal	1,825

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON.

New York, April 10

Previous closing	4.84 1/8
To-day's opening	4.85 1/8
To-day's closing	4.84 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK.

London, April 10

Previous closing	4.84 1/8
To-day's opening	4.84 3/4
To-day's closing	4.84 9/16
Difference	+.00 7/16

FRANC RATE

London, April 10

Previous closing	73.41
To-day's opening	73.56
To-day's closing	73.46
Difference	+.05

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, April 10

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.84-3/4 and then improved to 4.85-9/16 but subsequently slid back to 4.84-5/8.

The sterling dollar cross rate finally closed at 4.84 9/16.

Franc opened at 73.56 and advanced to 73.65 eventually rising to 73.71.

The sterling franc cross rate finally closed at 73.46.

LONDON SILVER

London, April 10

The market was steady.

	Last price	To-day's price
Forward	28 13/16d.	28 15/16d.
Spot	28 15/16d.	29 1/16d.

LONDON GOLD

London, April 10

Gold per ounce (£7-4-1 1/2) £7-3-6

DISCOUNTS

London, April 10

3 months (9/16 to 5/8 p.c.) 9/16 to 5/8 p.c.
4 months (5/8 to 11/16 p.c.) 5/8 to 11/16 p.c.
6 months (11/16 to 3/4 p.c.) 11/16 to 3/4 p.c.

CROSS RATES.

London, April 10
3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay (1-6 1/8)	1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (5.53 1/8)	5.55 7/8
New York on Bombay (36.50)	36.56
Berlin on Bombay (0.91 1/2)	0.90 3/4
London on Shanghai (1-6 3/4)	1-6 3/4
London on Milan 58.06)	58.40
London on Kobe (1-2 1/16)	1-2 1/16

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, April 10

Silver opened steady at Rs 68/7, 75/11 and 68/15. The market was moderately active to-day on scattered buying and covering while better London cables induced considerable covering and renewed buying by local interest with prices sharply rising which closed steady at Rs. 69/5, 76/9 and 69/13.

Gold opened steady at Rs. 35/13, 35/13/9 and 35/14/9.

Interest was lacking and prices worked lower in the absence of any important activity with foreign exchanges causing a slight setback. Prices closed steady at Rs. 35/12/6, 35/13/3 and 35/14/3.

CROPS DAMAGED BY HAILSTORM

SHEIKHUPURA, April 9.

Sheikhupura and adjoining villages were visited in the weekend by a severe cloudburst accompanied br a hailstorm of an intensity not experienced during recent years. In a number of villages the crops are reported to have been almost ruined and a number of sheep and goats are reported to have been struck and killed by hailstones some of which weighed several ounces.—A. P.

COMMODITIES

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, April 10

Liverpool wheat opened steady with May at 64-1/2. July 67-1/8 and October 69-1/8. Although prices kept steady there was very little doing.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, April 10

Chicago wheat opened steady with May at 0.96. Prices advanced on good commission house buying and covering demand influenced by better foreign reports.

LONDON MARKETS

London, April 10

The following were the rates at 3-30 p.m.

METALS

Tin (£224 1/2 buyers £224 3/4 sellers Firm) £223 1/4 buyers £223 3/4 sellers. Quiet.

Lead (£12 buyers £12 1/8 sellers. Steady) £12 1/16 buyers £12 1/8 sellers. Steady.

Electrolytic Copper (£35 1/4 o £36) £35 to £35 1/2

Glasgow (£70) £70

TEA

Indian Pekoe (0-9) 0-9
Indian Pekoe higher (0-11 1/2) 0-11 1/2
Ceylon Pekoe (0-10 1/2) 0-10 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-7 1/2) 2-6

JUTE

Crop April-May (£17 5/8 value) £17 11/16 buyers
Dunlop April (£20 1/4) £20 1/4
Lightning April (£18 3/4) £18 3/4

RUBBER

Spot April-June (5 1/2) 5 13/16

LINSEED

Linseed Bombay April-May (£12 1/8 sellers) £12 1/8 sellers
Linseed Calcutta April-May (£11 7/16) £11 1/2
Linseed La Plata (£9 7/16) £9 1/2
Groundnuts Coromandal (£14 1/2) £14 9/16

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association.)

Bombay, April 10

	Rs.	a.	p.
Rates at 9-0 a.m.	6	11	9
Rates at 12-0 noon	6	11	3
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	6	10	9
Rates at 5-30 p.m.	closed		
Rates at 6-30 p.m.	closed		
Rates at 8-30 p.m.	closed		
Rates at 9-30 p.m.	closed		

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, April 10

	Rs.	a.	p.
Wheat May	4	6	0
Linseed May	6	10	9

The tone was quiet.

RESERVE BANK

Weekly Account

The following press communique has been issued:

An account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ending on the 5th April 1935:

(Figures in thousands of rupees)

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES

Notes held in the Banking Department	19,05,00
Notes in circulation	1,66,99,97
Total Liabilities	1,86,05,26

ASSETS

A. Gold coin in bullion	
(a) held in India	41,55,19
(b) held outside India	2,86,98
Sterling securities	48,62,95
Total of A.	93,05,12
B. Rupee coin.	49,94,95
Government of India Rupee Securities	43,05,19
Internal Bills of Exchange and other	—
Total Assets	1,86,05,26

BANKING DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES

Capital paid up	5,00,00
Reserve Fund	5,00,00
Deposits.	
(a) Government	18,36,41
(b) Banks	7,82,07
(c) Others	—
Bills payable	43
Other liabilities	1,85
	36,20,76

ASSETS

Notes	19,05,29
Rupee coin	3,30
Subsidiary coin	1,04
Bills discounted	
(a) Internal	—
(b) External	—
(c) Government of India Treasury Bills	—
Balance held abroad	11,94,95
Loans and Advances to the Government	—
Other Loans and Advances	—
Investments	5,00,00
Other Assets.	16,18
	36,20,76

HIGHER LEVELS INDUCE PROFIT-TAKING ON STOCK EXCHANGE

ITALY NEGOTIATING BARTER ARRANGEMENTS FOR PLATE WHEAT

Rubber Irregular Owing To American Influences

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, April 10

Business in all sections was small and with recent higher levels inducing some profit taking, markets generally were less certain.

In Commodities, Wheat was strong, bears rushed cover on news that Italy and Belgium are taking French wheat and Italy is also negotiating barter arrangements for plate wheat. Rubber was rather irregular owing to American influences.

Sterling opened firm in terms of gold currencies but later eased on suspected official Continental intervention Wall Street opened firm.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, April 10

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £92 3/4

PREVIOUS CLOSING RATES.

Tuesday, April 2, £93 1/4
Wednesday, April 3, £93 1/4
Thursday, April 4, £93
Friday, April 5, £92
Monday, April 9 £92 3/4
Tuesday, April 10 £93 1/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, April 10
3-30 p.m.

The demand slackened after general firmness in the market. Giltedgeds were quiet and generally easier. Oil shares were firmer. Industrials generally were steady but business was restricted.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£87) £86 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£106 7/8) £106 3/4
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£113) £113 1/8
4 per cent Funding Loan (£117 3/8) £117 3/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£106 3/8) £106 1/8
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£115 7/8) £115 3/4

INDUSTRIALS

British Homestores 7 p.c. Preference cumulative (27-9) 27-9
Marks and Spencer Splits share (5 1/8) 5 1/8
Hydro Electric (dol 2 3/4) dol 3 1/8
Musical Industries (27-7 1/2) 28-9
Princhin Johnson (38-9) 38-9
Imperial Chemical (35-0) 35-0
Imperial Chemical Ord (8-7 1/2) 8-7 1/2
Woolsworth New Ford (103-7 1/2) 103-7 1/2
Realisation 1930 (87-0) 87-0
Dunlop Rubber (48-7 1/2) 48-7 1/2
University Ordinary (26-6) 27-3
Ford Motors (31-6) 31-6
Cables and Wireless (5 5/8) 5 5/8
British American Tobacco (113-1 1/2) 112-6
Camera A (£7 5/8) £7 5/8
Imperial Tobacco Ord (135-0) 135-7 1/2
P and O S N Co Defd (16-0) 17-0
Distillers (92-0) 91-3
Bred and Dyers (7-6) 7-6
British Celonese (9-4 1/2) 9-4 1/2
J and P Coates Ordinary (63-9) 63-9
Courtaulds Ordinary (49-6) 49-6
Fine Cotton Spinners (6-9) 6-9
Western Ltd Ordinary (10-0) 10-0
Inter Nickels (26-0) 26-0
Bengal Iron and Steel (5-3) 5-3
Tata Iron and Steel (£110 1/2) £110 1/2

INDIAN LOANS

London, April 10
3-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian Stock (£84 1/2 £84
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£93 1/2) £92 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950/55 (£114) £114
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68 (£117 1/2) £117
4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£108) £108
5 per cent Indian 1942/47 (£ 1/2) £116
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-58 (£105) £105

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent Australian Loan (£109 1/4) £109 1/4

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (19-4 1/2) 19-4 1/2
Donaro Tea (41-0) 41-0
Empire of India and Ceylon (33-9) 33-9

JUTE SHARES

Bangalore (£15) £15

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (22-1 1/2) 22-1 1/2
Gula Kelampong (20-0) 20
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (29-1 1/2) 29-1 1/2

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (56-3) 55-7 1/2
Burma Corporation (8-6) 8-6
Rio Tintos (£16 3/4) £16 3/4
East Rand Proprietary (51-6) 51-6
Rand Mines (156-3) 158-9

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (42-6) 42-6
Anglo Dutch (50-7 1/2) 50-7 1/2
Burma Oil (75-0) 75
Mexican Eagle (3-3) 3-3
Shell Transport (52-6) 53-9
Royal Dutch (£20 5/8) £20 5/8

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (49) 49
L M Ford (18 3/4) 18 3/4
L N E R Defd (£6 1/8) £6 1/8
Southern Dutch (£23 7/8) £23 1/4
London Pass 5 per cent (£132) £131
London Board G Stock (£93 1/2) £93 1/2

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (281-3) 280-0
Goddar New (215) 217-6
Moddar New (80) 80
Sub Nigel (283-9) 283-9
Union Corporation (156-3) 155-9
Spring Mines (198-9) 200-0

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, April 10

General Motor (dol 28 7/8) dol 28 1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 10 3/4) dol 11
U S Steel Common (dol 29 5/8) dol 31 3/8
U S Steel Preference (dol 78 3/4) unquoted.

JUTE SHARES BETTER

Govt. Securities Steady

CALCUTTA, April 10.

Jutes were better towards the close. In coals, Bengals dropped by about 12, and Equitables by annas eight from former prices, while Talchers were steady at lower levels. Teas were dull. Miscellaneous revealed no special feature. Government securities ruled fairly steady. Following were the closing quotations.

Government Securities: 3-1|2 per cent Government Paper 91|3; 4 per cent Loan 1960|70 104|11.

Banks: Imperial fully paid 1513; Imperial Conty 376; Reserve Bank 118|8.

Coals: Equitable 37|4; West Jamuria 12|10.

Jutes: Adamjee ordy. 15|8; Anglo-India 472|8; Anglo-India Pref. 148 small lot; Bally 208|8; Barnagore 166|8; Budge Budge 307; Clive ordy 30|12 small lots; Fort-Gloster 579 small lot; Fort William ordy 312; Gourepore 333|8; Ganges ordy 315; Howrah ordy 54|10; Hukumchand 13|12; India 397; Kamarhatty ordy 534; Lansdowne 168|8; National 23|8 small lots; Nuddea 54; Reliance 74; Waverley ordy 2|5; Benares Elec. 14|4 odd lot cum div; Bengal Telephone ordy 17|12; Bengal Iron 3|7; B. I. Corp ordy 2|14; India Paper pulp 151; Midnapore Zemindary 62; Cawnpore Sugar ordy 32|12 small lot; Debentures; Seven per cent Ganesh Sugar Mills 104|8.—A.P.

AGARWAL MAHA-SABHA SESSION

Will Be Held At Jubbulpore On April 27

(From A Correspondent).

JUBBULPORE, April 10.

The Agarwala Mahasabha holds the 16th session under Babu Moolchandji's presidentship from 27th to 29th April in their own pandal along with Nauyuwak Sammelan and the Mahilasabha Session presided by Mr. Nawalkishoreji Bharatia and Mrs. Parvatidebi Gidwania respectively.

This session is expected to be fully representative as the All-India Congress Committee, the Parliamentary Board, Harijan Sabha and Music Conference are also holding sessions here and delegates from all provinces are expected.

Mr. Narsinghdeoji is striving his best to make the session successful.

NATIONAL WEEK AT ALLAHABAD

ALLAHABAD, April 10.

Even though no public demonstrations are being made here, in connection with the National Week the Congress workers are doing vigorous propaganda for enrolment of members and volunteers. Many workers are also going from house to house to sell Khadi. It is stated that Khadi is being disposed of in large quantities.—United Press.

Shipping News

Exports And Imports

ARRIVALS

Bombay, April 10.

S.S. Japan, Capt. R Magnussin, (Agents Lionel Edwards Ltd.) from Gothenburg via Bhavnagar.

S.S. Jalavijaya, Capt. F P W Lewis, (Agents Scindia Steam N Co.) from Calcutta via Coast Ports.

DEPARTURES

Bombay, April 10.

S.S. Anyo Maru, Capt. Kaneko, (Agents N Y Kaisha) for Kobe via Colombo.

S.S. Japan, Capt. R. Magnusson, (Agents L Edward Ltd.) for Madras.

S.S. Fusijama, Capt. G Mirconi, (Agents Lloyd Triestino) for Triest via Verawal.

S.S. Victoria, Capt. E Macaluso, (Agents Lloyd Triestino) for Genoa via Aden.

S.S. Tuscania, Capt. W B Rome, (Agents Graham Trading Co., for Marseilles and Liverpool.

S.S. Jalavihar, Capt. J P Bhandara, (Agents Scindia Steam N Co. Ltd) for Maulmein.

LOADING

Bombay, April 10.

S.S. Strathaird for London via Aden.

S.S. Varsova for Basra via Karachi.

S.S. Barala for Basra via Coast Ports.

EXPORTS

Bombay, April 10.

S.S. Dalgoma for London.—132 drums mang. chloride Pioneer Mang. Works; 600 bags meat and bone meal A Dawan & Co.

For Dunkirk.—44 bales cotton fly L Oghaddas Vora.

For Hull—270 bags dell seed T S Thadani & Sons.

For Antwerp.—130 bales cotton fly Indian Gr. Export Co.

S.S. Tuscania for Glasgow.—28 bags kurdiseed T S Thadani & Sons; 325 bags gr. oil cake H K H Shariff.

S.S. Victoria for Genoa.—20 bales cotton raw The O C Twist Co; 55 bales cotton raw B Harakchand & Co.

For Alexandretta.—10 bales cotton yarn A H Diab.

S.S. Alipore for Frementa.—62 bags myrabollams K Trecumji.

For Kobe.—409 bales cotton raw K Shivji; 100 bales cotton raw N Fatehally & Co; 300 bales cotton raw S J David & Co.

For Osaka.—100 bales cotton raw K Ganjia & Co; 300 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros.

S.S. Anya Maru for Hong Kong.—240 bags gum E S Abdul Qayam; 56 bales sharkfins H L Gerairi; 20 bales apricats N Tokersee & Co; 159 bundles gum E Mauji & Co.

For Yokkaichi.—250 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha.

For Nagasaki.—50 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha.

For Kobe.—200 bales cotton raw N Nagshi & Co; 554 bales cotton raw Langley & Co; 50 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha.

S.S. Taijen Maru for Osaka.—200 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha.

For Yokkaichi.—200 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha.

S.S. Nagato Maru for Kobe.—200 bales cotton raw L Rawji & Co; 700 bales cotton raw T M Kaisha.

For Osaka.—500 bales cotton raw T M Kaisha.

IMPORTS

Bombay, April 10.

S.S. City of Lyons, Agents K Nixon & Co., from Liverpool.—775 cs. c. g. goods; 125 bales cotton; 40 bales wool tops; 95 bales cotton yarn; 163 cases tiles; 281 cases machinery; 48 pieces e'ware; 500 bundles g. c. sheets; 205 cases provision; 50 cases safety fuses; 59 bundles st. bars; 30 cases cnd. fruits; 25 bundles old newspapers; 25 cases aluminum circles; 370 cases lail; 113 bundles hardware.

From Swansea.—725 bales g. c. sheets; 550 pieces tin plates; 713 bundles st. sheets; 624 bundles st. circles; 2400 bundles copper sheets.

From New Ports—1500 bundles black sheets; 1825 bundles st. hoops; 200 bs. tin plates; 257 bundles g. c. sheets; 1400 bales hardware; 45 kgs. paints.

S.S. Vita, Agents M M & Co., from Busrah.—67 bags hartuman; 160 bags beans; 300 bags barly; 300 bags seed.

From Karachi.—70 cases assofetida; 5277 bags dates; 135 bales cotton.

S.S. Bandra, Agents M M & Co., from Mahamerah.—50 bundles kishmish; 160 bags gum; 65 bundles attari; 65 bags skins; 264 bags poppy seed; 74 bags o. seed.

From Bushire.—34 bags almonds; 47 bags gum; 47 bundles skins; 68 bags boots.

From B'Abhas.—35 bags gislas.

From Jask.—200 bags matoots.

From Muscat.—236 bags sardine, 557 bags dates.

S.S. Bara Rainsay, Agents G T Co., from Tanpica.—7133 b|s. asphalt.

S.S. Badarpur, Agents B Shell from Rangoon.—643317 gallons k. oil; 1707 casks lub. oil; 400 casks turpentine; 130 casks mineral oil; 80 casks d. oil; 327 cases grease; 467 bags gara. wax; 157 cases candles; 4438.71 tons banzine.

S.S. Bene, Agents James Mack., from Constanza.—2957 tons k. oil.

S.S. Islamia, Agents T M & Co., from Jeddah.—5 cases spices; 21 bags gum; 18 bundles Oslakaddas.

S.S. Br. Viscount, Agents, Anglo Persian Oil Co., from Abadan.—10701.7 tons furnace oil.

S.S. Shwedagon, Agents S Bras. & Co., from Rangoon.—1531.43 tons d. petralum; 173 casks lub. oil; 600 casks acle oil; 718615 gals, k. oil; 49 cases grease.

S.S. Graceasa, Agents F F Campbell & Co., from Port Blair.—177 pieces dhup logs; 83 pieces papita; 67 pieces bakata.

S.S. Haveldas, Agents A Ojha & Sons from Calcutta.—6824 tons coal.

THUNDERSTORM IN ASSAM

Temperature Below Normal In Punjab

POONA, April 10.

Thunderstorm and rain generally occurred over the western Himalayas and at a few stations in Orissa, Bengal, Assam and north Madras coast. Temperatures continue to be appreciably below normal in and around the Punjab.

Chief Amount of Rainfall.

Silchar two inches; Chittagong one and half inches; Balasore quarter inch; Murree one inch; Simla half inch; Sonamarg, Dalhousie and Drosh quarter inch each; and Gopalpur half inch.

Forecast.

Thundershowers will occur locally in Kashmir and extend in East Bengal and Assam.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY BOMBAY

Summary of Meteorological Observation during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 10-4-1935.

Change of 8 a.m. Barometer in past 24 hours —021 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at a.m. 79.2 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 72.4 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 89.6 degrees 1.7 (above normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 73.3 degrees 1.3 (below normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 71 p.c.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. ENE

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 4 miles per hour.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 10-4-35.

At 8-7 a.m local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 82.7 deg F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.03 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.82 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

HAD LUMBAGO FOR SIX YEARS

Spent A Small Fortune Seeking A Cure

Says KRUSCHEN is a "BOON TO MANKIND"

For six years this man suffered with lumbago. After spending a small fortune on various treatments, he tried Kruschen Salts. Within three weeks he felt a new man. He expresses his gratitude in the following letter:—

"For six years I have been a martyr to lumbago and rheumatism. I have spent a small fortune on treatments and specifics, without avail. I was advised several times to try Kruschen Salts, but only recently overcame my scepticism that such a cheap remedy could be of any use.

"Now, after three weeks' treatment, I feel a new man and walk with pleasure instead of pain. I sleep as I haven't slept for years, and am filled with a deep sense of gratitude to the chemists who have evolved such a boon to mankind."—R. T.

Lumbago, like gout and rheumatism, is caused by an excess of uric acid in the blood. If you could see how Kruschen dulls the sharp edges of those uric acid crystals, then dissolves them away altogether, you would agree that this scientific treatment must bring relief from the agony of lumbago.

Kruschen Salts is obtainable at all Chemists, Stores and Bazars.

No Danger To Tata Steel Products

BELGA DEVALUATION FEARS SET AT REST

Belgian Govt. Out To Arrest Fall In Prices

BOMBAY, April 10.

The following communique has been issued by the Consul-General for Belgium in Bombay:—

The devaluation of the Belga seems to have caused a stir amongst the Indian importers, who were apprehending a sharp fall in prices of Belgian products.

Fears were entertained more specially with regard to Iron and Steel products. In this respect, I am in a position to state that the prices governed by the Cartel and established in sterling will not be affected, on account of the devaluation of the Belga.

On the other hand, the Belgian Government have decided to establish a control by way of export licences on all articles for which this measure may be deemed necessary to avoid dislocation of prices in foreign markets.

The formality of licences will come into operation immediately for foot-rugs, cotton and woollens, cement, bricks, glassware (gobeleterie) and crushed stone.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

SETTLEMENT.

Bombay, April 10.

3 1/2 per cent G P N Sett 91/1
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash 91/0/6
4 per cent 1960/70 Sett 104/6
4 per cent 1960/70 Cash 104/5
5 per cent 1945/55 Sett 115/8
5 per cent 1945/55 Cash 115/8

TAX FREES.

4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore 104
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 115
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore 104/8
6 1/2 per cent 1935 B D L 101/9

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES (CASH).

3 per cent 1941 100/4
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 100/14
4 per cent 1943 105
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 109/8
5 per cent 1939/44 107/8
5 per cent 1940/43 108/8
5 per cent 1935 100/8
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 107/14
6 1/2 per cent 1935 T B 101/8

CORPORATION LOANS (TAXABLES)

4 per cent B P T 1974 101/8
4 per cent M Deb 1974 101
5 per cent M Deb 1959 112
6 per cent M Deb. 1954 123
6 per cent K P T 1956 123
6 1/2 per cent B I T 1937 105

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government paper opened at Rs. 91/4 and declined to Rs. 90/11 on profit-taking. Later on prices advanced to Rs. 91/5 but there was renewed profit-taking.

Later on the local market was quiet at Rs. 91/1. London opening 3 1/2 per cent Sterling loan was 5 shillings higher.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, April 9.

3 per cent India Sterling Loan £83 1/2
3 1/2 per cent India Sterling Loan 1942/3 1/4
3 1/2 per cent India Sterling Loan 1954/59 £105
4 per cent India Sterling Loan 1948/53 £108 1/2
4 1/2 per cent India Sterling Loan 1950/55 £114
4 1/2 per cent India Sterling Loan 1958/68 £117
5 per cent India Sterling Loan 1942/47 £116
5 1/2 per cent India Sterling Loan 1936/38 £105 1/2
6 per cent India Sterling Loan 1935/37 £102 5/8
2 1/2 per cent British Consols £87 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Conversion £107
3 1/2 per cent War Loan £107

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, April 10.

The local silver market was fairly steady to-day on better New York advices. Shanghai T. T. on London closed to-day at 1.6 3/4. In the market first settlement opened at Rs. 75/10 and improved to Rs. 75/12. It is said that a professional operator is heavily long against double options and on any rise it is feared that he may unload on outsiders, so there is less inclination to buy. The gold market was quiet but steady with a moderate turnover and prices fluctuated within a narrow range.

	Rs. a. p.
Ready silver	68 12 0
Chaitra delivery	75 14 0
Vaishakh delivery	69 2 0
Ready gold	35 13 0
Chaitra delivery	35 13 6
Vaishakh delivery	35 14 0

LONDON SILVER.

London, April 9.

Silver—Market dull.

Spot	28-13/16
Forward	28-15/16

LONDON GOLD.

London, April 9.

Gold Bars Fine per oz. £7 4-1-1/2

NEW YORK SILVER

New York, April 9.

Spot silver prices were again raised to-day by 3/8 cent to 63 cents to-day.

MONTREAL SILVER FUTURES

Montreal, April 9.

May	63.50+45
July	64.20+50
September	64.95+50

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, April 10.

B C Rate T T D D 1/6 1/32

LONDON—
Banks selling T T D D 1/6 1/16 ready
Banks selling T T 1/6 1/16 April
Banks selling T T 1/6 1/32 May
Banks buying T T 1/6 1/8 Ready
Banks buying D D 1/6 5/32
Banks buying 3 mos 1/6 3/16 Mail
Banks buying 3 mos 1/6 5/32 May

NEW YORK—
B C Rate T T 277 1/2 Nominal.
Banks selling T T 275 1/2 Nominal.
Banks buying T T 272 1/2 Nominal.

PARIS—
Banks selling D D 550
Banks buying D D 560

AMSTERDAM—
Banks selling D D 53 5/8

JAVA—
Banks selling D D 53 5/8

JAPAN—
Banks selling T T 78 Nominal.
Banks buying T T 77 1/2 nominal

HONGKONG—
Banks selling D D 138

SHANGHAI—
Banks selling D D 105 1/2

SINGAPORE—
Banks selling D D 156 1/2

BERLIN—
Banks selling D D 88 3/4

CROSS RATE—
New York/London 4.83 7/8 9th inst.
Shanghai/London 1/6 3/4 10th inst.
Japan/London 1/2 1/16 10th inst.
Java/London 7.18 1/4 10th inst.
London/Paris 73.41 9th inst.
London/Belgium 28.59 9th inst.
London/Switzerland 14.96 1/2 9th inst.
London/Italy 58.25 9th inst.
London/Berlin 12.02 1/2 9th inst.
London/Stockholm 19.39 1/4 9th inst.
London/New York 4.84 1/8 9th inst.
London/Amsterdam 7.18 1/4 9th inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange.—Steady.
Gold £7-4-11 8th inst. £7-4-1 1/2 9th inst.
Silver London Ready 28 7/16 8th inst. 28 13/16 9th inst.
Silver London Forward 28 9/16 8th inst. 28 15/16 9th inst.
Silver New York Ready 62 7/8 8th inst. 63 3/8 9th inst.
London Discounts 3 mos 5/8 p.c. 8th inst. 5/8 p.c. 9th inst.
London Discounts 6 mos 11/16 p.c. 8th inst. 3/4 p.c. 9th inst.
Imperial Bank Rate 3 1/2 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money: Call 2 per cent.
3 Mos 2 3/4 per cent.
6 Mos 2 1/4 per cent.
Tone:—Steady.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, April 9.

	£
Rupee Paper, 3 1/2 per cent... Nominal.	67
Indian Stock, 3 per cent. 1948 or later	83-1/2
Indian Stock, 3 1/2 per cent. 1931 or later	93-1/4
Indian Stock, 4 1/2 per cent. 1950/55	117
Consols, 2 1/2 per cent. ..	87-1/4
Conversion Loan, 3 1/2 per cent. 1961	107
War Loan, 3 1/2 per cent. 1952	107
Funding Loan, 4 per cent. 1960/90	117-3/8
Victory Bonds 4 per cent ..	115-3/8
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	14-3/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	125-1/2
National Bank of India ..	43-3/8
P. & O. Banking Corporation.	10-1/2

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, April 9

T. T London on.—

Berlin	12.02-1/2
Amsterdam	7.18-1/4
Brussels	28.59
Madrid	35.40
Milan	58.25
Berne	14.96-1/2
Paris	73.41
Prague	115.62
T. T. London on New York Closing rate ..	4.84 1/8

NEW YORK COFFEE MARKET

New York April 9.

Fair Rio Coffee (No, 7 quality) 9-7/8.

NEW YORK COTTON

Bombay, April 10.

On Tuesday the New York cotton futures market declined during the early part of the day on realising but later prices advanced on covering by shorts. It is said that the Processing Tax will be removed and twelve cents loans will be continued on the next American cotton crop.

The market opened at a rise of 4 points with July 11.19. There was some liquidation which depressed prices 5 points from the opening level and July was quoted 11.14 which was the lowest level of the day reached before noon. Later on there was active short covering and increased buying. Offerings were light and prices recorded a rise of 21 points from the lowest level. The market closed at a net rise of 17 to 12 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 15 points at 11.55c.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was fairly firm and closed at a rise of 20 to 17 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 22 points at 11.65c per lb.

CRYING NEED

Messrs. E J Schwaback & Co state:—

The crying need of the moment is increased consumption and better trade news; it is these factors that depress the market and enable the actual favourable factors to be ignored.

Prices may again allow our friends to follow the advice by cable from the Head Office (who so correctly foretold the decline) to buy around 10 cents, but it may be that all depressing factors are fully discounted. On broad lines, we know that the U.S. Government hold over 5,000,000 bales on which they have advanced 12 cents per lb. The coming American crop will probably be controlled at some figure under 12,000,000 bales, always provided Nature allows such a return, and the consumption side is now more likely to improve than go worse.

Prices are not high and if we ask ourselves now the old question "On which side is the Big Money" we believe the answer will prove "On the constructive side." However with European political news, questions of international exchange rates—to say nothing of the American Government's domestic problems in their present state—it is uesless to take any violent view as to the course of prices or fluctuations in the near future, but the accumulation of supplies on weak markets does seem indicated, and any favourable factor would disclose a scarcity of sellers and shortage of contracts in New York.

PRIVATE CABLES.

N. Y. July Highest (2-59 p.m.)	11.35+20
N. Y. July Lowest (11-35 a.m.)	11.14—01
Liverpool July Highest (2-15 p.m.)	6.24+09
Liverpool July Lowest (10-1 a.m.)	6.18+03

Foreign buying especially from Liverpool, resulted in an early advance on the cotton market which extended later on Wall Street buying and covering in view of the potentialities of the Work Relief Bill, it being understood that certain Senators will continue to press for the suspension of the processing tax and for the use a part at the Work Relief funds for benefit payment farmers. Active spot house buying old crop resulted in a very steady close.—Reuter

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cables from their Liverpool Agents:

11-11 a.m.:—Looks like shortage of contracts new crops here and New York.

8-30 p.m:—Covering, less pressure, Washington news less definite.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

Liverpool.—Decidedly better undertone likely to result higher prices.

Liverpool.—Steady on rumours continuation 12 cent loan. Trading professional. Outside interest nigligible.

New York.—Market affected favourably by expectations of removal of processing tax and continuance of 12 cents loans next season. Advance may go somewhat further but advise caution.

Messrs. E. J. Schwabach and Company New York have sent the following cable:—

Expect cotton to further advance but add stop-loss order with purchases.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, April 9.

May 1935	11.26+17
July 1935	11.32+17
October 1935	10.95+12
December 1935	11.02+13
January 1936	11.05+13
March 1936.. ..	11.12+13
Middling Spot	11.55+15

NEW YORK.

New York, April 9.

New York, 10-55 a.m.—

May 1935	11.10
July 1935	11.17
October 1935	10.85
New York, Noon Call—	
May 1935	11.11
July 1935	11.16
October 1935	10.83

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Bombay, April 10.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a rise of 3 points on Tuesday with July 6.18. There was general buying of new crops and local short covering which imparted strength to the market. Later on prices reacted on persistent straddle selling against York on wider parity. Prices fluctuated within a range of 6 points and finally closed at a net rise of 3 to 4 points. Middling American spot cotton prices advanced 8 points at 6.50d. per lb.

INDIAN COTTON.

There was fairly good enquiry for East Indian cotton futures which resulted in a rise of 7 to 4 points. At the close May was quoted 5.68, July 5.66 and October 5.65.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton ring was quiet and irregular with a scattered demand for uppers futures. Sakels futures closed unchanged to 2 points down with spot cotton 5 points up at 8.41. Uppers futures closed unchanged to 7 points higher and spot cotton prices recorded a rise of 14 points at 7.75d. per lb.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET.

The Alexandria Cotton futures market was quiet with a limited business Sakels futures closed one point down to 2 points up while Ashmouni futures were 5 to 7 points higher.

A. A. A. PROGRAMME

Messrs. M. and B. Stern state:—

The continued foreign buying forced short covering by Wall Street and spot Houses resulting into an appreciable improvement in prices. The weather chart shews no relief and the forecast indicates storm in the East and deficiency of rainfall in the West.

With the return to the Capitol by the President and increasing clamour of Senators, high hopes are entertained in respect of deleting the Processing tax and a speedy announcement over A. A. A. programme, including the new crop loan. Besides, it is dawning on the trade that the Administration will not make any possible discrimination in loan values between old and new crops. Additionally the supplies of outside growths on which the consumers so far depended are being rapidly reduced, causing the American prices relatively cheaper, foreign consumers cannot afford to wait longer, simply because the stocks are held by Govt. loan in view of the possible weather scares during the growing season.

The scares, over the European political tension and exchanges seem to be subsiding and a saner view is being taken in respect of the Roosevelt Administration. The Democratic party realises the seriousness of any crash in the newly-adopted economic and monetary policies, in view of the Presidential election in November 1936.

It is believed only higher commodity prices and successful working of the present democratic measures will bring them another lease of life. We prefer purchases on set-backs in consequence of future weather scares and strength of the spot situation.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, April 9.

	10-12 a. m. Quotations	To-day's Price.
April 1935		6.29+05
May 1935		6.25+04
June 1935		6.22+05
July 1935	6.20	6.19+04
August 1935 ..		6.08+05
September 1935 ..		6.02+05
October 1935 ..		5.96+05
November 1935 ..		5.92+04
December 1935 ..		5.92+04
January 1936 ..		5.92+03
February 1936 ..		5.92+04
March 1933 ..		5.93+04
Middling Spot ..		6.50+08

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, April 9.

F. G. F. SAKELLARIDIS:—	
May 1935	8.07
July 1935	8.05
October 1935	8.03
November 1935	8.00
January 1936	8.00
F. G. F Spot	8.41

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, April 9.

May 1935	11.23+20
July 1935	11.30+20
October 1935	10.95+17
Middling Spot	11.65+22

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, April 9.

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	7,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	Nil
Day's Exports to the Continent	5,000

LONDON RUBBER.

London, April 9.

Smoked Sheet Standard Ribbed per lb. 5-1/2. sellers.

LONDON PRODUCE.

London, April 9.

Wheat, Rozagio Santa Fe. parcels April sellers 24/3.

Wheat, Barletta Russo, parcels, April sellers 24/6.

Wheat, South Australian, parcels, April. sellers 28/0

JAVA SUGAR LONDON MARKET.

London, April 9.

Java Sugar Fine White Dutch Standard No. 25.

C and F Calcutta per cwt. 6/1-1/2 April/May nominal.

C and F Bombay per cwt. 5/10-1/2 April/May nominal.

C and F Karachi per cwt. 5/10-1/2 April/May nominal.

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, April 9.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dol.
Amer. Forn. Power Com.	3
Amer. Forn. Power 7 per cent P.	17
Electric Bond Common	7
Electric Bond 5 dol Pfd.	46
Columbia Gas	7
American Tel. and Tel.	107
Western Union Tel.	26 1/4
Radio Corp.	5
Chesapeake and Ohio	41
New York Central	15 1/4
Baltimore and Ohio R. R.	11
Erie R. R.	9
Pennsylvania R. R.	20
Union Pacific R. R.	90
Great North Pfd.	12
National Distillers	28
Hiram Walker	27
Amr. Tobacco B.	78
Canadian Pacific	11
Amr. Locomotive	12
Austral 4 1/2 per cent 1956	96
Bethelehem Steel	26
United States Steel	31 1/4
American Smelting	35
Noranda Mines	37
Int. Nickel of Canada	25 1/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	11
Kennecott Copper	17
Cerro de Pasco Copper	45
International Harvester	38
Ford Motors of Canada A.	28
General Motor	29 1/4
Packard Motor	4
General Electric	24
St. Oil of N. J.	39
Atlantic Refining	24
Socony	13 1/4
Plymouth Oil	5
American Radiator	13
Chase Bank	21 1/4
National City Bank	20 1/4
Sun Life of Canada	295
Celanese Corp. of Amr.	23
General Foods	34
National Dairy	15
Du Pont de Nemours	93
Goodyear Tyre	18
Allis Chalmers	15

Total business 1 million.
Market opened firmer closing strong.

COTTON ARRIVALS

Receipts into Bombay on 7/8th April	7,674
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1934	1,640,809
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	1,537,802
Increase	103,007

SEEDS TRADERS' ASSOCIATION

Bombay, April 10

Castorseeds May delivery: Opening Rs. 31/7; Highest Rs. 31/9/6; Lowest Rs. 31/4; Closing Rs. 31/8

Castorseeds September delivery: Opening Rs 33/4; Highest Rs. 33/5; Lowest Rs. 32/14/6; Closing Rs. 33/0/6

Groundnut seeds May delivery: Opening Rs. 42/4; Highest Rs. 42/7; Lowest Rs. 41/12/6; Closing Rs. 42

Groundnut seeds August delivery: Opening Rs. 44; Highest Rs. 44/2; Lowest Rs. 43/7/6; Closing Rs. 43/12

Cottonseeds May delivery: Opening Rs. 24/13; Lowest Rs. 24/12; Closing Rs. 24/15

Cottonseeds September delivery: Opening Rs. 26/2; Lowest Rs. 26/1; Closing Rs. 26/5

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, April 9.

BROACH.—	
Fully Good (Good Staple) ..	5.62
Fine (Good Staple)	5.77
Superfine (Good Staple) ..	5.92
OOMRA.—	
Fine (No 1 Staple)	5.66
Superfine (No. 1 Staple) ..	5.31
Choice (No. 1 Staple) ..	5.96
BENGAL—	
Good	3.67
Fully Good	3.77
Fine	3.87
SCINDE.—	
Fully Good	3.77
Fine	3.87
Superfine	3.97

SEEDS.

London, April 9.

Linseed, La Plata Hull C.I.F. ton, April sellers £9/8/9.

Linseed, Calcutta London C.I.F. ton Apl./May sellers £11/8/9.

Linseed, Bombay London C.I.F. ton Apl./May sellers £12/2/6.

Rapeseed, Toria (Hull/Cont.) C.I.F. ton, Apl./May sellers £12/7/6.

Castorseed, Bombay Hull C. I.F. ton. May/Aug. sellers £11/17/6.

Cottonseed, Bombay Hull C.I.F. ton, No offers.

LINSEED OILS.

London, April 9.

Linseed Oil Naked London per cwt. April sellers 20/1-1/2.

Linseed Oil Naked London per cwt. May/Aug. sellers 20/7 1 2.

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

London, April 9

Bank Bills 3 months market rate 0.9/16 per cent. to 0.5/8 per cent.

Bank Bills 6 months market rate 0.5/8 per cent. to 0.3/4 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate. 2.1/2 per cent. to 3 per cent.

Interest Day to Day Loan, 0.1/4 per cent. to 0.1/2 per cent.

Interest 7 Days' Market Loan, 0.1/2 per cent. to 0.1/2 per cent.

LONDON METALS.

London, April 9.

	£
Coper Braziers	45-1/2
Yepllow Metal	37-3/4
Spelter Hard Indian Brands	13-1/8
Corrugated Sheets 24 Gauge..	12-3/4
Tin English Ingots, Liverpool F. O. B	224-1/4

SHARE BAZAR

Bombay, April 10.

There was no forward trading today on the local Stock Exchange. In the cash there was limited business and prices were a shade easier to-day as a result of weakness in Government securities.

RESTRICTED BUSINESS IN YARN

Prices Unchanged

Bombay, April 10

There is no special change to report in our market during the past week with prices almost unchanged. In spite of the firm undertone in the prices of the raw material, the yarn market has not shown much improvement as the demand from almost all consuming districts has yet been restricted and the turnover during the week has been very limited. Inquiries from Calcutta and Northern markets have increased but prices offered being too low, no transactions of importance have been reported. The Southern markets which have been quiet for some time, now show some improvement but the rates offered are yet unacceptable. The undertone on the whole is somewhat steady.

ENGLISH YARNS

There has been hardly any demand for English Yarns both for ready and forward deliveries. Competition from Japanese and Shanghai Yarns has continued unabated and naturally English Yarns do not find any sales of importance.

JAPANESE YARNS

Prices have remained nominally unchanged in single as well as double yarns except in case of 2/42s Shanghai Grey Yarn the rate for which has shown rapid improvement at the end of the week. The undertone in Mercerised Yarns continues very quiet and demand from consuming centres is very limited. The rate for 2/64s Nippon has undergone heavy fluctuations with only slight improvement at the close. Speculative turnover in Mercerised yarns has practically stopped and no fresh forward business of importance has been reported. Sampin shows very little change and the Exchange have remained steady.

ART SILK YARNS

The most noteworthy event of the week was the reduction made by Italrayon on the 8th instant, in the rates of their twofold yarns to the extent of four annas per lb. The rate for 2/150 C quality is now Rs. 0-14-9 per lb., and one anna less for D quality yarn. Consequently the rate for Japanese A quality has come down from Rs. 0-14-6 to Rs. 0-14-0. However, no demand for the twofold yarns is yet evident. As regards the single yarns the Italrayon rates have remained unchanged and turnover has been very moderate. Almost all consuming centres report heavy stocks of Japanese yarns as a result of which prices have been showing a continued decline. There have been further regular arrivals in Japanese yarns and the demand being limited. Stocks have been accumulating. Forward quotations have shown sharp decline but no fresh forward business has been reported.

INDIAN YARNS

There have been reports of some further sales by our Mills in coarse counts. In case of finer counts no business of importance has taken place as the rates offered are too low. It is generally believed that if cotton prices remain steady there will be more improvement in demand for yarns. The tendency at the close seems to be rather hopeful.

NEW YORK SUGAR

New York, April 10.

July	2.30—01
September	2.36—01
December	2.43—01
January	2.33—01

BOMBAY SUGAR

Bombay, April 10.

Ready Javas Rs. 13-7
S. S. Fusijama Rs. 3-12-6.
Shipment April Rs. 3-14-6.
Shipment April-May Rs. 3-15
Shipment June Rs. 3-15-6
Shipment July-Sept Rs. 4-0-6
Shipment Oct.-Dec. Rs. 4-1-6.
Kesar Rs. 14.
Saraya Rs. 13-8.
Purtabpur Rs. 13-5.
African Rs. 13-5.
Java Spot F4.00.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, April 9.

May	64 +3/4d.
July	66 1/2+1/2d.
December	68 1/2+3/8d

ARGENTINE LINSEED

Buenos Aires, April 9.

March	12.05+03
April	12.19+04
May	12.27+04

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, April 9.

May	95 1/8—1/4c.
July	92 1/2—1/4c.
October	92 3/8—1/8c

BOMBAY METAL MARKET

Bombay, April 10

Yellow metal sheets 4'x4' lbs 21/Rs. 32 28 to 56/Rs. 30-8-0 63 to 112/Rs. 35-10-0

Copper sheets 4'x4' lbs 21/Rs. 35-4-0 28 to 56/Rs. 35-8-0 63 to 112/Rs. 35-12-0

STANDARD COPPER LONDON

Cash (buyers) £31-13-9
Cash (sellers) £31-15-0
3 months (buyers) £32-2-6
Settlement £31-15-0
Copper Electrolytic £36

NEW YORK

Non-Blue Eagle 7 1/2 cents
Market: Irregular

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, April 10.

By the order of the ring committee, the trading ring of the E. I. C. A. Ltd. is closed indefinitely as a protest against the attack made by police.

COTTON TENDERS

Bombay, April 10.

	To-day	Total
Broach A/M.	100	700

OFFICIAL COTTON ROOM RATES.

Bombay, April 10.

	Extra Spr-fine	Sup Fine	FG	Good
M.G. Bengal.—				
U. P.	141	136	132	129
Panjab ...	141	136	132	129
Rajputana ...	144	138	133	130
Oomra No. 3	208	205	202	198 ...
C. P. No. 1	226	223	220	216 ...
C. P. No. 2	216	213	210	206 ...
Broach No. 2 ...	239	235	232	227
Punjab-Ame ...	264	260	257	252
Surat ...	320	316	312	307
Rajpipla ...	315	311	307	302
Navsari ...	325	321	317	312

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, April 10.

Bengal Superfine ...	153
Bengal Fine ...	143
Bengal F.G ...	138
Sindh-Punjab Fine ...	143
Sindh-Punjab F G ...	138
Wardha-Hingt ...	227
Nagpur Savner ...	223
Pundhurna ...	214
Yeotmal ...	213
Arvi ...	212
Ellichpur ...	210
Berar ...	204/206
Khamgaon ...	206/208
Mulkapur ...	202/204
Khandesh ...	199/202
Jalna/Sailu ...	190/202
Burmah Sanavad ...	209
Broach Fine ...	244
Punjab/American ...	272
Punjab/American mix ...	253
Cambodia ...	302
Compta Good ...	277
Kampala ...	364
Busoga ...	362
Jinja ...	356

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Bombay, April 10.

Since 1st September.

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year.
Khandesh	437	206,146
Central India	640	81,467
Barsi and Nagar	...	85,043
Hyderabad-Gaorani	...	35,285
Berar	1,293	308,365
Central Provinces	364	73,040
Total Oomras	2,734	784,548
Dholera	257	122,666
N.-W. Provinces	...	30,293
Rajputana	44	19,138
Sind-Punjab	592	271,480
Broach	776	102,383
Coompta and Dharwar	746	43,798
Westerns-Northerns	7	28,498
Cocoanada	...	108
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	947	35,976
Persian	...	2,448
American	...	15,283
Egyptian and African	185	189,915
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	...	611
Total	6,288	1,647,097

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

1st Sept. to 4th April.

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year.
Europe	1,345	231,472
Japan and China	4,491	708,318
Coast Ports	352	19,403
Up-country by Rail	...	144,455
Afloat in harbour for Europe China & Japan	...	16,969
Total	6,188	1,140,637

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F. F. Bales.	1934-35	1933-34
Receipts to date 9-4-35	4108000	6895000
Receipts Yesterday 9-4-35	7000	16000
Exports to date 9-4-35	3267000	6291000
Stock at Ports 5-4-35	2240000	3062000
Stock Interior Towns 5-4-35	490000	1596000
Stock Liverpool 5-4-35	792000	1088000
Visible Supply 5-4-35	5253000	7167000
Quantity in sight 5-4-35	7338000	10718000
Quantity out of sight 5-4-35	7403000	10104000

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, April 9.

Broach A/M. Op. 228 1/2; Highest 230; Lowest 228 1/2; Closing 229 3/4

Broach J/A. Op. 224 1/4; Highest 224 1/2; Lowest 223 3/4; Closing 224 1/4

Oomra May Op. 198 1/4; Highest 199 1/2; Lowest 198; Closing 199 1/2

Oomra July Op. 196 1/2; Highest 198; Lowest 197 1/4; Closing 198.

Bengal May Op. 133; Highest 138; Lowest 132 1/2; Closing 133.

Bengal July Op. 134 1/2; Highest 135; Lowest 134 1/2; Closing 135.

Teji-Mandi for Broach J/A. 1935 (30-6-35) Rs 18

Teji-Mandi for Broach Settlement (21-4-35) Rs 7

WORLD COTTON PARITIES

STRADDLE DIFFERENCES.

New York—Liverpool:—

May 140 July 131 at Cross Rate 4.84 1/8

Bombay—Liverpool:—

Broach A/M. 231—Liverpool May 6.81 Rs. 44 1/4 at Exchange 1/6.

Broach J/A. 225/8—Liverpool July 6.25 Rs. 46 3/4 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay—New York:—

Broach A/M. 231—New York May 11.23 Rs. 27 1/2 at Cross Rate 4.84 1/8

Broach J/A. 225/8—New York July 11.32 Rs. 33 3/4 at Cross Rate 4.84 1/8.

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The Bombay Chronicle

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BOMBAY THURSDAY, APRIL 11, 1935

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Smaller States Follow Bigger Ones

BARGAINING FOR FEDERATION

Informal Conference Decides On Deputation To Viceroy

LUCKNOW, April 10.

An informal conference of the Rulers and Ministers of the smaller States of India held here yesterday passed resolutions declaring the representation as given in the Government of India Bill as extremely inadequate and unsatisfactory, and that it was not based upon any definite criterion and the deviation in further reducing seats from those adumbrated in the Joint Committee's Report was in its opinion quite arbitrary.

The Conference also decided that some representatives of smaller States should wait upon the Viceroy and the Political Secretary with a view to secure a proper and legitimate representation for them.

The Raja of Sarila presided and among those present were the Rao Saheb of Alipura, the Wazir of Baghat and the Chief of Pahra. —United Press.

Some members of the Ga ndhi Seva Sena photographed while hawking khaddar in connection with the National Week.

Sanatanist & Harijan Conference, Abortive

No Possibility Of Peaceful Ramrath Procession At Nasik

NASIK, April 10.

The possibility of peaceful celebration of Ramrath procession of Kalaram's temple here in connection with the Ramnavami festivities has been definitely ruled out after last evening's abortive conference of Sanatanists and depressed class leaders called by Mr. Faruqui, District Magistrate.

Efforts to make the leaders come to an understanding to ensure peaceful celebrations proving unavailing, the Magistrate informed them that under the circumstances necessary steps would be taken to ensure public tranquility. It is now certain that the rath palanquin or any processions will not be allowed.

CONFERENCE OF LEADERS

In view of the increasing tension, the District Magistrate called a conference of leaders which was attended by the head pujari of the Kalaram temple who is also the custodian of the rath and his legal advisers and Mr. G K Gaikwar and Mr. S B Dani, depressed class leaders. The conference was also attended by Rao Bahadur Pradhan, M.L.C., from Nasik and the District superintendent of police, Mr. Smith.

The pujari urged that the rath procession had the sanction of agelong custom and asked for official recognition for it. Depressed class leaders, on the other hand, pointed out their community's desire to participate in the Ram Rath celebrations in whatever manner it was held. Questioned as regards their respective attitude if the celebrations were disallowed the pujari is understood to have expressed his readiness to obey the authorities personally but could not give any guarantee for others.

HARIJAN VIEW POINT

Harijan leaders are stated to have intimated them that if the public celebrations were not held they had no interest and would keep to their locality in Maharwada.

After some discussion the pujari agreed to restore the rath to its original resting place but wanted to be absolved from further responsibility in the matter, for he feared the rath might be taken out by other sanatanists.

It is understood the police have assured of help in this matter.—A.P.

TORTURED & SHOT DEAD

Woman Refuses To Give Clue To Dacoits And Risks Life

LUCKNOW, April 10.

News of an armed dacoity comes from village Nohalpura in the interior of District Bipnour.

It is reported that several armed dacoits entered a house and tortured a woman inmate in the house by burning several parts of her body to get a clue as to where the ornaments, jewels and cash were kept. They failed in their effort to extort any clue from the woman and having got wild they shot her dead.

The cries and shrieks of the woman brought the villagers to the scene and a serious fight then ensued.

The villagers put up a courageous stand and fatally wounded a dacoit, but the other dacoits mutilated his face and shot him dead to make identification impossible and fled away. The police are vigorously investigating the matter, but no arrest has been made up till now.—United Press.

SIKH M.L.A. DENIES ALLEGATIONS

Punjab Assembly Election Dispute

LAHORE, April 10.

The petition filed by Narayan Singh, a voter of tehsil Moga, challenging the validity of Sardar Mangal Singh's election to the Assembly from the East Punjab Sikh constituency, came for hearing before the Election Commission. The hearing was adjourned till April 13 for evidence.

The petitioner Narayan Singh declaring the election void submitted that the respondent Sardar Mangal Singh did not possess the necessary qualifications to stand for election, his name not being entered on the voters' list of the East Punjab constituency, nor of any other Sikh constituency as prescribed by the Punjab electoral rules.

Sardar Mangal Singh tendered a written reply denying the allegations.

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai and Lala Shamlal will argue on behalf of Sardar Mangal Singh.—United Press.

REFUSED PERMISSION TO SEE RAJEN BABU

AMRITSAR, April 10.

Comrade Hari Kishan, interned here, applied to the District Magistrate for one day's leave to see Babu Rajendra Prasad in Lahore, but was refused permission.—United Press.

AIRMAIL FOR CROYDON

KARACHI, April 10.

The Air Mail for Croydon left this place this morning at 9-50 a.m. with eight passengers.

The Air Mail which left Calcutta and Delhi on the 2nd and Karachi on the 3rd arrived at London on the 8th according to the schedule.—A.P.

SCHOOL BOY SENTENCED

Gets Seven Years For Stabbing Another

LYALLPUR, April 7.

The Sessions Judge of Lyallpur pronounced order to-day in the case in which a school boy named Azad Maidan was alleged to have killed another school boy named Manoharlal by stabbing him with an open knife.

Azad Ahmad was sentenced to seven years' imprisonment under Sections 304/2 with the recommendations to the local Government that the accused be kept in the reformatory. The alleged assault occurred when both the boys were returning from the play ground and quarrelled over trivial incident.

VALIDITY OF ELECTION CHALLENGED

NAGPUR, April 8. (By Mail)

A plaint filed by Mr. Kashiram M. Mahadule, a member of the Civil Station Sub-Committee, challenging the validity of the election of the President and two vice-Presidents of the committee, was admitted to-day by the Court of the 4th Sub-Judge.

The plaintiff stated that the secretary of the committee in spite directions from the President of the Nagpur Municipality not to hold meeting on October 20 last, did hold same although the secretary had no statutory powers to do so He also complained that in the agenda paper only routine work was mentioned, the election of the president was included therein later; the election that took place that day was therefore was irregular.

The paintiff therefore prayed that the defendants be restrained permanently from holding office.

The judge passed orders for issuing summonses to the defendants for settlement of the issues with a direction to file a written statement before a week from the date of hearing.

The case has been fixed for hearing on August 7 next.—A P.

ASSEMBLY SECRETARIAT CHANGES

NEW DELHI, April 10.

Mian Muhammad Rafi, Secretary of the Assembly Department, has been granted leave from 25th April for five weeks. Rai Bahadur D. Dutt, Assistant Secretary, and Member of the Imperial Secretariat Service, has appointed to officiate in his place as Secretary.

Khan Saheb S. G. Hasnain will act as Assistant Secretary. Both Rai Bahadur Dutt and Khan Saheb Hasnain have been associated with the Department since 1920 and played a prominent part in the creation of the separate Assembly Department during the time of President Patel.—A.P.

It is understood that the C. P. Government has sanctioned the prosecution of two members of the Bhandara District Council on a charge of embezzlement of over Rs. 1,000.

MOGA BANKER DISAPPEARS

Heavy Debts Believed To Be Cause Of His Absence In City

MOKA, April 9.

Pt Mahadev Parshad, a leading contractor, banker and a businessman who is also the owner of a floor mill and a brick-kila suddenly disappeared from the city two days ago.

He is alleged to have incurred heavy debts amounting to about Rs 80,000 and recently a decree of Rs. 14,000 was awarded by the High Court against him in favour of the District Board.

About 15 years ago he settled here and gained much prominence in the commercial community. He is reported to belong to Alwar State.

The police being informed and have taken over the charge of his property.—United Press.

EXPERIMENTS WITH NAGPUR ORANGES

Will Help Export Of Fruit To Continent

NAGPUR, April 9.

Important experiments are being carried out by the cold storage experts with Nagpur Oranges in the Laboratories of the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research, at Kirkee, Poona

The selection of the fruit is done, the Associated Press understands, by the Department of Agriculture of the Government of the Central Provinces, who it will be recalled had sent a consignment to Europe of Nagpur oranges as a feeler for the European market.

However, the oranges that are now sent from Nagpur to Poona are graded in such a manner that they are at different stages of maturity, which it is hoped, will provide the Agricultural experts at Poona with best result as to the amenability of the fruit for the cold storage treatment.

These experiments are financed by the Imperial Council of Agriculture. The experiments will last about six months and the knowledge gained thereby will be of immense value for the export of the fruit to the Continent.—A. P.

THREE INJURED IN COMMUNAL CLASH

RANGOON, April 10.

Sticks, stones, bottles and fisticuffs were freely used when a Hindu-Moslem clash occurred last Saturday at Yamethin over a long-standing feud.

A fight took place on the station road opposite the local Post Office and resulted in serious injuries to three Hindus who have been removed to the Hospital.

The Police have restored order and arrested nine persons.—A.P.

The Nagpur Municipal Committee has decided to raise a public loan of Rs. 50,000 for the reorganisation of its Fire Brigade Department.

Chowdhary Zaffrulla Khan, Member designate of the Financial and Railway Board of the Government of India, in place of Sir Joseph Bhore, will take charge of his office on the 14th instant.

MESSENGER OF PEACE AND UNITY

Mrs. Naidu Discusses Communal Problem

LAHORE, April 10.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu is at present trying here to find some avenues to bring a communal settlement.

She is reported to have discussed the matter with several prominent leaders of the provinces. —United Press.

NO RE-IMPOSITION OF CUT

ALLAHABAD, April 10.

It is reported that the Government of the United Provinces will not re-impose cut in salaries of Government servants subsequent to March 31, 1935.

Student Jailed For Stealing Currency Notes

POONA, April 10.

Ganapati Laxman, a Maratha student of Kolhapur, has been sentenced to nine months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 30, and in default, to three months' servitude by Mr. Shirgudkar, the Special Magistrate, in connection with the recent theft of currency notes worth Rs. 6,000 from the sealed treasury box at the new Palace of the Maharaja.

Ganapati pleaded guilty to the charge.—United Press.

SARDAR TO TOUR U. P. FOR 10 DAYS

CAWNPORE, April 10.

It is understood Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel will tour the United Provinces from April 29 to May 8. —United Press.

VICTORY COMES TO CONGRESS AGAIN

Mrs. Lakshmipathi Beats Justice Candidate In Madras Election

MADRAS, April 10.

Mrs. Lakshmipathi, Congress candidae,e was declared elected in the City bye-election by 7,397 votes to 1,643, secured by Mr. S. G. Rangaramanujam, Justice Party candidate. 188 votes were declared invalid. The voting strength of the constituency is 22,563 out of which only 9,228 polled 1,724 ladies exercised their franchise.

The counting took place at the Ripon Buildings by the Commissioner of the Corporation who is the Returning officer for the constituency.

Mrs. Lakshmipathi was present at the counting along with Mr. C. Rajagopalachari and other Congress leaders while Mr. Rangaramanujam was represented by his Agent.—A. P.

MAHASABHA SESSION ON APRIL 20

Brisk Preparations Made At Cawnpore

NEW DELHI, April 9.

The Hindu Mahasabha has released the following regarding the session of the Mahasabha which is going to be held at Cawnpore from April 20 to April 22:—

Preparations for the Hindu Mahasabha session at Cawnpore are briskly apace and a strong Reception Committee has been formed with Babu Brajendra Swaroop, Advocate, as Chairman Capt. Raja Durganarain Singh, Rai Bahadur Rameswar Prasad Bagla, Mr. Narapan Prasad Nigum, Pt. Raghuvir Dayal Bhatt and Rai Sahib Rupehand Banker and others as members of the Committee

The pandal for the various conferences, which are going to be held on the occasion of the Hindu Mahasabha session, is to be erected in the Phool Bagh and the Albert Hall of the Municipal Board would be available for the meetings of the Subjects Committee.

A volunteer corps is being organised under the supervision of the trained workers of the Rashtriya Sewak Sangh of Nagpur.

The office of the Hindu Mahasabha will be shifted to Cawnpore on or about the 15th April.—United Press.

"VIJAY" SILENCED BY PRESS ACT

POONA, April 10.

"Vijay", a weekly, published in Sangli had to discontinue publication as a sequel to the special notice, under the Press Act, served on its editor by the State authorities.

Powers have been conferred on the District Magistrate, authorising him to demand a security up to Rs. 2,000 with a fresh declaration of the paper.—United Press.

CAR TURNS TURTLE AFTER COLLISION

Governess Of Tikka Raja's Daughters Escapes With Slight Injuries

KAPURTHALA, April 9.

A motor accident occurred here when a lorry running at a fast speed from Jullundur suddenly collided with a State car coming from another direction.

The car turned turtle and was badly damaged, but the occupant Miss Kid Governess of the daughters of His Highness the Tikka Raja had a miraculous escape, sustaining only minor bruises on her arm and forehead.

The police reached the place of the occurrence at once and started investigation.—United Press.

POONA ASSEMBLY ELECTION INQUIRY

POONA, April 10.

The Assembly-election petition preferred by Mr. Hussainbhoy A. Lalji, against Mr. Ahmed Ebrahim Haroon Jaffer, the Poona M. L. A. from the Central Division Mahomedan Constituency, will come, it is understood, for hearing before the Special Commission, appointed for the purpose, of Messrs. Patkar, Nanavati and Fayzee, on the 16th inst.

Mr. S. G. Velimkar, a leading lawyer of Bombay, it is reported, will appear for the complainant. —United Press.

DACOIT'S VAIN BID FOR LIBERTY

POONA, April 10.

Sakharam Dhundare, the notorious dacoit, recently arrested by the Kolhapur police and kept in the State hospital for medical treatment, made a bold bid for liberty from the hospital on Monday night.

The police, however, re-captured Sakharam and brought him back within two hours.—United Press.

SARDAR PATEL'S HEALTH

AHMEDABAD, April 10.

A Borsad message states that Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel has regained his health after his recent illness and that he has resumed his work of organising Medical relief in plague-affected villages.

Mr. Mohanlal Bhatt, Manager and one of the trustees of Mahatma Gandhi's Navjivan Press has resigned as Navjivan is not likely to be restarted in the near future and as there is no other activity in that connection.—A.P.

WHAT PROFESSOR WROTE TO BINA

Revelations In Cross Examination Of Plaintiff In Sirkar's Case

CALCUTTA, April 10.

At to-day's hearing of the case against Mr. Naliniranjan Sarkar, complainant Prof. Pramathanath was further cross-examined by the Advocate General who produced several letters written by the complainant to his wife Bina in order to prove that they were on very affectionate terms with each other.

Replying to the Advocate-General the complainant admitted having written a letter stating that he would send money for hospital expenses in connection with Bina's confinement and also another in which he had asked his wife not to move about and talk much. The Advocate-General: You say in one of these letters that while at Feni you lay by her side for an hour. Is that correct?

Answer: That is so.

Question: Why then did you say on a previous day that you never did so for one single hour. Are you not afraid of committing perjury?

The witness gave no answer.

Question: Look at this letter dated 27th April 1933. This is a reply written by you to your wife. In this letter you state "Nature was shedding tears for the whole day" and then again "I find loneliness is not congenial." Yet you say you did not sleep with her.

Answer: I do admit during her stay at Feni we were on friendly terms.—A.P.

YEOTMAL DISTRICT COUNCIL ELECTION

(From A Correspondent).

YEOTMAL, April 9.

The long overdue election of the office-bearers of the District Council, Yeotmal, took place on Tuesday last, Mr. Narayanrao Patil and Mr. Syed Abdush Shahid Shah, the non-Brahmin candidates for Chairmanship and ViceChairmanship respectively, came out successful with 21 and 25 votes against 9 and 5 votes obtained by Mr. G. R. Naidu and Mr. M. B. Tidke, Bar-at-Law, and M.L.C., the defeated Nationalist Candidates.

Preparations for the celebration of their Majesties' Silver Jubilee have begun in right earnest A scouts ' rally on a very grand scale, is going to be held in the city of Sangli from the 9th May to the end of 12th May.

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